F NO. T-74074/10/2019-WSE DTE/188-91 Date: 30.07.2019

भारत सरकार जल शक्ति मंत्रालय जल संसाधन नदी विकास एवं गंगा संरक्षण विभाग केंद्रीय जल आयोग जल प्रणाली अभियांत्रिकी निदेशालय



Government of India Ministry of Jal Shakti Dept. of Water Resources, RD&GR Central Water Commission Water System Engineering Directorate

#### विषय - समाचार पत्रों की कटिंग का प्रस्तुतीकरण।

जल संसाधन विकास और संबद्घ विषयों से संबंधित समाचार पत्रों की कटिंग को केंद्रीय जल आयोग के अध्यक्ष और सदस्य (कार्य योजना एवं परियोजना /अभिकल्प एवं अनुसंधान / नदी प्रबंध ) के अवलोकन के लिए संलग्न किया गया है। इन समाचारों की कटिंग की सॉफ्ट कॉपी केन्द्रीय जल आयोग की वेबसाइट पर भी अपलोड की जाएगी।

वरिष्ठ केलोकार

जल प्रणाली अभियांत्रिकी निदेशालय

संलग्नक: उपरोक्त

उप निदेशक, (ज. प्र. आ.) निदे॰

30/7/2010

निदेशक, (ज. प्र. आ.) निदे॰

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सदस्य (कार्य योजना एवं परियोजना/ अभिकल्प एवं अनुसंधान / नदी प्रबंध) और

जानकारी हेतु - सभी संबंधित केन्द्रीय जल आयोग की वेबसाइट www.cwc.gov.in पर देखें।

द्वितीय तल(दक्षिण), सेवा भवन राम कृष्ण पुरम, नई दिल्ली -110066 दूरभाष: 011-29583521, ई मेत: wsedte-cwc@gov.in

♦जल संरक्षण-स्रक्षित भविष्य♦



2<sup>nd</sup> Floor(South), SewaBhawan, R.K. Puram, New Delhi-110066 Tel: 011-29583521 E-mail: wsedte-cwc@gov.in

**♦Conserve Water- Save Life** 

Hindustan Times		Deccan Herald	□	Hindustan (Hindi)	
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Indian Express	П	Business Standard			_
The Hindu (New Delhi)		Tribune		Rajasthan Patrika (Hindi)	
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		Financial Express		Jansatta	
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The Times of India (New Delhi)		The Economic Times		Punjab Kesari (Hindi)	
Indian Express		Business Standard		Rajasthan Patrika (Hindi)	
The Hindu (New Delhi)		Tribune		Dainik Jagran	П
Pioneer Delhi		Financial Express	□-	Jansatta	
Rashtriya Sahara	-1	Dainik Bhaskar	s <del>ame</del>		

and documented at WSE Dte, CWC.

## Dam Safety Bill runs into Opposition criticism

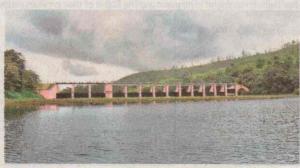
Several MPs say Centre is encroaching on a State subject

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT

Opposition MPs in the Lok Sabha on Monday expressed deep reservation about the Centre's decision to introduce the Dam Safety Bill, 2019, saying that the legislation, which is ostensibly aimed at providing uniform safety measures across the country, will undermine the powers of the State governments since water is a State subject.

Jal Shakti Minister Gajendra Singh Shekhawat, who introduced the Bill, argued that the Centre was empowered to enact a law on the subject, especially as 92% of the dams involved two or more States, and Article 246 and 56 empowered the Centre to intervene.

Several members, including four from the Congress – Adhir Ranjan Chowdhury, Shashi Tharoor, Manish Tewari and Gaurav Gogoi –



Inter-State issue: A view of the Mullaperiyar Dam on the Periyar in Kerala. • B. JOTHI RAMALINGAM

voiced their apprehension about the Bill. The Biju Janata Dal's B. Mahtab said while there could be no disagreement over the basic concern of dam safety, the Centre was trying to "appropriate" the powers of the State in the case of this particular legislation and urged it to reconsider the move.

