

Telangana Today- 06- August-2021

STATE BUREAU
Hyderabad

The State government on Thursday lodged a strong protest with the Krishna River Management Board (KRMB) to the objections raised by Andhra Pradesh against the Central Water Commission (CWC) member Devendra Rao for being included in the team to inspect Rayalaseema Lift Irrigation Scheme (RLIS) as he is from Telangana.

In a letter to the Board Chairman, Telangana Irrigation Department Engineer-in-Chief (General) C Muralidhar said that attributing intentions to a CWC officer by Andhra Pradesh was unfortunate and unethical.

The AP government filed a memo before the National Green Tribunal (NGT) two days ago stating that the composition of the team includes Devendra Rao from

TS not to attend GRMB meet

HYDERABAD: The Telangana Irrigation Department on Thursday said it would not be possible to attend the 10th emergency board meeting of Godavari River Management Board (GRMB) on

August 9 because of two court cases - one by Supreme Court and another by the National Green Tribunal (NGT) - listed on that day.

In a letter to the board Chairman, Telangana Irrigation

Department Engineer-in-Chief (General) C. Muralidhar said the next date might be fixed in consultation with Special Chief Secretary, Telangana Irrigation, at the earliest possible.

Telangana, which is not in consonant with orders issued by the Central government on July 15, 2021 by which members from both Andhra Pradesh and Telangana should not be part of the KRMB team. Therefore, the same norm should apply to any inspection team. Muralidhar said the objection made by AP was unfortunate. The KRMB formed a team to visit RLIS site comprising officers from KRMB and CWC and it's not a sin-

gle man committee to make a decision.

'Delaying tactics'

The decision of report will be based on the views of the entire team. Hence, the credibility of the team cannot be questioned. Muralidhar said that when such committee to inspect Palamuru-Rangareddy Lift Irrigation Scheme (PRLIS) and Kalwakurthy pump houses was formed, Telangana did not object to M K Srinivas,

the Chief Engineer, KGBO, CWC being member of that committee.

"We strongly protest AP's objection on the above grounds and in fact it appears to be a delaying tactics to postpone the NGT proceedings. Thus, we request that the visit should go on and report to the NGT on the due date on August 9 so as to give directions on the action of AP in contempt of NGT orders," Muralidhar said.

Times of India- 06- August-2021

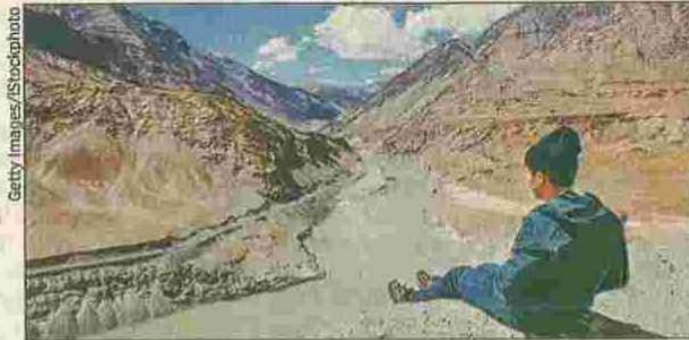
Renegotiate Indus treaty with Pak: Parl panel to govt

Vishwa.Mohan
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New Delhi: In a significant recommendation, a parliamentary panel on Thursday urged the government to renegotiate the Indus Water Treaty (IWT) with Pakistan, noting that pressing issues such as climate change, global warming and environmental impact assessment are missing from the pact that divides the Indus waters.

The standing committee on water resources said, the treaty was framed on the basis of knowledge and technology existing in 1960 when the perspective of both nations was merely confined to river management and usage of water through construction of dams, barrages, canals and hydro-power generation.

Any suggestion of "renegotiating" the IWT is seen in political light and is unlikely to be welcomed in Pakistan. Though India has not moved to alter it, PM Narendra Modi had okayed proposals to further develop use of India's share following border



The Indus Water Treaty was signed between India and Pakistan for sharing of waters of the Indus Basin. Under the treaty, the total quantity of waters of the eastern rivers — Sutlej, Beas and Ravi — is allocated to India for unrestricted use while the waters of western rivers — Indus, Jhelum and Chenab — is allocated largely to Pakistan. India is, however, permitted to use the water of the western rivers for domestic use, irrigation and generation of hydro-electric power.

tensions with Pakistan early in his first tenure as PM.

The panel recommended that the government examine the feasibility of making maximum use of the provisions of the treaty in terms of "full utilisation of all accessible water of the eastern rivers and maximum utilisation of the irrigation and hydropower potential of western rivers, including permissible water storage".

"There is a need to renegotiate the treaty to establish an institutional structure or legislative framework to address the impact of climate change on water availability and other challenges," said panel, headed by BJP Lok Sabha member Sanjay Jaiswal.

The committee submitted its report on flood management in the country through multiple measures including international water treaties and agreements with Pakistan, China and Bhutan.

Deccan Chronicle- 06- August-2021

6 bridges washed away in flood-hit MP so far

**RABINDRA NATH
CHOUDHURY | DC
BHOPAL, AUG. 5**

Floods continued to rage in Gwalior-Chambal region of Madhya Pradesh on Thursday. The floods triggered by torrential rains in the last one week in the region claimed lives of three more people on Thursday taking the toll to 14.

Prime Minister Narendra Modi on Thursday announced an ex-gratia of ₹2 lakh each to the next kin of the deceased and ₹50,000 each to the injured. Similarly, two

more bridges were washed in the floods in the region.

With this, total six bridges have so far been washed away in the state. Chief minister Shivraj Singh Chouhan convened a high-level official meeting here to review the flood situation. He said the floods have caused extensive damage to transformers and electric poles in Shivpuri and Sheopur districts leading to a major power crisis.

“Sheopur is the worst-affected district”, he said. State energy minister Pradyumna Singh Tomar said at least 30 sub-stations in the two

districts have suffered extensive damages.

Besides, thousands of electric poles were either damaged or washed away. “Many parts of Shivpuri and Sheopur districts are without electricity for the past three days. We are trying to restore power in these areas as soon as possible”, Mr Tomar said.

State home minister Narottam Mishra said that as many as 11,200 people have so far been rescued from submerged villages.

Rescue operations by the Army, the NDRF and the SDRF teams were still going on.

Deccan Chronicle- 06- August-2021

Krishna, Godavari boards speed up project takeover

DC CORRESPONDENT
HYDERABAD, AUG. 5

The Krishna and Godavari river management boards have stepped up its efforts to gain control of irrigation projects on the two rivers.

They have called for an emergency joint meeting of KRMB and GRMB on August 9.

The respective river boards sent a letter on Thursday asking TS and AP governments to send their officials for the meeting.

The meeting assumes significance in the backdrop of the TS government boycotting the KRMB meeting on Tuesday.

