

भारत सरकार
जल शक्ति मंत्रालय
जल संसाधन नदी विकास एवं गंगा संरक्षण विभाग
केंद्रीय जल आयोग
जल प्रणाली अभियांत्रिकी निदेशालय



Government of India
Ministry of Jal Shakti
Dept. of Water Resources, RD&GR
Central Water Commission
Water System Engineering Directorate

दिनांक: 05.12.2019

विषय - समाचार पत्रों की कटिंग का प्रस्तुतीकरण।

जल संसाधन विकास और संबद्ध विषयों से संबंधित समाचार पत्रों की कटिंग को केंद्रीय जल आयोग के अध्यक्ष और सदस्य (कार्य योजना एवं परियोजना / अभिकल्प एवं अनुसंधान / नदी प्रबंध) के अवलोकन के लिए संलग्न किया गया है। इन समाचारों की कटिंग की सॉफ्ट कॉपी केन्द्रीय जल आयोग की वेबसाइट पर भी अपलोड की जाएगी।

अर्जुन
05.12.2019

वरिष्ठ कलाकार

जल प्रणाली अभियांत्रिकी निदेशालय

संलग्नक: उपरोक्त

उप निदेशक, (ज. प्र. आ.) निदे०

विक्रम
05/12/2019

निदेशक, (ज. प्र. आ.) निदे०

प्रमोद झा
05-12-19

सेवा में,

अध्यक्ष, के. ज. आ., नई दिल्ली

प्रतिलिपि

सदस्य (जल योजना एवं परियोजना/ अभिकल्प एवं अनुसंधान / नदी प्रबंध) और

जानकारी हेतु - सभी संबंधित केन्द्रीय जल आयोग की वेबसाइट www.cwc.gov.in पर देखें।



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German Parliamentary delegation calls on Minister, Jal Shakti



New Delhi, A seven member parliamentary delegation from Germany led by Mr. Volkmar Klein called on the Union Minister of Jal Shakti, Shri Gajendra Singh Shekhawat here today. They discussed avenues for cooperation between the two countries specially in the area of river rejuvenation and providing tap water to all households in India. Shekhawat said India has undertaken the rejuvenation of India's longest Ganga river in a Mission mode through the National Mission for Clean Ganga (NMCG). "Rejuvenation of Ganga is a challenging task and we can learn from the German experience in setting global benchmark in rejuvenation of rivers such as Rhine and Danube", he said. "Ganga river runs its course through more than 2,500 kms while its basin covers 32% of India's landmass and is the lifeline for almost 42% of the country's population", he added. Shekhawat said ever since the Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi gave a call for

eradicating single use plastic, there has been significant reduction in single use plastic. Recently, a rafting expedition covered entire length of river Ganga and they could hardly find floating trash including polythene. Shekhawat said apprised the delegation about the ambitious programme of Jal Jeevan Mission announced by the Prime Minister from the ramparts of Red Fort on the occasion of Independence Day. The Mission aims to cover nearly 146 million households over a period of five years. Shekhawat also said that the Government has undertaken mapping of aquifers for scientific assessment of Ground Water potential of the country. "Under the National Aquifer Mapping Programme, so far 1 million square kms has been completed and another 1.5 million sq kms will be mapped by March 2021", he added. The German side evinced keen interest in India's initiative for river rejuvenation and lauded India's efforts towards creating water sustainability.

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Cabinet approves 'diluted' water regulation authority

It has power to revise water tariff for drinking, agricultural purposes

TRIBUNE NEWS SERVICE

CHANDIGARH, DECEMBER 4

Bowing to populist pressure, the Punjab Council of Ministers today approved a 'diluted' version of the Punjab Water Regulation and Development Authority, stripping it of the power to revise the water tariff for drinking, domestic and agricultural purposes.

It has, however, been empowered to issue tariff orders for use of water for industrial and commercial use. The government will issue the Water Resources (Management and Regulation) Ordinance, 2019, to bring changes.