Trinamool member Saugata Roy, the RSP's N.K. Premachandran and the DMK's A. Raja questioned Parliament's competence to enact such a law.

Mr. Chowdhury, who leads the Congress in the Lok Sabha, said the Bill was too focused on structural safety and not on operational safety.

Asserting that the Centre had not done anything to take away control from the States, Mr. Shekhawat said the was matter examined by the Solicitor-General, who had given the go-ahead.

Hindustan Times		Deccan Herald		Hindustan (Hindi)	
Statesman		Deccan Herald		Nav Bharat Times (Hindi)	
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# Groundwater drying up, few takers for treated wastewater at city parks

SHIVAM PATEL NEW DELHI, JULY 29



AROUND 200 million gallons per day (MGD) of treated wastewater, which could be used for horticulture, has no takers and is being released into the Yamuna, two senior Delhi Jal Board (DJB) officials have told *The Indian Express*.

The officials added that agencies managing parks in the capital have been using groundwater for horticulture, even though treated wastewater is available. The agencies include the DDA and municipal corporations.

A DJB policy prohibits extraction of groundwater for horticultural purposes, but allows treatment of sewage taken from nearby parks and other green belts, and its reuse for gardening.

A senior DJB official said, "Groundwater levels are stressed. Despite this, agencies are using water from borewells and tubewells. We've been requesting them to collect treated wastewater by either sending tankers to our sewage treatment plants (STPs) or by laying pipelines."

The department has informed agencies about STPs located within 5 km of parks, he said.

A report, compiled earlier this month by the Yamuna monitoring committee, appointed by the National Green Tribunal (NGT),



Only 89 MGD of treated water is being used

said only 89 MGD, or less than 20% of the wastewater, is being utilised out of the total 459 MGD treated by the DJB.

An official said the capacity of water recycling has now in-

creased to around 500 MGD. This means around 200 MGD of excess treated wastewater is being released into the river at the present, in addition to approximately 240 MGD flown into it mandatorily by the department, according to the DJB. The Yamuna committee has asked the NGT to issue directions on the matter.

DDA vice-chairman Tarun Kapoor said pipelines for carrying treated wastewater have been laid in Dwarka, but get choked sometimes "because of muck". "In some areas, the water is available 5 km away. The distance is killing us. If water was available within half a kilometre, it would be more feasible," he said.

<b>Hindustan Times</b>	Deccan Herald	Hindustan (Hindi)	
Statesman	Deccan Herald	Nav Bharat Times (Hindi)	
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Indian Express	Business Standard	Rajasthan Patrika (Hindi)	
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Pioneer Delhi	Financial Express	Jansatta	

Dainik Bhaskar

News item/letter/article/editorial published on ...30/07/2019......in the following newspaper

and documented at WSE Dte, CWC.

Rashtriya Sahara

## Needed: A trilateral pact on the Brahmaputra river

India, China and Bangladesh should manage the shared resource in the region and depoliticise water security



he recent flooding of the Brahmaputra, and China's sharing of satellite data showing flooded districts in Assam has brought attention to the needfor better management of this important river basin by China, India, and Bangladesh. The Brahmaputra is the fifth-largest river in the world by flow. However, unlike the major river systems of the Indus and the Ganga, it currently has no water-sharing treaty, nor is an agreement under negotiation.

A recent book I co-authored with Satu Limaye and Joel Wuthnow examines the challenges faced by the three countries at the domestic, bilateral, and multilateral levels. Underscoring the environmental and humanitarian challenges, the breach of the Brahmaputra's embankments in mid-July displaced an estimated 5.8 million people in Assam and 400,000 people in northern Bangladesh. At a minimum, better forecasting capabilities and data-sharing are required to reduce the impact of future flooding on downstream populations.

But the geopolitical stakes are also high, not least because the Brahmaputra runs through Arunachal Pradesh, an area disputed by China as "Southern Tibet." India, China, and Bangladesh have not yet prioritised this issue, but continue to allow tensions in diplomatic relations to compromise water security in this river basin.

