Maintain status quo on SYL canal: SC tells Punjab government

UTKARSHANAND

NEW DELHI, MARCH 17

ASSERTING THAT it will not remain a silent spectator when its orders are sought to be made "inexecutable", the Supreme Court Thursday ordered a status quo with respect to the land acquired for Satluj-Yamuna Link (SYL) canal as it accepted the Haryana government's plea for an interim restraint order.

A Constitution Bench led by Justice Anil R Dave referred to two Supreme Court judgments of 2002 and 2004, and the consequent decree passed by it whereby Punjab was asked to construct the canalon its territory.

"Prima facie, it appears that an effort has been made to see that execution of a decree of this Court is being made inexecutable and this Court cannot be a silent spectator...therefore, we direct that status quo shall be maintained by the parties with regard to the properties...," said the five-judge Constitution Bench.

The Bench said the status quo order will operate with respect to "lands, works, property and portions of the canal and all lands within the alignment of the SYL canal within the territories of Punjab" covered by its previous judgments.

The court also made the Union Home Secretary, along with the Chief Secretary and Director General of Punjab Police, accountable as court receivers to ensure its order is complied with.

On Haryana's application demanding an ad-interim protection by appointing the court receiver and restraining the

KHATTAR RETURNS BADAL'S CHEQUE

Chandigarh: Haryana Chief Minister Manohar Lal Khattar told the State Assembly on Thursday that he had returned Punjab's cheque (about Rs 191 crore) in lieu of all the funds it received for the SYL Canal project. Khattar said he had returned the cheque Wednesday night, the very day he had received it. Khattar said he also wrote to Punjab Chief Minister Parkash Singh Badal, expressing his displeasure on the Punjab government's move to pass the Bill regarding de-notifying the land meant for the canal. ENS

publication of the assent to the Punjab government's bill in gazette notification, the Bench sought a formal response from Punjabby March 28.

For now, the court's order puts a hurdle in the Punjab government's attempt to wriggle out of the agreement to enable Haryanato use its share of water of the Satluj and its tributary Beas after constructing the 214-km SYL canal. With Assembly elections due next year, the SAD-BJP government in Punjab has sought to denotify more than 3,900 acres acquired for construction of the SYL and offer the land to farmers.

The crisis over the canalissue intensified when Punjab returned a Rs 191.75 crore-cheque to the Manohar Lal Khattar government. Punjab had received the amount for construction of the proposed canal.

Appearing for Haryana, senior advocate Shyam Diwan had argued that the Punjab Assembly had on March 14 passed a Bill against the construction of SYL canal but the Bill, which is yetto get the Governor's assent, will negate the apex court's 2004 decree calling for unhindered construction. He referred to news reports with photographs that JCB and earthmoving equipment have been arranged for levelling the land on Punjab's part of the canal.

Appearing for Punjab, senior advocates Ram Jethmalani and Rajeev Dhawan submitted that the apex court has only advisory jurisdiction and cannot pass interim orders as there was no prima facie case made out. The arguments of the opposite side, they maintained, was based on media reports.

However, Dhawan's submission on media reports did not cut much ice with the Bench, which shot back, "Do you think what has been stated in the newspapers is incorrect?" "You could have done something on Monday (the day the Bill was passed in Punjab Assembly)," the Bench said, adding that if anything happens in between "we will modify our order."

Solicitor General Ranjit Kumar, representing the Centre, had also expressed reservations against any interim order and sought an adjournment. But the bench said the order was necessitated in view of the facts and circumstances. The court will hear the matter next on March 31.



A Haryana Congress delegation steps out after meeting President Pranab Mukherjee at the Rashtrapati Bhavan on the SYL Canalissue, in New Delhi on Thursday. Anil Sharma

3/18/2016 , :Digital Edition

Kerala fears drought as mercury level soars

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA

Thiruvananthapuram, 17 Mar ch

With mercury level soaring, Kerala is likely to face drought-like situation amid fears of drinking water scarcity and power crisis in the poll-bound state as water bodies are fast drying up.