Amid serious concern over the groundwater situation in Punjab, which has the highest water exploitation rate and maximum percentage of dark zones in the country, the 'watered down' version of the proposed authority comes in wake of stiff opposition from ministers and MLAs, representing urban Assembly segment – a major vote bank for political parties.

Water Resources Minister Sukhbinder Singh Sarkaria, in a statement, said the proposed regulatory architecture had been carefully crafted through multiple iterations. It has been structured to provide functional autonomy to the regulator on the one hand,



Chief Minister Capt Amarinder Singh chairs the Cabinet meeting in Chandigarh on Wednesday.

WHO ALL CAN BE APPOINTED

- The proposed authority will comprise a chairperson, two members and an advisory committee of five experts will provide assistance, as required, to the authority in its work
- The government may also appoint a serving or retired officer who has worked on a post equivalent to the rank

of special secretary or higher, as secretary of the authority

- A council with CM as its president, minister for water resources as its vice-president, and ministers of agriculture, water supply & member sanitation, local government, industry & commerce, rural development and finance as its members

while retaining the overarching role of the state government in laying the broad policy to guide the regulator.

The government was firmly committed to preserving the scarce and fast depleting water resources, and to taking urgent steps to improve efficiency in the use and reuse of water, he said.

In the previous version of the legislation that was withdrawn in last year's winter session of the Vidhan Sabha in wake of opposition from ministers

and MLAs, it had been proposed to mandate the proposed authority with powers to impose tariff and restrict construction of any structure for drawing water for domestic, commercial and industrial use, except agriculture. It would have enabled all line departments supplying water to automatically come under the Water Resources Department for the purpose of fixing the water tariff.

Explaining today's decision, a senior official said the authority would be

empowered to issue general directions related to extraction and use of groundwater, besides ensuring optimal and efficient utilisation of all water resources in the state, including canal irrigation. For drinking, domestic and agriculture purposes, the authority would be guided by the policy of the state government.

Further, the authority would have the right to impose financial penalties upon non-compliance of its orders or directions and has been vested with the powers of a civil court.

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98.2% samples clear test, says DJB

WATER WAR: Mohaniya Claims Opposition Lies Nailed, BJP Hits Back

TIMES NEWS NETWORK

New Delhi: Delhi Jal Board announced on Wednesday that it had concluded a comprehensive water-testing process after lifting samples from across the city. It claimed that the results showed that Delhi's water was fit for drinking. Union minister Ram Vilas Paswan had alleged that the quality of water was poor in most parts of Delhi. This had sparked a war of words between BJP and AAP, prompting DJB to initiate the 10-day-long process in which its representatives collected five samples from each municipal ward.

Announcing the results, DJB VC Dinesh Mohaniya claimed that 98.2% of the samples had cleared all the 29 quality parameters they were tested on. The report released by DJB stated that only 76

SAMPLES TAKEN BY DJB

4,204 | 5 from each municipal ward

► Each sample marked and sealed; location data, signatures collected from houses

Parameters **29**
When **Nov 20-30**

Plant	UNSATISFACTORY SAMPLES
Wazirabad	23/536 41/723
Tahirpur	
Nangloi	4/756
Dwarka	8/500

samples of the 4,204 collected had failed on certain parameters. Mohaniya said WHO norms permitted a failure rate of 5% in any city's water distribution system.

He alleged that the BIS report, on the basis of which Pas-

RESULT

4,128 (98.2%) passed on all parameters
► DJB says WHO guidelines permit 5% failure rate for city's entire water distribution system
► DJB VC alleges that BIS report was motivated to benefit RO companies

wan had targeted Delhi government, was politically motivated. "BIS didn't follow the standard operating procedure and even violated the WHO norms to arrive at the conclusion that Delhi's water was not potable. It tested just 11 sam-

ples in an unscientific way without transparency. In fact, the report was a mischievous effort to malign Delhi government just before the assembly elections and serve the commercial interests of the RO manufacturers," he claimed.

Mohaniya said DJB was still lifting 500 samples every day and BIS officials were welcome to join the process.