For example, China apparently cut off limited data-sharing with India due to the Doklam standoff in 2017. The year before, China announced that it would temporarily divert the Xiabuqu river—a tributary of the Brahmaputra, which is known as the Yarlung Tsangpo in Tibet—due to the construction of a dam. Both moves caused alarm among Indian policymakers and strategists over the potential for China to cause difficulty to downstream countries.

However, India also has a downstream neighbour — Bangladesh — which is concerned about India's river linking project, and its potential to adversely affect the resources of the Brahmaputra (known as the Jamuna in Bangladesh). More immediately, Dhaka is eager to finalise a water-sharing agreement over the Teesta River — a tributary of the Brahmaputra — with New Delhi. The agreement has been stalled since the failure to conclude it in 2011.

Being downstream of China and India, Bangladesh suffers severe impacts (widespreaderosion and flooding), and thus, has the

THE GEOPOLITICAL STAKES
ARE HIGH. INDIA, CHINA, AND
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PRIORITISED THIS ISSUE, AND,
THUS, CONTINUE TO COMPROMISE
WATER SECURITY IN THIS BASIN



 India will benefit from data-sharing with China to mitigate flooding

most to gain from a water-sharing agreement. But India and China stand to benefit from an agreement as well. For China, this is an opportunity for it to demonstrate leadership on a serious issue of human security and improve its international reputation, which has been damaged by the country's assertiveness in East Asian waters.

India for its part would benefit not only from data-sharing with China to mitigate flooding, but also from the exchange of information about hydropower dam construction. As an example of an important river cooperation, China was the first country to provide India with satellite data of flooding in Assam after New Delhi requested this information under the International Charter Space and Major Disasters.

Inrecognition of the challenges and uncertainties faced by the Brahmaputra stakeholders, the three countries should take action. By the summer of 2020, India, China, and Bangladesh should aim to sign a trilateral memorandum of understanding on the Brahmaputra. This would represent an acknowledgment of the importance of this basin, and the need for all three countries to work together to manage this large body of shared resources.

In the short term, an MoU that launches a dialogue between scientists and policymakers would help depoliticise water security, and provide an opportunity for Prime Minister Narendra Modi, President Xi Jinping, and Prime Minister Sheikh Hasina to demonstrate high-profile cooperation to the international community.

An ambitious long-term goal could be the formation of a Brahmaputra Basin Commission. The attainment of this goal will face several obstacles, including China and India agreeing to set aside the dispute over Arunachal Pradesh as it relates to water security, and India bringing on board domestic-level stakeholders. But laying the groundwork for a commission is a necessary first step in addressing the environmental, humanitarian, and geopolitical threats that will only continue to rise in the Brahmaputra River Basin.

Nilanthi Samaranayake is director, strategy and policy analysis, CNA The views expressed are personal

Hindustan Times Statesman		Deccan Herald Deccan Herald		Hindustan (Hindi)	
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# Maha: Water stock in dam increases by 8% due to rain

#### PRESS TRUST OF INDIA

MUMBAL 29 JULY

Strong south-west monsoon rains since July 25 has increased water stock in Maharashtra's dams by 8 per cent, but it is still 20 per cent less when compared to the same period last year.

The water stock in dams went up from 26.87 per cent on July 25 to 35.2 per cent as on Monday, a rise of 8.33 per cent, data showed.

However, the water stock in dams on July 29 last year stood at 55.03 per cent, or 19.83 per cent more than what is available currently.

Except Konkan (84.32 per cent) and Pune (53.99 per cent), the other four revenue divisions of the state have low dam water stock, an official from the State Water Resources Department said.

He said Aurangabad revenue division has only 0.31 per cent water stock in its dams and it has remained unchanged in the past four days. Pune and Nashik have

State Emergency
Operation Centre
data shows Gujarat
received 33.90 per
cent of its average
rainfall this monsoon

shown rise of 13.84 per cent and 8.9 per cent respectively in the last four days, he said, adding that intensity of showers have remained limited to these areas.