With just about two months left for the gazette notification to come into force and both the states requiring to deposit ₹200 crore each to KRMB and GRMB respectively to meet operational costs, the boards want to speed up its efforts to stick to the schedules and deadlines.

■ Page 2: Joint meet to implement gazette

Joint meet to implement gazette

From page 1

The joint meeting is aimed at discussing and devising an action plan to implement the recent gazette notification issued by the Centre bringing all irrigation projects on Krishna and Godavari rivers under the jurisdiction of the respective river boards.

While the AP government welcomed the gazette notification in general and sought clarifications on some provisions, the TS government is fully opposed to it. It urged the Centre to discuss matters with both the states and resolve all issues before implementing the new order.

The gazette notification comes into force from October 14. From then on, all important projects in

both the states would go under the control of respective boards. Both the states have to stop construction works of all unapproved projects that were

taken up without obtaining requisite approvals. They have to submit DPRs of these projects and seek approvals within six months to start the works.

Deccan Herald- 06- August-2021

Water level in Bhadra dam reaches maximum

SHIVAMOGGA, DHNS

There is some good news for people of Davangere, Chikkamagaluru, Chitradurga, Shivamogga and Haveri districts in general and farmers, in particular, as the water level in Bhadra dam reached the maximum level of 186 feet, on Thursday and 1,600 cusec of water was released from four crest gates of the dam.

The dam has been a life-line for farmers of the Davangere and Chitradurga districts for the past many years. It also quenches the thirst of the people of central Karnataka. The inflow of water on August 5 was 15, 206 cusec.

The dam engineers said that more water could be released depending on the inflow. With the release of water from the dam, the tail-end area farmers of Davangere district could irrigate their crops easily.



People take photos of water flowing from four crest gates of Bhadra dam on their cellphones as 1,600 cusec of water was released on Thursday, as it reached the maximum level of 186 feet. DH PHOTO/SHIVAMOGGA NAGARAJ

The water level in the dam was at 156.30 feet last year on the same day. Following copious rains in the catchment area, the dam has reached the maximum level early this year.

Tunga dam at Gajanur

near Shivamogga has already its maximum level. Linganamakki dam in Sagar taluk is also on the verge of reaching the maximum level of 1,819 feet. The water level in the dam stood at 1,809.65 feet on August 5.

Millennium Post- 06- August-2021

Rain fury in MP: Death toll reaches 12; alert for 23 dists

BHOPAL: Twelve people have died and seven injured in various rain-related incidents in flood-ravaged Gwalior and Chambal divisions of Madhya Pradesh, officials said on Thursday, even as the IMD sounded a fresh heavy rain alert for 23 districts. The rainfall in Gwalior and Chambal divisions in north MP has now abated, rescue operations have ended and relief operations have begun, officials said.

The region was being pounded by rains since Sunday.

Twelve rain-related deaths had been reported till yesterday. No death was reported today," said divisional commissioner Ashish Saxena.

Some deaths took place in the incidents of house or wall collapse, and in some cases carelessness cost people their lives, he said. A man drowned while watching a river in flood while some others were swept away while crossing flooded bridges, Saxena said. Three people were rescued on Thursday in Bhind by choppers, while aircraft dropped food packets and other emergency aid material in the worst-hit Sheopur and Datia districts, the commissioner said.

Seven people have been injured –four in Guna, two in Shivpuri and one in Morena," state revenue secretary Gyaneshwar B Patil said. Rescue operations have almost ended, he added. As many as



People being rescued from a low-lying locality near the Seep River in Sheopur, Madhya Pradesh

30,790 people were evacuated to safer places in Gwalior and Chambal divisions and around 6,000 people were staying in 126 relief camps, Patil said.

As many as 287 cattle perished -- 125 in Sheopur, 76 in Shivpuri, 75 in Datia, nine in Guna and two in Morena. 18,304 houses were damaged, including 15,000 in Sheopur, 2,124 in Datia, 672 in Shivpuri, 456 in Guna and 52 in Ashok Nagar, he said.

Four big bridges and 21 medium bridges were damaged in Sheopur and Datia.

Chief Minister Shivraj Singh Chouhan on Thursday toured the flood-affected areas of Gwalior, Datia and Shivpuri districts.

The India Meteorological Department (IMD) on Thursday evening issued an 'orange'

alert forecasting 'heavy to very heavy' rainfall in the districts of Rajgarh, Shajapur, Agar-Malwa, Mandsaur, Guna and Ashok Nagar.

A yellow alert forecast of 'heavy rain' was issued for Sheopur, Morena, Bhind, Neemuch, Shivpuri, Gwalior, Datia, Vidisha, Raisen, Sehore, Hoshangabad, Dhar, Dewas, Narsinghpur, Tikamgarh, Niwari and Sagar. Both the alerts are valid till Friday morning, said P K Saha, senior meteorologist, IMD, Bhopal.

Gwalior and Chambal divisions comprise the districts of Gwalior, Shivpuri, Guna, Ashok Nagar, Datia, Sheopur, Morena and Bhind in north Madhya Pradesh.

The state has not seen such devastation in the last 70 years that the rain-ravaged Gwalior-Chambal region is facing. Bridges near the Ratangarh Mata Temple and Sankua in the area were damaged and many people got stranded, a state official quoted chief minister Chouhan as saying during a meeting earlier in the day.

Chouhan spoke to Prime Minister Narendra Modi in the morning. The prime minister assured all possible help to the state, officials said. The CM also spoke with Union Home Minister Amit Shah who said the Centre will send an advance team to assess the damage, officials said.

MPOST

Indian Express- 06- August-2021

ANDHRA PRADESH

Flood alert after crest gate at dam washed away

Hyderabad: A flood alert has been issued for downstream areas and at Prakasam Barrage in Vijayawada after a crest gate at Pulichintala Irrigation Project in Guntur district of Andhra Pradesh was washed away Thursday.

Engineers were trying to raise two hydraulic-operated gates to let off the heavy inflow of water that the dam received overnight. The gate got stuck and the sheer force of the water blew it off.

Krishna District Collector J Nivas and Guntur District Collector Vivek Yadav issued flood alerts to villages along the river as officials raised gates to reduce pressure on the dam, and start work on erecting an emergency gate.

ENS

Indian Express- 06- August-2021

Monitor Chinese actions so that interventions on Brahmaputra don't affect our interests: Panel

Also asks govt to renegotiate Indus water treaty with Pak

HARIKISHAN SHARMA
NEW DELHI, AUGUST 5

INDIA SHOULD constantly monitor "Chinese actions" so as to ensure that they do not pursue any major interventions on the Brahmaputra that would adversely affect the country's "national interests", according to the Parliamentary Standing Committee on Water Resources. The committee, headed by BJP member Dr Sanjay Jaiswal, in a report also expressed apprehensions about Chinese projects in upstream areas.