Elaborating on the testing process, he said: "The names, phone numbers and addresses of every household from where the samples were collected were recorded to ensure transparency in the process. The sealed samples were tested at DJB laboratories on 29 parameters. The high rate of satisfactory samples is comfortably within the WHO norms."

The report stated that the samples collected from the Ha-

iderpur plant region were 100% satisfactory as were those from Bawana, Greater Kailash and Okhla. Wazirabad (95.7%), TYR Tahirpur (94.3%), Nangloi (99.5%), Dwarka (98.4%) fared well too.

Leader of opposition, Vijender Gupta, however, challenged AAP on fighting the upcoming election on the issue of water. "Why didn't the AAP government respond in the two-day assembly session when we tried to call attention of the chief minister on the issue of contaminated water? I challenge AAP to contest the upcoming election on the issue of water if it is so confident that Delhiites are getting potable water," Gupta said. "The AAP government is misleading people. It has yet to name 32 officials for joint team with BIS to lift water samples from across the city."

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Mail Today, Delhi



The TDP government paid an additional ₹2,346 crore for the Polavaram project.

NEW FURORE OVER POLAVARAM

THE POLAVARAM irrigation and hydel power project is generating fresh political heat.

On December 2, in reply to a question by YSR Congress MP V Vijaysai Reddy, Union Minister of State for Jal Shakti, Rattan Lal Kataria, told the Rajya Sabha that the TDP government of N Chandrababu Naidu had made a surplus payment

to the previous contractor of the project. Kataria said that the Centre would take appropriate action after the Regional Vigilance and Enforcement Department submits its report. However, all payments were made following official recommendations and there were no procedural lapses, the minister added. The TDP has ques-

tioned the claim. Former state irrigation minister, Devineni Umamaheswara Rao, said that all payments to Polavaram contractors were made by different central agencies.

These include the Polavaram Project Authority, Central Water Commission and the then Union water resources ministry.

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Economic Times

Dal Lake Dwellers May Receive Cash Relief to Relocate

DECONGESTING THE LAKE J&K admin has allocated ₹65 cr under the first phase of compensation scheme

Hakeem Irfan Rashid
@timesgroup.com

Srinagar: The Jammu and Kashmir administration has decided to pay cash compensation for rehabilitation of Dal Lake inhabitants who will be shifted under a plan to decongest the shallow urban water body, which attracts tourists from across the globe.

The repeated attempts by the government to rehabilitate Dal dwellers in Srinagar for past two decades were marred by the corruption, electoral politics and red tape.

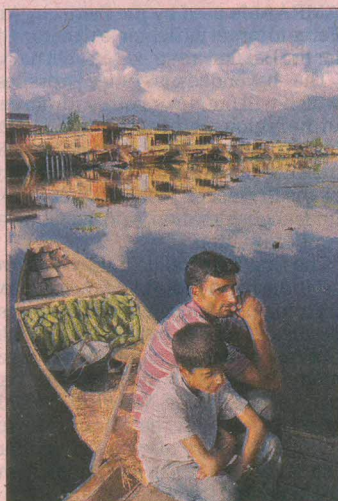
The new administration under Lieutenant Governor GC Murmu has also decided that the dwellers would reserve the water usage rights on the lake despite their resettlement.

Dwellers would reserve the water usage rights on the lake despite their resettlement

Many of them will also be shifted to vertical buildings that are planned to be constructed on the outskirts of Srinagar city.

According to official data, around 9,000 families live on Dal Lake and some of them have proprietary rights over the land and floating gardens as well. Earlier, administration provided alternate land to some inhabitants of Dal Lake but the move was marred by corruption. Some had either sold or rented out the land provided as compensation. "With the cash compensation, the dwellers can go to their place of choosing. Human rehabilitation is a big issue and we have been directed to do everything to save Dal Lake and take care of people as well," vice chairman of Lakes and Water Ways Development Authority (LAWDA) Ghulam Muhammad Dar told ET.

For the first phase of cash compensation programme, Dar said that the new administration has earmarked ₹65 crore.