The Maharashtra Irrigation department released 1,000 cubic foot per second (cusec) waterfrom Gangapur Dam into the Godavari river on Monday afternoon due to heavy rains over the past five days, an official said.

Assam flood toll 86: Four more people died on Monday due to floods in Assam, mounting the toll to 86 this monsoon season.

The overall situation, however, improved with the water level in all 17 affected districts showing a receding trend since Sunday, the Assam State Disaster.

Hindustan Times	Deccan Herald	Hindustan (Hindi)	П
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The Times of India (New Delhi)	The Economic Times	Punjab Kesari (Hindi)	
Indian Express	Business Standard	Rajasthan Patrika (Hindi)	П
The Hindu (New Delhi)	Tribune	Dainik Jagran	
Pioneer Delhi	Financial Express	Jansatta	
Rashtriya Sahara	 Dainik Bhaskar		

and documented at WSE Dte, CWC.



Walk on water: People walk through a flooded area after the Pahumara river overflowed in Barpeta district of Assam. •PTI

# Four more die in Assam floods, toll rises to 86

Water level in all 17 affected districts showing receding trend

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA

Four more people died on Monday due to floods in Assam, mounting the toll to 86 this monsoon season.

The overall situation, however, has improved with the water level in all 17 affected districts showing a receding trend since Sunday, the Assam State Disaster Management Authority said.

Of the four deaths, two were reported from Barpeta and one each from Kokrajhar and Dhubri districts.

Altogether 1,348 villages

in 50 revenue circles of 17 districts are still deluge-hit, the ASDMA said.

The affected districts are Dhemaji, Sonitpur, Darrang, Baksa, Barpeta, Nalbari, Chirang, Kokrajhar, Dhubri, Goalpara, Kamrup, Kamrup (Metro), Morigaon, Nagaon, Golaghat, Jorhat and Cachar.

Over 50,000 in camps

About 50,470 inmates are still in 522 relief camps while 28 relief distribution centres are operational in various districts of the State, the ASDMA said.

The rivers flowing above the danger level include the Brahmaputra at Neamatighat in Jorhat and Dhubri, Disang at Nanglamuraghat in Sivasagar, Jia Bharali at NT Road Crossing in Sonitpur and Kushiara at Karimganj.

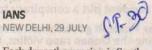
The Federation of Industry and Commerce of North Eastern Region on Monday made a contribution of ₹10 lakh to the Chief Ministers Relief Fund, officials said.

Office-bearers of the Kamakhya temple have also donated ₹5 lakh to the fund, they said.

Hindustan Times Statesman The Times of India (New Delhi) Indian Express		Deccan Herald Deccan Herald The Economic Times	Hindustan (Hindi) Nav Bharat Times (Hindi) Punjab Kesari (Hindi)	
The Hindu (New Delhi)		Business Standard Tribune	Rajasthan Patrika (Hindi) Dainik Jagran	
Pioneer Delhi		Financial Express	Jansatta	
Rashtriya Sahara	-[	Dainik Bhaskar		

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### City's water 'woes' turning into 'wars'



Each day as the sun rises in South Delhis Neb Sarai, an un-authorised colony of the capital city, every household in the area goes to 'war' for water.

A colony, having underground water as its key source and bore wells the only means to drawit, is facing a major crisis as the groundwater levels are depleting at an alarming rate of 10cm per year.

"Amajorchunkofthehouseholds in the colony still lacks a piped supply of water while the ones having the supply do not receive adequate supply of water," said Shweta Singh, a local resident.

We have a connection of the Delhi Jal Board but it has been two months and we haven't received a single drop of water through its supply," said Anki-

At a time when the Delhi



Development Authority (DDA) is all set to roll out the Master Planfor2041, waterremains one of the major issues in several areas of Delhi, especially southern parts, which needs to be addressed.

"We receive water only once a day and have to rely on water tankers and Bisleri bottles for our supplies of water. The DJB is really slow

in processing connection request and does not act accordingly," said another resident who wished not to be named.

The AAP government recently announced that after due deliberations with the Modi government these colonies would be soon regularised/authorised.