The committee's report, titled "Flood Management in the Country including International Water Treaties in the field of Water Resource Management with particular reference to Treaty/Agreement entered into with China, Pakistan and Bhutan", was tabled in the Lok Sabha on Thursday.

The report also asked the government to renegotiate the Indus Water Treaty with Pakistan. "The Committee observe that although Indus Water Treaty has stood the test of time, they are of the view that the Treaty was framed on the basis of knowledge and technology existing at

the time of its agreement in 1960s," it said. "Present day pressing issues such as climate change, global warming and environmental impact assessment etc. were not taken into account by the Treaty."

Regarding the Brahmaputra, the report said, "The Committee have been apprised by the Ministry of External Affairs that three hydropower projects on the main stream of Brahmaputra River in Tibet Autonomous Region have been approved by the Chinese authorities and a hydropower project at Zangmu was declared fully operational by Chinese authorities in October 2015."

On India-China water relations, the committee said, "It has also been stated that the Government of India is carefully monitoring all the developments on the Brahmaputra River and has consistently conveyed its views and concerns to the Chinese authorities in order to ensure that the interests of downstream States like India are not harmed by any activities undertaken in upstream areas."

Noting that there is no water treaty between India and China at present, the report said, "The Committee express apprehension that though 'run of the river' projects undertaken by China per se may not lead to diversion of waters, but there is every possibility that water can be stored in pondages and released for run-

ning the turbines, which may lead to certain diurnal variation in downstream flow and as a consequence have an impact on water flows in Brahmaputra river and thus affect India's endeavours to tap the region's water resources."

"The Committee recommend that India should constantly monitor the Chinese actions so as to ensure that they do not pursue any major interventions on Brahmaputra river which would adversely affect our national interests," it added.

The committee expressed satisfaction at the fact that China is sharing hydrological data with regard to the Brahmaputra and Sutlej, though on payment basis.

The committee also recommended setting up of a permanent institutional structure in the form of National Integrated Flood Management Group under the chairmanship of the Minister of Jal Shakti "immediately" for control and management of floods in the country.

"Concerned Ministers of the State Governments should be the members of this group and the group should meet at least once a year. This group should take up the overall responsibility of coordination as well as building synergies between all agencies responsible for management of floods and their consequences on life and property," the report said.

The Hindu- 06- August-2021

Radial gate of Pulichintala project in A.P. washed away

STAFF REPORTER
VIJAYAWADA

One of the radial gates of KL Rao Sagar Pulichintala Project was washed away in the early hours of Thursday, causing floods in nearby villages.

Following continuous flood in the Krishna during the past several days, the 16th hydraulic operated radial gate of the project was washed away when officials tried to lift it around 3 a.m. This caused free flow of floodwater downstream and forced the authorities to lift other gates to reduce pressure on the dam and arrange a stop log on the failed gate.

Andhra Pradesh irrigation officials say that the water level in the Pulichintala project needs to be brought down and inflows reduced for in-



What a rush! Water gushing out after radial gate of KL Rao Sagar Pulichintala Project was washed away. ■ T. VIJAYA KUMAR

stallation of a stop log. An official said that equipment to install the stop log would be arranged by Friday morning and it would take around 18 hours to complete the work.

A flash flood alert has

been issued at the Prakasam Bararage in Vijayawada and areas downstream by the authorities. The flood level is most likely to rise to the first flood warning level by 11.30 p.m. on Thursday.

The Statesman- 06- August-2021

Dam the river

The ironical co-relation between the utility of dams and the annual recurrence of floods has cropped up again, claiming 16 lives in West Bengal. And following a tour of the state's flood-affected areas, Mamata Banerjee has this time called the disaster "man-made" by the Centre. The latter, via the Damodar Valley Corporation happens to be the overarching authority of the dams in Maithon, Panchet and Tenughat.

A natural disaster lends no scope for a Centre-State kerfuffle; it would be tragic if that happens. The scientific imperative ought to be realised both by Prime Minister and the Chief Minister who conversed over the telephone on Wednesday. Notably, the embankments, that collapse all too frequently, must of necessity be strengthened. They are not, and the problem arises every year.

More basically, it is a damned-if-you do, damned-if-you don't situation. If the dams are barred from releasing the excess water that they store, the possibility of dam-burst and extensive flooding is dangerously real. The state's irrigation department has written to the DVC, requesting it to urgently stop releasing water. While this may be an option on the face of it, the flip side of doing so is cause for alarm both to the people of West Bengal, the DVC headquarters in Kolkata and the DVC authorities in places where the dams are situated.

The Chief Minister has of course hit the bull's eye when she contended that due to lack of dredging, the dams have lost their capacity to hold the water. In the net, excessive water is now being released, thus aggravating the floods. Maintenance, therefore, is at the core of the annual scourge. Very pertinently has the Chief Minister written to the PM, underlining the need to develop what she calls "holistic and long-term solutions" to increase the storage capacity of the DVC network and also ensure that the state is spared the regular devastation and suffering from man-made floods perpetrated by huge releases from the DVC dams.

No government, whether at the Centre or in the states, can afford to suffer what they call a "dam-burst". Arguably, the phenomenon can be as ruinous as floods. The Chief Minister is also fairly accurate with the timeline - heavy release of water from the DVC dams led to man-made floods in West Bengal in 2015, 2017 and 2021.

Not wholly unrelated is the fact that Kolkata was rendered out of joint by Wednesday's torrential rain. Almost the entire city, in addition to the peripheral districts of Howrah, Hooghly, Midnapore and Burdwan in South Bengal were waterlogged. Evacuation of residents has begun in the affected areas and housing may turn out to be a grave problem should the seasonal rainfall intensify.

In addition to the dredging of dams, as the Chief Minister has recommended to the Prime Minister, it is direly imperative to cleanse and revamp the underground drainage system in Kolkata. The network is said to have been laid in the 19th century.

Business Line- 06- August-2021

CWC, 10 States sign \$250-m loan project with World Bank

This will support schemes to improve safety and performance of existing dams

OUR BUREAU

New Delhi, August 5

The World Bank on Thursday signed a \$250 million loan project with the Centre, the Central Water Commission (CWC), and 10 States to support schemes to improve the safety and performance of existing dams, a World Bank statement said.

The project, the Second Dam Rehabilitation and Improvement Project (DRIP-2), will strengthen dam safety by building safety guidelines, bringing in global experience, and in-

novative technologies. The from the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development has a maturity period of 13 years, including a six-year grace period, the statement said.

Also envisaged is the introduction of a risk-based approach to dam asset management that will help to effectively allocate financial resources towards priority dam safety needs.

Project implementation

The project will be implemented in approximately 120 dams across Chhattis-



garh, Gujarat, Kerala, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Manipur, Meghalaya, Odisha, Rajasthan, and Tamil Nadu, and at the national level through CWC. Other States or agencies may be added during project implementation, it said.