FILE PHOTO

Internet to be Restored in Phases in Valley: Murmu

Srinagar: Internet services would be restored in Kashmir in phases once the situation turns "more normal", Jammu and Kashmir Lieutenant Governor (LG) GC Murmu said on Wednesday. However, he gave no timeline for restoration of internet services, which were snapped across all platforms in Kashmir on the intervening night of August 4 and August 5. "We are reviewing it (internet ban) and as it (situation) becomes more normal, we will do it (restore) phase-wise," he said. —PTI

STATESMAN

Om, Ganga!

Sunday's meeting in Delhi of Ganga activists from different parts of the country underscored the overriding importance of the nation's life-line, that now contends with endemic neglect and pollution. This intrinsically is the cruel irony of the river, almost uniformly neglected by the states that it meanders through. Ergo, the exceptionally robust pitch for placing the National River Ganga (Regulation, Protection and Management) Bill, 2019 in the public domain ~ before it is tabled in Parliament ~ deserves urgently to be followed through. The name of the legislation would suggest that it is suitably comprehensive, if executed in the right earnest. The collective effort must of necessity match the legislative signal of intent. Hence the stout appeal to the government not to construct new dams on the river, to abandon projects that are yet to be commissioned, and adopt the standards set by the IIT Consortium Report on the Ganga. The charter of demands has drawn a sharp distinction between this report and that advanced by the Central Water Commission, clearly preferring the IIT's recommendations. It is rather surprising that while the Bill is scheduled to be passed in the winter session of Parliament, the people ~ indeed the primary users and beneficiaries ~ are generally clueless about the provisions. As regards new dams, it is a damned-if-you do, damned-if-you don't situation. A dam runs the risk of a burst if the stored water is not released when the need arises. Equally, such release can flood the neighbouring areas. It will be a matter of common knowledge and a topic of discourse only if and when the Bill gets featured in the public domain. Not that the Centre has not taken initiatives to set things right, but such exercises have by and large been ineffectual. It bears recall that in 2015, the Centre had launched the Rs 20,000-crore Namami Gange Programme ~ the maximum outlay yet ~ with a target to clean the river by 2019, a time-frame that was extended to 2020. Besides, seven IITs were asked to furnish a report on the "best strategies to clean the river".

As it turns out, the upshot of Sunday's meeting is that the "Ganga is dying by the hour due to the filth and garbage that are junked into the river", and not merely alongside the ghats of Varanasi. In Kolkata, for instance, the water is severely polluted during immersion of images. Central to the problem is the lack of political will and integrity. The cocktail of environmental degradation, religious sentiment, and people's indifference have well and truly ruined the river. While the Bill envisages arrests and fines for those who flout the norms of cleanliness, less easily grasped is the proposed involvement of the Ministry of Shipping. It is hard not to wonder if the unstated objective is to use the Ganga exclusively for maritime trade. The Government of India needs to be more explicit.

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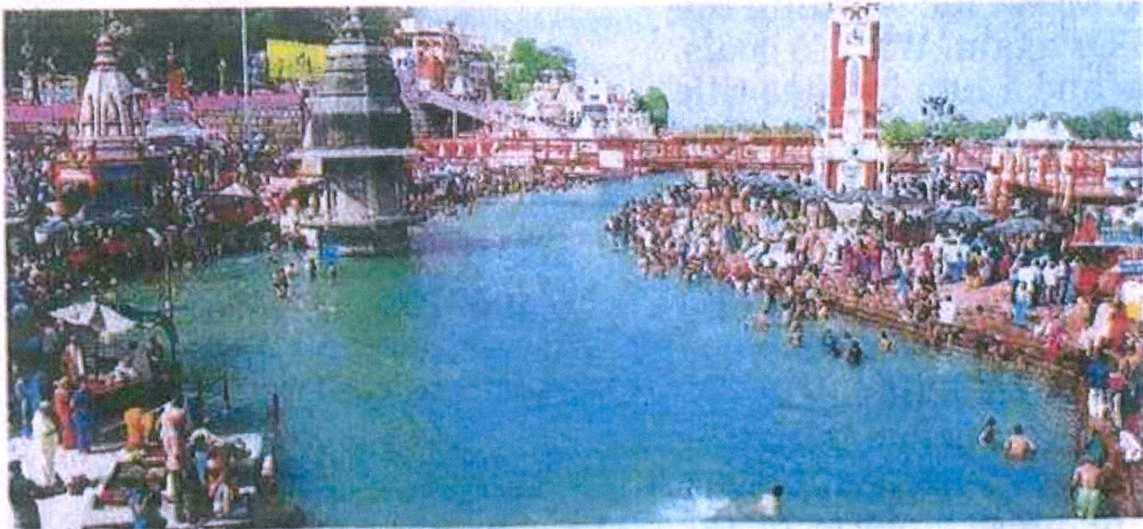
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Morning Standard, New Delhi