At a press conference

recently, Delhi Chief Minister Arvind Kejriwal said the Centre should allow registry of properties in unauthorised colonies at the earliest,

Kejriwal added that the government should start using satellite images to fix boundaries in these colonies.

He also said that in the first phase, 1,797 unauthorised colonies will be regularised while the remaining ones would be taken care of in the second phase.

"We have accepted the Centre's conditions to regularise these colonies. We have also sent our 12 suggestions to the Centre," Kejriwal said.

"Regularisation would only result in the change in property rates. These might benifit the property dealers but what about the living standards? What about the basic infrastructural needs? Who will fulfil them?" said Shubhang Chaturvedi, a local resident.

Hindustan Times		Deccan Herald	Hindustan (Hindi)	V
Statesman		Deccan Herald		
The Times of India (New Delhi)			Nav Bharat Times (Hindi)	
		The Economic Times	Punjab Kesari (Hindi)	
Indian Express		Business Standard	Rajasthan Patrika (Hindi)	
The Hindu (New Delhi)		Tribune		
	24.50		Dainik Jagran	
Pioneer Delhi		Financial Express	Jansatta	
Rashtriva Sahara		Doi:-:1- D11		

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## 'पानी बर्बादी को अपराध बनाने पर केंद्र जवाब दे'

नई दिल्ली प्रमुख संवाददाता

देशभर में प्रतिदिन करोड़ों लीटर पानी की बर्बादी होने पर नेशनल ग्रीन ट्रिब्यूनल ने सोमवार को केंद्र सरकार से जवाब मांगा है। ट्रिब्यूनल ने सरकार से यह बताने के लिए कहा है कि पानी की बर्बादी को अपराध की श्रेणी में लाने के लिए क्या कदम उठाया जा रहा है।

ट्रिब्यूनल के प्रमुख जस्टिस ए.के.
गोयल की अगुवाई वाली पीठ ने इस
मामले में जल शिक्त मंत्रालय के
अलावा दिल्ली जल बोर्ड को भी नोटिस
जारी कर जवाब मांगा है। पीठ ने सभी
पक्षकारों से पानी के बचत करने के लिए
उठाए जा रहे कदमों की जानकारी भी देने
को कहा है। पीठ ने सभी पक्षों को एक
माह के भीतर जवाब देने के लिए कहा
है। ट्रिब्यूनल ने गाजियाबाद के निगम
पार्षद रविद्र त्यागी और एक गैर सरकारी
संगठन की ओर से दाखिल याचिका पर
दिया है। याचिका में पानी की बर्बादी
रोकने के लिए सरकार व अन्य संबंधित

#### जवाब तलब

H-30

- जल शक्ति मंत्रालय व दिल्ली जल बोर्ड को नोटिस जारी किया
- सभी पक्षों से एक माह में जवाब देने के लिए कहा गया

प्राधिकार को आदेश देने की मांग की गई है। याचिका में कहा गया है कि लोग कई तरह से पानी की बर्बादी होती है जैसे लोग नल खुला छोड़ देते हैं, पानी की टंकी भर जाने के बाद भी ओवरफ्लो होते रहता है।

याचिका में कहा गया है कि देशभर में 4 करोड़ 84 लाख 20 हजार क्यूबिक मीटर पानी प्रतिदिन बर्बाद होता है। साथ ही कहा है कि दूसरी तरफ 163 मिलियन लोग स्वच्छ पेयजल से वंचित रह रहे हैं। 600 मिलियन लोग पानी के किल्लत का सामना कर रहे हैं। याचिका में पानी की बर्बादी को अपराध की श्रेणी में लाने की मांग की है।

Hindustan Times	Deccan Herald	Hindustan (Hindi)	
Statesman	Deccan Herald	Nav Bharat Times (Hindi)	
The Times of India (New Delhi)	The Economic Times	Punjab Kesari (Hindi)	
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Pioneer Delhi	Financial Express	Dainik Jagran	$\sqcup$
Rashtriva Sahara	 Dainile Phasles	Jansatta	

and documented at WSE Dte, CWC.