"The Government of India has committed financial resources for a National Dam Safety Programme including phased project support

from development partners," it quoted the Department of Economic Affairs (DEA) in the Finance Ministry.

The agreement was signed by Rajat Kumar Mishra, Additional Secretary at DEA, representatives from the State governments and Junaid Ahmad, World Bank Country Director for India.

"This is the world's largest dam management programme. Its objective is to break the costly cycle of 'build-neglect-rebuild' which characterises the operations and maintenance of infrastructure across sectors," said Ahmad.

The country has over 5,000 large dams with a

storage capacity of more than 300 billion cubic metres.

DRIP-1 that improved the safety and sustainable performance of 223 dams in six States of India and one central agency.

Other important measures that DRIP-2 will support include flood forecasting systems and integrated reservoir operations that will contribute to build climate resilience, preparation and implementation of emergency action plans to enable vulnerable downstream communities and piloting of supplemental revenue generation schemes such as floating solar panels.

Business Line- 06- August-2021

Managing water, the Denmark way

Effective policies can help India tackle not just water stress but also reduce greenhouse gas emission substantially



N MADHAVAN

MATTERS OF FACT

Denmark is not a water stressed country. It supplies copious quantity of drinking water to all of its 5.8 million citizens and the industries that operate in the country and still has a lot of more to spare.

But this abundance has not made the country complacent. It has adopted and embraced policies that have made water usage not only efficient but also environmentally friendly. Its water loss (ratio of water pumped out and sold), at 7.29 per cent, is among the lowest in the world.

As much as 95 per cent of the waste-water that the country generates is recovered and treated. Much of it is re-used as well. That's not it. By 2030, Denmark's water sector — both involving supply of fresh water and treatment of waste-water, will become climate neutral.

In other words, carbon-di-oxide (CO₂) and other greenhouses gases that the sector emits (in 2017 it was 2.18 lakh tonnes of CO₂ equivalents) will be completely neutralised by adopting efficient solutions. This will go a long way in helping Denmark meet its target of reducing CO₂ emission by 70 per cent by 2030 (from 1990 levels).

India, on the other hand, is water stressed. Close to 600 million of its citizens face high to extreme water stress. Over two lakh people die every year due to inadequate access

to drinking water. As per NITI Aayog's report, by 2030 India's water demand is projected to be twice its available supply. World Bank predicts that water shortage will cost the nation 6 per cent of its GDP by 2050.

Under the circumstances, the way it has been handling the water sector is nothing short of callousness. Water loss is in excess of 50 per cent. As much as 70 per cent of the sewage that is generated in urban India is not treated. It is either discharged partially treated or untreated in to the environment. Waste-water generated in rural India is barely captured. Only a fraction of waste-water is re-used after treatment.

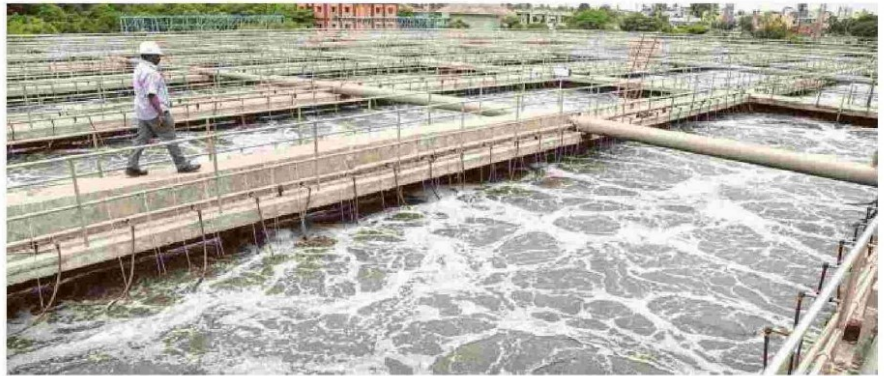
Slow change

Fortunately things are changing, albeit slowly. Investments are being made in treating waste-water and baby steps have been taken to re-use treated water. There is a lot we can imbibe from what Denmark has done to make its water sector efficient.

Water loss: Even if a municipal corporation wants to arrest the water loss, the biggest challenge it faces is lack of data. In the absence of bulk meters, there is no information on where the leakage is happening. Denmark's water loss was much higher than its present 7.29 per cent when it started installing

bulk meters in early 1990s. By 1993 the country had imposed penalty tax on water companies (mostly state-owned) that had a loss in excess of 10 per cent. It used the data generated from meters to benchmark one utility against the other. Best practices were shared and overall water loss began to reduce.

India needs to look at measuring water loss in the mains as a first step



Precious resource A file picture of a sewage treatment plant in Chennai K PICHUMANI

by installing smart bulk meters. Bengaluru's Water Loss Management Project recently showed some significant results. Water loss reduced from 56 per cent to 27 per cent thus saving 40 million litres per day. Such initiatives have to be done across the country.

Price of water: A consumer in Denmark pays ₹850 per cubic metre of water. An Indian user, on the other hand, pays a fraction of that as water is priced not based on consumption but on the basis of the value of the property he or she owns. Metering retail water consumption is a politically contentious issue and no political party has had the will to attempt it. Denmark introduced meters at consumer levels in 1996 and that saw a sharp reduction in water consumption as people stopped wasting water.

Bangalore Water Supply and Sewerage Board has brought in a law in May 2020 to make it mandatory for homes of certain sizes to install a meter. This, it has clarified, is not for billing purposes but for ensuring judicious consumption. This is a good start and progressively governments should start charging

everyone on consumption basis. It can subsidise economically weaker sections, if it wants to.

Treating Waste-water: Total sewage generated across urban centres in the country is 72,368 million litres per day (MLD). India has capacity to treat 31,841 MLD (44 per cent of the sewage generated). Of this, only 20,236 MLD amounting to 28 per cent of the sewage generated gets treated as per the prescribed norms. Nearly 52,133 MLD is let out into the environment.

While the Modi government has taken up waste-water treatment as a priority and has made funds available to set up effluent treatment plant (ETPs) through schemes such as Amrut, adoption has been slow. Denmark ensured almost 95 per cent of its waste-water is treated because it saw sewage as a resource and not a liability. Waste water contains gas that can be used to generate power, solid waste that is rich in phosphorus (can be used as manure) and the treated water can be sold for industrial use or irrigation. Governments should start seeing waste-water as a resource.

Every ETP should be designed so as to recover the cost of operations

by selling the treated water, sludge (as manure) and supply surplus electricity to the grid. Today, there are plenty of funds available to set up an ETP but the challenge has often been in running them. By selling the output, this problem can be overcome.