Ganga Centralised Aqualabs to be set up at WII

In a first in India, a Ganga Centralised Aqualabs will be established at the Wildlife Institute of India in Dehradun to preserve aquatic life in the Ganga. The lab will be used to preserve genes of each species found in the river. It will also record baseline data of the river facing threats due to pollution and several other anthropological factors. The lab will help in recording and studying gene pools of species, water quality analysis and geo-spatial database of the river to divert resources to find solutions to problems.

जल बोर्ड की रिपोर्ट, दिल्ली का पानी पीने के लिए सुरक्षित है



4204
सैंपल में से
98.19%
जांच में पास

- 10 दिनों तक पानी का सैंपल इकट्ठा कर उनकी जांच रिपोर्ट बुधवार को दिल्ली जल बोर्ड ने जारी की
- जल बोर्ड के वाइस चेयरमैन दिनेश मोहनिया ने यह रिपोर्ट जारी की
- उन्होंने कहा कि बीआईएस ने सिर्फ 11 सैंपल लेकर पूरे दिल्ली के पानी पर सवाल उठाए

दिनेश मोहनिया ने बताया- 29 मापदंडों पर जांचा गया पानी को

■ विशेष संवाददाता, नई दिल्ली

10 दिनों तक पानी का सैंपल इकट्ठा कर उनकी जांच रिपोर्ट बुधवार को दिल्ली जल बोर्ड ने जारी की। इस रिपोर्ट में पूरी दिल्ली से 4204 सैंपल लिए गए। हर वॉर्ड से पानी के नमूनों की जांच की गई। रिपोर्ट के मुताबिक, 98.19 पसैंट नमूने पीने के लिए सही हैं। केवल 1.81 फीसदी नमूने संतोषजनक नहीं थे।

जल बोर्ड के वाइस चेयरमैन दिनेश मोहनिया ने यह रिपोर्ट जारी की। उन्होंने कहा कि जल बोर्ड ने सैंपल लेने से लेकर टेस्ट करने तक सभी मापदंडों का पालन किया। इस आधार पर वह जनता को विश्वास दिलाना चाहते हैं कि दिल्ली का पानी पीने के लिए सुरक्षित है। उन्होंने कहा कि बीआईएस ने सिर्फ 11 सैंपल लेकर पूरे दिल्ली के पानी पर सवाल उठा दिए। सैंपल लेने में भी लापरवाही

बरती गई। मोहनिया ने आरोप लगाया कि पानी के सैंपल की जांच आरओ बनाने वाली कंपनियों के लैब में की गई। इससे बीआईएस की रिपोर्ट पर विश्वास नहीं किया जा सकता। उन्होंने आरोप लगाया कि यह रिपोर्ट पूरी तरह आरओ कंपनियों को फायदा पहुंचाने के लिए लाई गई है। साथ ही चुनावों से पहले इस रिपोर्ट को संसद में पेश कर दिल्ली और जल बोर्ड की छवि खराब करने की कोशिश की जा

रही है। जल बोर्ड ने साफ कर दिया कि दिल्ली का पानी तय मानकों के अनुरूप है और पूरी तरह सुरक्षित है। 20 से 30 नवंबर तक यह ड्राइव चली। 4204 सैंपल में से 4128 जांच में पास हुए। 29 मापदंडों पर इन सैंपलों को चेक किया गया। केवल 76 सैंपल ही असंतोषजनक मिले। वजीराबाद में 23, ताहिरपुर में 41, नांगलोई में 4 और द्वारका के आठ सैंपल फेल हुए।

कहां, कितना पानी साफ ?