## बिहार में कई निदयां खतरे के निशान से ऊपर, छग में भी बाढ़ की आशंका

मध्य प्रदेश में 27 जिलों में भारी बारिश की चेतावनी, ओडिशा में भी बाढ़ का खतरा

जेएनएन, नई दिल्ली : बिहार में खगडिया में कोसी और बागमती स्थिर हैं, मगर खतरे के निशान के पार बह रही हैं। तटबंध के अंदर अभी भी दर्जनों गांव बाद की चपेट में हैं। उत्तर बिहार में भी सोमवार को अधिकतर नदियां स्थिर रहीं। पूर्वी चंपारण और दरभंगा जिले के कई क्षेत्रों में बाढ का खतरा बरकरार है। वहीं छत्तीसगढ और ओडिशा में भी बाढ़ का खतरा मंडरा रहा है। ओडिशा के मयूरभंज, कोरापुट, संबलपुर, नवरंगपुर, नुआपड़ा, झारसुगुड़ा, बरगढ़ एवं कालाहांडी जिलों में मंगलवार को भारी बारिश होने की उम्मीद है। कई इलाकों में सोमवार को रुक-रुक कर लगातार बारिश होती रही। छत्तीसगढ़ के बस्तर संभाग में बीते दो दिनों से लगातार हो रही बारिश से बाढ़ का खतरा मंडराने लगा है। इंद्रावती नदी खतरे के निशान के ऊपर बह रही है। मप्र में 27 जिलों में मौसम विभाग ने भारी बारिश की चेतावनी जारी की है। यहां कर्ड जिलों में बारिश का सिलसिला सोमवार को भी जारी रहा। तटीय कर्नाटक, कोंकण और गोवा, दक्षिण ओडिशा, राजस्थान के पूर्वी भागों में ही भारी वर्षा की चेतावनी है। हिमाचल प्रदेश, उत्तराखंड, पंजाब और हरियाणा के उत्तरी जिलों, असम, मेघालय और नगालैंड के कुछ हिस्सों में हल्की से मध्यम बारिश की संभावना है।



महाराष्ट्र में भारी बारिश से जल दबाव के चलते सतारा जिले के कराड़ के पास कृष्णा नदी पर बने 80 साल पुराने पुल का एक हिस्सा सोमवार को बाढ़ में बह गया। एक दिन पहले ही मुंबई से कोल्हापुर के बीच चलने वाली महालक्ष्मी एक्सप्रेस बाढ़ में फंस गई थी 🌑 प्रेट्र

विहार में दूसरे दिन भी ठप रहा ट्रेन परिचालनः दरभंगा-समस्तीपुर रेलखंड पर दूसरे दिन भी ट्रेनों का परिचालन ठप रहा। कोसी-सीमांचल में नदियों का जलस्तर कम होने लगा है। विहार में विभिन्न स्थानों पर नदियों में डूबने से नौ लोगों की मौत हो गई। पश्चिम चंपारण में गंडक समेत अन्य पहाड़ी नदियां शांत रहीं। लेकिन, कई स्थानों पर अब भी आवागमन वाधित है।

#### बिहार को हर स्तर पर मदद: नरेंद्र मोदी

राज्य खूरो, पटना: प्रधानमंत्री नरेंद्र मोदी ने सोमवार को बिहार के मुख्यमंत्री नीतीश कुमार व उप मुख्यमंत्री सुशील कुमार मोदी से बिहार की भीषण बाढ़ के बारे में बातचीत की। मोदी ने खुद फोन कर बिहार में बाढ़ की ताजा स्थिति के बारे में जानकारी ली। प्रधानमंत्री ने कहा कि केंद्र सरकार बाढ़ पीड़ितों को राहत देने के हरसंभव उपाय करेगी। प्रधानमंत्री ने बाद में ट्वीट कर इस बातचीत का ब्योरा साझा किया।

Hindustan Times	Deccan Herald	TT:	
Statesman	Deccan Herald The Economic Times Business Standard Tribune Financial Funces	Hindustan (Hindi) Nav Bharat Times (Hindi) Punjab Kesari (Hindi) Rajasthan Patrika (Hindi) Dainik Jagran	
Rashtriya Sahara	Financial Express Dainik Bhaskar	 Jansatta	

and documented at WSE Dte, CWC.