Re-using Treated Water: Chennai is the first city in India to re-use more than 20 per cent of its treated waste-water. It is home to India's largest Tertiary Treatment Reverse Osmosis Plant which further refines the treated water from ETP and supplies to the auto cluster near Chennai thus saving 16,000 million litres of water annually. States like Tamil Nadu, Gujarat, Haryana, Maharashtra and Karnataka have come up with a re-use policy that aims to consume 70 per cent of treated water by 2025 and 100 per cent by 2030. A good start indeed.

Once we start treating all the waste-water (not just in cities but in rural areas too) and re-use treated water, it is just not the water stress that will reduce. Letting out waste-water into the environment leads to release of Nitrous Oxide which is 298 times more harmful to the Ozone layer than CO₂.

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Business Line- 06- August-2021

Bring flood management into concurrent list: House panel

OUR BUREAU

New Delhi, August 5

The Standing Committee of Parliament on Water Resources, expressing concern at the nationwide menace of floods, has recommended setting up of a permanent institutional structure under the Centre in the form of National Integrated Flood Management Group (NIFMG). The panel has also mooted that "flood control and management" should be brought under the concurrent list of the Constitution.

The panel, in a report, *Flood Management in the Country including International Water Treaties in the field of Water Resource Management with particular reference to Treaty/Agreement entered into with China, Pakistan And Bhutan*, tabled in both the Houses on Thursday said NIFMG should be chaired by Union Minister of Jal Shakti with concerned Ministers of the State Governments as members and the group should meet at least once a year.

"The committee recommends that the first meeting of this group should be held within three months of the presentation of this report to Parliament," it said.

Quoting the National Commission on Floods, the report said the total area liable to flood in the country is 40 million ha (Mha). "The total damage to crops, houses and public utilities from the year 1953 to 2018 has been estimated to be about ₹4,00,097 crore which is a colossal amount. The total human lives lost during this period has been assessed to be around 1,09,374 and around 61,09,628 cattle have also perished. The high losses and damages caused by floods every year is indicative of poor planning, failure of the flood control policy / measures, inadequate preparedness and ineffective disaster management," the report added.

Inter linking of rivers

The panel was unhappy to note that despite a National Perspective Plan (NPP) in 1980, no project for Inter Linking of Rivers (ILR) has been executed so far. It said evolving consensus among the States is the biggest obstacle in the implementation of ILR, but urged the Centre to take immediate steps to resolve the hurdles considering the huge losses caused by floods every year and huge benefits accruing out of the interlinking of rivers.

Jansatta- 06- August-2021

केन-बेतवा परियोजना के पहले चरण को पर्यावरण मंजूरी मिली

सरकार ने गुरुवार को कहा कि केन-बेतवा परियोजना के प्रथम चरण के लिए पर्यावरण मंजूरी मिल गई है। दूसरे चरण के लिए जल्द पर्यावरण मंजूरी मिलने की उम्मीद है। केंद्रीय जल शक्ति मंत्री गजेंद्र सिंह शेखावत ने लोकसभा

में प्रश्नकाल में कहा कि केन-बेतवा परियोजना के प्रथम चरण के लिए पर्यावरण मंजूरी मिल गई है। दूसरे चरण को लेकर भारतीय वन्य जीवन संस्थान ने एक समन्वित योजना तैयार की है। (भाषा)

Haribhoomi- 06- August-2021

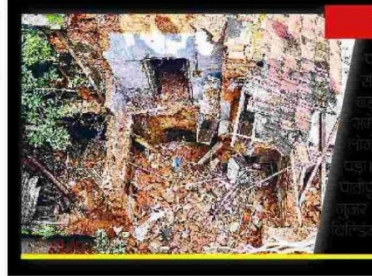
देश के कई राज्यों में पांच दिन का अलर्ट, उत्तर भारत में होगी भारी बारिश

नई दिल्ली। भारी बारिश की मार झेल रहे कई राज्यों को रात की उमीद नहीं है। मौसम विभाग की ओर से जारी ताजा अपडेट के मुताबिक कम दबाव का एक क्षेत्र बरकरार है। निम्न दबाव के क्षेत्र वाराणसी, गया, बाँकुरा के साथ दक्षिण पूर्व की ओर बंगाल की उत्तरपूर्वी खाड़ी की ओर जा रहा है। इसकी वजह से अगले पांच दिनों तक मध्य प्रदेश में व्यापक बारिश होने की संभावना है।

सात और आठ को यूपी के कई जिले होंगे तरबतर



यूपी के कई जिलों में सात और आठ अगस्त को भारी बारिश के आसार हैं। मौसम विभाग ने कहा है कि दोनों दिन उत्तर प्रदेश के विभिन्न इलाकों में कहीं भारी तो कहीं बहुत भारी बारिश हो सकती है। पांच और छह अगस्त को पश्चिमी यूपी के कुछेक स्थानों पर भारी वर्षा होने का अनुमान जताया गया है।



बंगाल में बारिश से हाल बेहाल

पश्चिम बंगाल में कहीं-कहीं भारी बारिश की संभावना है। मजी रोड से लेकर अमरुस्ट स्ट्रीट, इन्ड्रबाजार, सीआर एवेन्यू, बज्जबाजार, साल्टलेक जैसी अनेक स्थानों में सड़कों पर पानी जमा हो गया। लोगों को आने-जाने में दिक्कतों का सामना करना पड़ा। कई दुकानों और घरों में पानी भर गया। पानी के अंदरपास फिर पानी से भर गया। यहां से गुजर रही एक बस इसमें फंस गई। कोलकाता में एक बिल्डिंग का हिस्सा भरभराकर गिर गया।

पूर्वोत्तर राज्यों में भारी बारिश होगी

चेतावनी में यह भी कहा गया है कि पूर्वोत्तर राज्यों में नौ अगस्त तक कहीं-कहीं मूसलाधार के साथ व्यापक बारिश होने की संभावना है। इसमें 10 अगस्त से और इजाफा होने की संभावना है। यही नहीं अगले पांच दिनों के दौरान उत्तराखंड और पश्चिमी उत्तर प्रदेश में व्यापक वर्षा के संकेत हैं।

आज और कल भी होगी बरसात

पांच और छह अगस्त को पूर्वी राजस्थान में अलग-अलग इलाकों में भारी बारिश हो सकती है। अगले चार से पांच दिनों के दौरान प्रायद्वीपीय भारत और इससे सटे पूर्वी मध्य भारत (ओडिशा को छोड़कर) महाराष्ट्र और गुजरात में कम बारिश की गतिविधियां जारी रह सकती हैं।

राजस्थान के कई जिलों में बाढ़ के हालात



जयपुर। भारी बारिश के कारण कोटा-बूंदी-बारान-धौलपुर सहित अन्य जिलों में बाढ़ के हालात बन गए हैं। बारान जिले में कई दिनों से लगातार दो सौ मिमी से अधिक बारिश हो रही है। कोटा संभाग के कई जिलों में वहां पानी ही पानी नजर आ रहा है। बड़ोद में कालीसिंध नदी की पुलिया पर करीब 4 फीट की चादर चल रही है। कोटा-इटावा मार्ग बंद हो गया। मारवाड़ा चौकी में रेलवे अंडर ब्रिज के नाले में पानी की आवक होने से आवागमन बंद है।