कहां से	कितने सैंपल	संतोषजनक	प्रतिशत	असंतोषजनक	प्रतिशत
वजीराबाद	536	513	95.71%	23	4.29%
हैदरपुर	663	663	100%	0	0%
ताहिरपुर	723	682	94.33%	41	5.67%
नांगलोई	756	752	99.47%	4	0.53%
द्वारका	500	492	98.40%	8	1.60%
बवाना	302	302	100%	0	0%
ग्रेटर कैलाश	443	443	100%	0	0%
ओखला	281	281	100%	0	0%
कुल	4204	4128	98.19%	76	1.81%

Hindustan Times (New Delhi)
The Statesman (New Delhi)
The Times of India (New Delhi)
The Indian Express (New Delhi)
The Hindu (Delhi)
Pioneer (Delhi)
राष्ट्रीय सहारा (दिल्ली)

☐ Deccan Herald (Bengaluru)
☐ Deccan Chronicle
☐ The Economic Times (New Delhi)
☐ Business Standard (New Delhi)
☐ The Tribune (Gurugram)
☐ Financial Express
☐ दैनिक भास्कर (नई दिल्ली)

☐ हिंदुस्तान (नई दिल्ली)
☐ नव भारत टाइम्स (नई दिल्ली)
☐ पंजाब केसरी (दिल्ली)
☐ राजस्थान प्रबुद्ध (नई दिल्ली)
☐ दैनिक जागरण (नई दिल्ली)
☐ जनसत्ता (दिल्ली)
☐ अमर उजाला (नई दिल्ली)

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and documented at WSE Dte, CWC.

Assam Tribune, Guwahati

ONGC opens drinking water project at Dhitaipukhuri HS

ANN Service

SIVASAGAR, Dec 4: Continuing its endeavour as a responsible corporate citizen and a committed partner in the progress of the State, the ONGC inaugurated a drinking water project at Dhitaipukhuri High School on November 29 under its CSR initiative.

Executive Director (ED) and Asset Manager, ONGC, Assam Asset, Sanjeev Kakran while inaugurating the project emphasised that ONGC has a strong and special emotional connect with the people of Assam and it is always committed for development of the State. The ED further added that ONGC is giving focused attention to empower people through CSR projects and it seeks to work with local people as a team for development of the

region.

Addressing the students, teachers and parents assembled on the occasion, Kakran underlined that future of the nation depends on students and “we all have to come forward to provide them the right platform for growth and development, imparting value education.”

Kakran interacted with the students and teachers of the school about various facilities available in the school and how the ONGC can supplement its further infrastructural development. He announced financial support of Rs 20,000 for purchasing musical instruments for the students and assured to extend support towards the existing computer lab of the school for the benefit of the students.

Providing clean and safe drinking water in schools in

and around ONGC’s operational areas, is a CSR initiative by ONGC Assam Asset. The project in Dhitaipukhuri High School is implemented by ONGC’s All India OBC and MOBC Employees Welfare Association.

It may be mentioned here that during last two years, ONGC’s School Drinking Water Project benefited more than 15,000 school children in Sivasagar and Charaideo districts.

Om Veer Singh, GGM-HES, Sanjay Goel, CGM-Head HR/ER, Jayanta Patar, GM(E), Amandeep Singh, CE-I/C CSR, Simanta Gogoi, Chairman and Hemanta Kumar Gogoi, Secretary, AIOBCMOBCEWA, Assam Asset Branch, Prasanta Kumar Dutta, Headmaster and Acharya Phukan, President, SMDC were present on the occasion.