बारडोली. पड़ोसी राज्य महाराष्ट्र के जलगांव जिले के हथनुर डेम के कैचमेंट एरिया में पिछले 24 घंटे में हुई मूसलाधार बारिश के कारण डेम ओवरफ्लो हो गया। इसके बाद हथनुर डेम के 41 दरवाजे खोलकर 2.38 लाख क्यूसेक पानी छोड़ा जा रहा है। प्राप्त जानकारी के अनुसार उत्तरी महाराष्ट्र में हो रही मूसलाधार बारिश के कारण तापी नदी में पानी की आवक बढ़ गई है। महाराष्ट्र के जलगांव स्थित हथनुर डेम के कैचमेंट एरिया गोपालखेड़ा, लोहरा, देडतलाई, टेक्सा, विखलदरा और बरहानपुर में पिछले 24 घंटे में जमकर मूसलाधार बारिश हुई। जिससे हथनुर डेम में पानी की लगातार आवक होने से डेम के 41 दरवाजे खोले गए हैं। उधर, हथनुर डेम से 2.38 लाख क्यूसेक पानी छोड़ा जा रहा है, जो कुछ घंटों में उकाई डेम में पानी पहुंचना शुरू हो जाएगा। फिलहाल उकाई डेम के कैचमेंट एरिया में भी बारिश होने के कारण सोमवार रात 8 बजे तक 53 हजार 472 क्यूसेक पानी की आवक रही, जो मंगलवार तक बढ़ने की आशंका है। वहीं डेम के जलस्तर में भी धीरे-धीर बढोतरी हो रही है।

Hindustan Times		Deccan Herald		Hindustan (Hindi)	
Statesman		Deccan Herald		Nav Bharat Times (Hindi)	
The Times of India (New Delhi)		The Economic Times	F	Punjab Kesari (Hindi)	
Indian Express		Business Standard		Rajasthan Patrika (Hindi)	
The Hindu (New Delhi)		Tribune		Dainik Jagran	
Pioneer Delhi		Financial Express	П	Jansatta	
Rashtriya Sahara	-1	Dainik Bhaskar	_	J LI IJ LILLE	

and documented at WSE Dte, CWC.

# वांसदा के जूज डेम में भरा 80 प्रतिशत पानी

वांसदा. तहसील में मूसलाधार बरसात के कारण नदी नाले दोनों किनारे से बह रहे हैं। ऊपरी क्षेत्र में भारी बरसात के कारण केलिया और जूजड़ेम भी ओवरफ्लो होने की कगार पर पहुंच गए हैं। जूज डेम में जलस्तर 165.25 मीटर पहुंच गया है, जो उसकी जलसंग्रहण क्षमता का 80 प्रतिशत है। बरसात इसी तरह होती रही तो मंगलवार तक उसके ओवरफ्लो होने की पूरी संभावना है। उसी तरह केलिया डेम में भी जलस्तर 109.15 मीटर पहुंच गया है और यह उसकी कुल क्षमता का 65 प्रतिशत जल संग्रह हो गया है। दो दिन में इसके भी ओवरफ्लो होने की उम्मीद व्यत की जा रही है। जूज डेम में 80 प्रतिशत पानी भरने के बाद अलर्ट घोषित किया गया है और 90 प्रतिशत भरने के बाद हाइअलर्ट घोषित किया जाएगा। इस डेम के क्षेत्र में आने वाले जूज, खडिकया, नवानगर, वासिया, तलाब, वांसदा, राणिफलिया, नानी वालझर, मोटी वालझर, सीगाड रुपवेल, चापलधरा, राजपूर, प्रताप नगर और चिखली तहसील के दोणजा, हरणगाम समेत कई गांवों में अलर्ट करने की सलाह डेम के नायब कार्यपालक इंजीनियर ने प्रशासन को दी है। भारी बरसात से तहसील के किसानों में खशी है।