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बिहार के कई जिलों में चेतावनी स्तर को पार कर चुका है जलस्तर, कटिहार जिले के कई प्रखंडों में बरंडी नदी उफान पर

गंगा खतरे के निशान से ऊपर, बाढ़ का संकट बढ़ा



भागलपुर | हिन्दुस्तान ब्यूरो

गंगा और कोसी नदी का जलस्तर तेजी से बढ़ रहा है। खगड़िया और कटिहार जिले में दोनों नदियां खतरे के निशान को पार कर गई हैं। इससे दोनों नदियों के किनारे रहने वाले लोगों को बाढ़ का भय सता रहा है।

कटिहार जिले में सभी नदियों के जलस्तर में वृद्धि हो रही है। कोसी और बरंडी नदी के बाद गंगा का जलस्तर भी चार प्रखंडों में खतरे के निशान को पार कर गया है। बाढ़ नियंत्रण विभाग ने कटिहार जिले के सभी अभियंता को हाई अलर्ट किया है।

गंगा और कोसी नदी का जलस्तर खतरे के निशान पार कर गया है। फिलहाल सभी तटबंधों की निगरानी की जा रही है। वहीं खगड़िया जिले में गंगा, कोसी, बागमती व बूढ़ी गंडक नदी दूसरे दिन भी उफान पर रही।



हावड़ा के बाढ़ प्रभावित एक गांव में गुरुवार को कामचलाऊ नाव से पानी के बीच से घर का सामान लेकर गुजरते ग्रामीण। ● प्रेर

कोंकण और पश्चिम महाराष्ट्र के लिए 100 करोड़ जारी : केंद्रीय मंत्री नीतिन गडकरी ने कहा कि भारी बारिश से प्रभावित कोंकण और पश्चिमी महाराष्ट्र की सड़कों की मरम्मत के लिए 100 करोड़ रुपये मंजूर किए गए हैं। सड़क परिवहन और राजमार्ग मंत्री ने ट्वीट कर बताया कि मुंबई-गोवा राजमार्ग पर चिपलून इलाके के पास वशिष्ठ पुल बुरी तरह क्षतिग्रस्त हो गया था।

कुशीनगर में बांध विलीन

कुशीनगर। बड़ी गंडक नदी के शिकजे में सीधे तौर से अहिरीलीदान-पिपराघाट का मुख्य तटबंध आ गया है। गुरुवार को एपी तटबंध के बाघाचौर किमी 12.850 पर स्लोप को काटकर नदी टॉप पर पहुंच गई और 20 मीटर हिस्सा काटकर अपनी आगोश में लिया। गांवों में खलबली मच गई है।

खाद्य निरीक्षक को बचाया

मुनस्यारी। उच्च हिमालयी क्षेत्रों की राशन की दुकानों और गोदामों का निरीक्षण कर लौट रहे खाद्य निरीक्षक ग्लेशियर धंस जाने से उसमें दब गए। गनीमत रही कि उनकी चीख-पुकार की आवाज सुनकर सीमा पर तैनात आईटीबीपी के जवान बिना देर किए वहां पहुंच गए और बर्फ काटकर उन्हें सुरक्षित निकाला।

मध्य प्रदेश: छह जिलों में रेड अलर्ट जारी

भोपाल। मध्य प्रदेश के ग्वालियर-चंबल संभागों में बाढ़ से हुई तबाही के बीच मौसम विभाग ने अगले 24 घंटों में प्रदेश के छह जिलों में भारी से अति भारी वर्षा के अनुमान के मद्देनजर रेड अलर्ट और 17 जिलों में ऑरेंज अलर्ट जारी किया गया है। आईएमडी भोपाल कार्यालय ने बताया कि प्रदेश के छह जिलों राजगढ़, शाजापुर, आगर, मालवा, मंदसौर, गुना एवं अशोकनगर में आगामी 24 घंटों में भारी से अति भारी बारिश के अनुमान के मद्देनजर रेड अलर्ट जारी किया गया है।

राजस्थान के पूर्वी इलाकों में भारी बारिश से बाढ़

जयपुर। राजस्थान के पूर्वी हिस्सों में हो रही लगातार भारी बारिश के कारण कई इलाकों में बाढ़ जैसी स्थिति बन गई है, जिससे निपटने के लिए गुरुवार को भी राहत और बचाव अभियान जारी रहा। पिछले 24 घंटों में झालावाड़, बारा, टोंक, कोटा और बूंदी के कई इलाकों में भारी से अति भारी बारिश दर्ज की गई। झालावाड़ के अकलेरा में सबसे अधिक 154 मिलीमीटर बारिश दर्ज की गई। एसडीआरएफ ने बताया कि प्रभावित इलाकों में राहत और बचाव कार्य जारी रहा।

उत्तराखंड में नौ तक बारिश का येलो अलर्ट

देहरादून। मौसम विभाग ने राज्य में नौ अगस्त तक के लिए बारिश का येलो अलर्ट जारी किया है। शुक्रवार को कहीं-कहीं विशेषकर पर्वतीय क्षेत्रों में तीव्र बौछार व आकाशीय बिजली के साथ गर्जना होने की संभावना के चलते येलो अलर्ट है। सात को भी पर्वतीय क्षेत्रों में तीव्र बौछार, आकाशीय बिजली गिरने मध्यम बारिश की संभावना है। आठ को देहरादून, नैनीताल, बागेश्वर, चंपावत, पिथौरागढ़ जिलों में कहीं कहीं भारी बारिश का येलो अलर्ट है।

शिवराज सिंह अफसरों से बोले- 70 साल में ऐसी स्थिति नहीं देखी, बाढ़ प्रभावितों की सहायता के लिए जी जान से काम करे

सीएम ने देर रात बुलाई आपात बैठक, कहा-भयानक तबाही हुई है, प्रभावितों को भोजन-पानी, दवाएं और सुरक्षित ठिकाना मिले

हरिमणि न्यूज २४ गोपाल

मुख्यमंत्री शिवराज सिंह चौहान ने कहा है कि बाढ़ से प्रदेश के कई क्षेत्रों में भयानक तबाही हुई है। पिछले 70 सालों में ऐसी स्थिति नहीं देखी। श्योपुर शहर में 20-20 फीट पानी है। बड़ी संख्या में घर गिर रहे हैं। कभी-कभी ऐसा मौका आता है जब जी-जान से काम करने की आवश्यकता होती है। इस समय वह मौका है। अपनी पूरी ताकत से सामाजिक संगठनों तथा सभी का पूरा सहयोग लेते हुए बाढ़ प्रभावितों के लिए कार्य करें। राहत शिविरों के अलावा बाढ़ प्रभावित बस्तियों में भोजन स्वच्छ जल आदि की व्यवस्था सुनिश्चित की जाए।