Hindustan Times (New Delhi)
The Statesman (New Delhi)
The Times of India (New Delhi)
The Indian Express (New Delhi)
The Hindu (Delhi)
Pioneer (Delhi)
राष्ट्रीय सहारा (दिल्ली)

☐ Deccan Herald (Bengaluru)
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☐ The Economic Times (New Delhi)
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☐ नव भारत टाइम्स (नई दिल्ली)
☐ पंजाब केसरी (दिल्ली)
☐ राजस्थान प्रबुद्ध (नई दिल्ली)
☐ दैनिक जागरण (नई दिल्ली)
☐ जनसत्ता (दिल्ली)
☐ अमर उजाला (नई दिल्ली)

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and documented at WSE Dte, CWC.

जलवायु संकट सूचकांक-2020 : 10 सर्वाधिक खतरे वाले देशों की सूची जारी, जलवायु परिवर्तन से अमीर देश भी हो रहे प्रभावित बाढ़-तूफान के सबसे खतरे वाले देशों में भारत पांचवें नंबर पर

नई दिल्ली | मदन जैड़ा

दुनिया में जलवायु परिवर्तन का खतरा गंभीर होता जा रहा है। खतरे की भयावहता को लेकर वैश्विक जलवायु संकट सूचकांक-2020 जारी किया गया है। इसमें बाढ़ और तूफान से सर्वाधिक खतरे वाले शीर्ष 10 देशों में भारत पांचवें स्थान पर है।

मैड्रिड में जलवायु परिवर्तन सम्मेलन के दौरान जर्मन वॉच ने बुधवार को यह रिपोर्ट जारी की। इसे तैयार करने में 1999-2018 तक के आंकड़े इस्तेमाल किए गए। खतरे के



आंकलन में बाढ़, तूफान और लू से हुई तबाही को आधार बनाया गया है। रिपोर्ट में कहा गया कि जलवायु परिवर्तन से गरीब और विकासशील देश ही नहीं बल्कि धनी व औद्योगिक

दस सर्वाधिक प्रभावित देश

1. जापान 2. फिलीपीन्स
3. जर्मनी 4. मेडागास्कर
5. भारत 6. श्रीलंका
7. केन्या 8. रवांडा
9. कनाडा 10. फिजी

देश भी बुरी तरह प्रभावित हैं।

रिपोर्ट के अनुसार, वर्ष 1999-2018 के बीच प्राकृतिक आपदा की करीब 12 हजार घटनाएं हुईं। इनमें 4.95 लाख लोगों की जान चली

मारी बारिश संकट की वजह

भारत में संकट की वजह भारी वर्षा है। भारी बाढ़ और भूस्खलन में 1,000 से अधिक लोग मारे गए। केरल राज्य विशेष रूप से प्रभावित हुआ। बाढ़ को पिछले 100 वर्षों में सबसे खराब बताया गया। इसके अलावा, अक्टूबर और नवंबर 2018 में भी 1,000 लोग मारे गए थे। भारत अत्यधिक गर्मी से भी पीड़ित था।

गई। इससे हुई क्षति को 3.54 खरब अमेरिकी डॉलर के बराबर आंका गया। इसके अलावा 2018 में लू और गर्म हवाओं से सर्वाधिक तबाही हुई। जर्मनी, जापान और भारत में लू

“ मौसम की मार के नियमित आंकलन की जरूरत है। साथ ही भविष्य में होने वाली क्षति से निपटने के लिए मदद दी जानी चाहिए। भरोसेमंद स्रोत विकसित करने के लिए जरूरी कदम उठाने होंगे।

-लॉरा स्कीकफर, शोधकर्ता, जर्मन वॉच

के प्रकोप की आवृत्ति बढ़ गई है। हाल की वैज्ञानिक रिपोर्ट भी इस बात की पुष्टि करती है कि पिछली सदी की तुलना में भीषण गर्मी के मामलों में सो फीसदी तक इजाफा हो चुका है।