मुख्यमंत्री चौहान ने बुधवार को ग्वालियर संभाग के बाढ़ प्रभावित क्षेत्रों के निरीक्षण के बाद भोपाल लौटकर निवास पर देर रात वरिष्ठ अधिकारियों की बैठक ली। बैठक में मुख्य सचिव इकबाल सिंह बैस, अपर मुख्य सचिव गृह राजेश राजौरा, डीजीपी होमगार्ड, प्रमुख सचिव राजस्व मनीष रस्तोगी, जनसंपर्क आयुक्त सुदाम खांडे आदि उपस्थित थे।

▶▶ ग्वालियर-चंबल के बाढ़ प्रभावित गांवों से करीब 4 हजार लोगों को निकाला
▶▶ मुख्यमंत्री चौहान ने अति वृष्टि एवं बाढ़ से नुकसान के आंकलन के लिए निर्देश



भोपाल में बुधवार देर रात सीएम चौहान ने वरिष्ठ अधिकारियों के साथ बाढ़ प्रभावितों के लिए राहत कार्य संबंधी बैठक ली।

पीएम ने हर संभव मदद का दिया भरोसा

मुख्यमंत्री शिवराज सिंह चौहान ने बुधवार को ग्वालियर एवं चंबल संभाग के बाढ़ प्रभावित गांवों का जायजा लेने के लिए राजकीय विमान से राजमाता विजयराजे सिंधिया विमानतल पहुंचे। यहां से उन्होंने हैलीकॉप्टर से ग्वालियर, दतिया, शिवपुरी, मुरैना और श्योपुर जिले के बाढ़ प्रभावित लगभग चार दर्जन गांवों का जायजा लिया। इस दौरान उन्होंने अति वृष्टि एवं बाढ़ से अधोसंरचना को हुए नुकसान का आंकलन करने के निर्देश भी दिए। साथ ही कहा कि यदि राहत और बचाव कार्यों के लिए किसी मदद की जरूरत हो तो बालू, सरकार इसकी पूर्ति करेगी। उधर, प्रधानमंत्री नरेन्द्र मोदी ने कहा कि केन्द्र सरकार मद्र के भारी बारिश तथा बाढ़ से प्रभावित क्षेत्रों में लोगों की सहायता के लिए राज्य सरकार के साथ निकटतापूर्वक काम कर रही है। उन्होंने मुख्यमंत्री चौहान से भी बात की और स्थिति की समीक्षा की। एक टवीट में पीएम ने कहा कि केन्द्र मद्र में भारी बारिश तथा बाढ़ से प्रभावित क्षेत्रों में लोगों की सहायता के लिए राज्य सरकार के साथ निकटतापूर्वक काम कर रही है। मैंने मुख्यमंत्री चौहान से बात की है और स्थिति की समीक्षा की है।

मुख्यमंत्री चौहान ने ये निर्देश दिए

- बाढ़ प्रभावित क्षेत्रों में सभी की सुरक्षा सुनिश्चित की जाए।
- प्रभावित व्यक्तियों को भोजन व शुद्ध जल, उपलब्ध कराए।
- यह सुनिश्चित करें कि प्रभावित क्षेत्रों में संक्रामक बीमारियों का प्रकोप नहीं हो।
- जिन व्यक्तियों के घर नष्ट हो गए हैं उन्हें आश्रय स्थल उपलब्ध कराए, साथ ही घरों की मरम्मत में मदद की जाए।
- विद्युत आपूर्ति पुनः स्थापित की जाए।
- टूटे गए पुलों की मरम्मत की जाए तथा वैकल्पिक रास्ते तैयार किए जाए।
- संचार सुविधा पुनःस्थापित की जाए।
- आवास फसल और पशुओं की हानि का तुरंत सर्वे किया जाए।
- बाढ़ राहत राशि प्राप्ति करने के लिए केंद्र सरकार को प्रस्ताव प्रेषित करें।



गृहमंत्री डॉ. नरोत्तम मिश्रा ने दतिया जिले के बाढ़ग्रस्त क्षेत्र का नौका से जायजा लिया।

जान की परवाह किए बिना बाढ़ में फंसे लोगों को गृहमंत्री ने बचाया बाढ़ में उन्हें भी किया रेस्क्यू



मंत्री डॉ. नरोत्तम मिश्रा को घर की छत से रेस्क्यू करती टीम।

बाढ़ प्रभावितों को दिया मदद का भरोसा डॉ. नरोत्तम ने सिंध नदी पर क्षतिग्रस्त पुल को देखा। उन्होंने दतिया जिले में बाढ़ ग्रस्त गांवों का नौका से दौरा किया। व पंचायत भवन में ठहरे लोगों से मेट कर हर संभव मदद का भरोसा दिलाया।

प्रदेश के गृह मंत्री डॉ. नरोत्तम मिश्रा ने बुधवार को दतिया व डबरा के बाढ़ ग्रस्त क्षेत्रों का नाव और हैलीकॉप्टर से जायजा लिया। इस दौरान उन्होंने कोटारा गांव में एक घर में कुल लोगों को फंसे हुए देखा तो अपनी जान की परवाह किए बिना छत पर उतर गए और वहां फंसे लोगों को रेस्क्यू कराया, लेकिन वह फंस गए थे। हालांकि बाद में उन्हें भी रेस्क्यू किया गया। इससे पहले मंत्री डॉ. मिश्रा ने राहत और बचाव कार्यों का जायजा लेकर अधिकारियों को मुरैदी से कार्य करने के निर्देश दिए। बाढ़ ग्रस्त दतिया व डबरा क्षेत्र में डॉ. मिश्रा ने बुधवार को दतिया व डबरा के बाढ़ ग्रस्त क्षेत्रों का नाव से जायजा लिया। उन्होंने राहत और बचाव कार्यों का जायजा लेकर मुरैदी से कार्य करने के निर्देश दिए।

सप्लाई चैन को जल्द से जल्द सुदृढ़ करें: सीएम

देर रात हुई बैठक में सीएम चौहान ने कहा कि टूटे मकानों की मरम्मत, बिजली की आपूर्ति बहाल करना, टूटे फूलों को दुरुस्त कराना, संचार व्यवस्था को बहाल करना आदि कार्य युद्ध स्तर पर किए जाए। इससे पहले दिन में चौहान ने ग्वालियर विमानतल पर वरिष्ठ अधिकारियों की बैठक ली। उन्होंने पिछले दिनों से जारी अत्यधिक बारिश और बाढ़ से प्रभावित सप्लाई चैन को जल्द से जल्द सुदृढ़ करने के निर्देश दिए। उन्होंने कहा कि हमारी सप्लाई चैन इतनी मजबूत हो, साथ ही सड़क आवागमन भी सुचारू बना रहे। प्रभावित सभी गांवों में अभियान में लोगों की स्वास्थ्य जांच कराए और दवाइयों का इंतजाम करें।

ग्वालियर-चंबल संभाग के 218 बाढ़ प्रभावित गांवों में रेस्क्यू सफल

मुख्यमंत्री ने कहा कि यह सुखद है कि ग्वालियर और चंबल संभाग के बाढ़ प्रभावित गांवों में चारों ओर पानी से घिरे लगभग 4 हजार लोगों को बचाने में हम सफल रहे हैं। ग्वालियर-चंबल संभाग के कुल 218 बाढ़ प्रभावित गांवों में रेस्क्यू ऑपरेशन पूर्णतः सफल रहे। इन गांवों में ग्वालियर संभाग के 150 और चंबल संभाग के 68 गांव शामिल हैं। दोनों संभाग में अब कोई भी ऐसा गांव नहीं है, जहां के लोग पानी के बीच फंसे हों। कुल मिलाकर ग्वालियर एवं चंबल संभाग के लगभग 1200 गांव बाढ़ एवं जल भराव से प्रभावित हुए हैं। इनमें से 218 गांवों में रेस्क्यू ऑपरेशन के जरिए लोगों को सुरक्षित स्थानों पर पहुंचाया गया है। रेस्क्यू ऑपरेशन में एसडीआईआरएफ की 29 टीमें, एनडीआरएफ की 6 टीमें, थम सेना के 4 कॉलम, एयर फोर्स के पांच हैलीकॉप्टर तथा 115 नाव का उपयोग किया गया है।

शिवराज सिंह ने कहा-खतरा अभी टला नहीं इसलिए विशेष सतर्कता बरतें

मुख्यमंत्री ने कहा कि हालांकि सिंध, पार्वती एवं कुणों नदी का जल स्तर घटा है। फिर भी जल भराव एवं बाढ़ का खतरा अभी टला नहीं है। मौसम विभाग ने अगले 48 घंटों के दौरान भारी बारिश की चेतावनी दी है। इसलिए विशेष सावधानी बरतने की जरूरत है। लोगों को फिर से निचले क्षेत्र में न जाने दें। साथ ही जिन घरों के आस-पास पिछले दिनों से पानी भरा है उन्हें सुरक्षित स्थान पर ले जाए। राहत कैंपों में अस्थायी रूप से जिन लोगों का पुनर्वास किया गया है, वहां पर भोजन-पानी और आवास आदि की बेहतर से बेहतर व्यवस्था रहे।



प्रदेश के अनेक हिस्सों में बाढ़ से उत्पन्न हालात के बीच प्रदेश के राजस्व मंत्री गोविंद सिंह राजपूत ने कहा है कि पानी कम होते ही नुकसान के आंकलन और सर्वे करने के आदेश दिए गए हैं। अगले 48 घंटे बाढ़ और बारिश को लेकर महत्वपूर्ण है। सरकार की पहली प्राथमिकता लोगों को सुरक्षित बाहर निकाल कर उनके भोजन और रहने की व्यवस्था करना है। अधिकारियों को निर्देश दिए हैं कि बाढ़ का पानी कम होते ही नुकसान का सर्वे कराया जाए। उन्होंने बाढ़ प्रभावित इलाकों के लोगों को भरोसा दिलाया है कि सरकार हर संभव मदद करेगी।

पानी कम होते ही होगा नुकसान का आंकलन और सर्वे : गोविंद सिंह

Rajasthan Patrika- 06- August-2021

पटना सिटी में बाढ़ का खतरा दरधा नदी के पानी के बहाव को सैंड बैग से रोकने की कोशिश

पटना @ पत्रिका. भारी बरसात के कारण नदियों के उफान से बिहार की राजधानी समेत कई जिलों में बाढ़ का खतरा पैदा हो रहा है। एक तरफ नदियां उफान पर हैं तो दूसरी पर पानी की तेज धार के कारण बांधों में कटाव हो रहा है। पटना में एनआईटी घाट पर पानी चढ़ने के बाद अब पटना सिटी के महावीर घाट और गायघाट में भी गंगा पाथवे पर पानी चढ़ गया है। सुरक्षा को लेकर अलर्ट कर दिया गया है। पटना के धनरूआ प्रखंड के सेवधाबिगहा में दरधा नदी में पानी के बहाव को सैंड बैग से रोकने की कोशिश हो रही है।

नदियों के जलस्तर में बढ़त जारी है। बाढ़ का पानी बढ़ने से लोगों की चिंता बढ़ रही है। इस खतरे से निपटने को लेकर प्रशासन ने बांधों के साथ अन्य इलाकों में निगरानी के पदाधिकारियों को जवाबदेही के साथ लगा दिया है। पटना में ग्रामीण इलाकों के साथ शहर में भी नदी का बढ़ता जलस्तर चिंता बढ़ाने वाला है। धनरूआ, दनियावा, फतुहा, अथमलगोला प्रखंडों में दरधा, पुनपुन, महत्माइन और भुतही नदियों के जलस्तर में तेजी से बढ़ोत्तरी हो रही है। इस कारण से कटाव और ओवरटॉपिंग का खतरा है। इसके रोकने के लिए प्रशासन का पूरा

अलर्ट है। जल संसाधन विभाग और जिला प्रशासन की टीम निगरानी में लगी है।

डीएम डॉ. चंद्रशेखर सिंह के निर्देश पर स्थानीय प्रशासन अलर्ट मोड पर है। अधिकारी गांव से लगातार संपर्क स्थापित कर रहत एवं बचाव के कार्य कर रहे हैं। इसके साथ ही पानी के बहाव को रोकने के लिए जल संसाधन विभाग एवं जिला प्रशासन द्वारा सैंड बैग का प्रयोग किया जा रहा है। इससे पानी को रोकने तथा सुदृढ़ीकरण का काम किया जा रहा है। जिलाधिकारी के निर्देश पर संबंधित अनुमंडल पदाधिकारी द्वारा लगातार मॉनिटरिंग की जा रही है। कहा गया है कि अफसर बिना किसी पूर्व सूचना के क्षेत्र नहीं छोड़ें।

बाढ़ के कारण प्रभावित इलाकों में रोटी का संकट हो गया है। लोगों का घर पूरी तरह से डूब गया है। इस कारण से रहने से लेकर और कोई व्यवस्था नहीं है। अब लोगों को इधर उधर शरण लेकर बचाव करना पड़ रहा है। इसी में हो रही बारिश के कारण समस्या और बढ़ गई है। बाढ़ और बारिश से बचाव में प्रशासन की टीम काम कर रही है। प्रशासन ने सामुदायिक किचन की व्यवस्था की है जिससे बाढ़ प्रभावित लोगों को खाना की व्यवस्था की जा सके।