The rising temperatures are also a cause of concern for probable candidates of political parties as they would have to sweat it out literally during the nearly two-month long campaign period. Assembly elections are to be held in Kerala on May 16.

Though the southern state experiences summer

season from March-May, this year the temperature level recorded is higher than normal in many places at the very onset of the sea-

Adding to the woes, weather experts have forecast summer heat likely to go up in the coming days.

According to weather statistics, Kerala registers a normal maximum temperature of 34.2 degrees Celsius in March, 34.1 in April and 32.9 in May.

The temperature, this year, is two degrees above normal compared to the same period in the previous years, Indian Meteorological Department (IMD) Regional Director K Santhosh, said here.

"The temperature recorded is higher than normal in many parts of the state this time. It is at least two degrees above normal in many parts. It is likely to go up in many districts in the coming days," he said.

As per the Meteorological Centre figures, northern district of Palakkad, known for severe summer and high humidity, recorded 39.1 degree Celsius temperature followed by Kannur district at 37.4 degree Celsius today.

Kozhikode (37 degree Celsius), Vellanikkara (36.4 C) and Punalur (36.2 C) also recorded higher atmospheric temperature today.

Santhosh said the state had started receiving summer showers since 12March and it is expected to give some respite.

With mercury level rising, drinking water scarcity is already being experienced in many parts of the state as not only water bodies but even public water supply sources are fast drying up. Water in wells in homesteads and public places has hit rock bottom in many rural areas.

Load-shedding is also likely on the cards in the state as water in major hydel reservoirs is fast depleting due to the scorching heat. 3/18/2016 , :DigitalEdition

SYL canal row: MLAs storm Punjab Assembly

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA Chandigarh, 17 March

In an unprecedented development, MLAs of opposition INLD in Haryana today virtually stormed the Assembly of neighbouring Punjab to protest against a move that could stall construction of a canal by which Haryana is supposed to receive water.

INLD legislators led by Leader of Opposition Abhay Singh Chautala and state unit president Ashok Arora went to the Punjab Assembly which is in session and started protesting at its gate.

They were protesting against a bill passed by Punjab Assembly that provides for returning 3,928 acres of land acquired for construction of the Sutlej-Yamuna Link (SYL) canal to the original landowners.

The INLD MLAs were engaged in a scuffle with the security personnel outside the Punjab Assembly.

Punjab and Haryana, with common capital Chandigarh, have Assemblies in the same complex here.

Chautala and his party MLAs went to the Punjab Assembly while their own Assembly was in session.

The INLD MLAs raised slogans against the governments in Punjab and Haryana and demanded that the Bill be withdrawn.

Later speaking to reporters, Chautala said, "We met Punjab Assembly Speaker Charanjit Singh Atwal in his room in the complex and lodged our protest against the Bill passed by the House.

"The passage of the Bill will trigger a fresh row between the two states. We considered Punjab as our elder brother but today they have betrayed us."

SC: MAINTAIN STATUS QUO ON SYL CANAL LAND

New Delhi, 17 March: The Supreme Court today ordered status quo on the Sutlej Yamuna Link (SYL) canal and appointed the Home Secretary as well as the Punjab chief secretary and police chief as the court's receiver of the canal and assets associated with it.

A Constitution bench headed by Justice Anil R Dave comprising Justices Pinaki Chandra Ghose, Shiva Kirti Singh, AK Goel and Amitava Roy, said: "Prima facie, it appears that an effort has been made to see that the execution of a decree of this court is being made inexecutable and this court cannot be a silent spectator of the said fact and therefore, we direct that status quo shall bemaintained by the parties."

3/18/2016 ,:DigitalEdition

SC stalls Punjab's SYL land act

Orders status quo; tells Union Home Secy, Punjab Chief Secy, DGP to take over land

R SEDHURAMAN LEGAL CORRESPONDENT

NEW DELHI, MARCH 17

The Supreme Court today directed the Punjab Government and the Centre to

maintain status quo on the land acquired for the construction of the Sutlej-Yamuna Link (SYL) canal, thus stalling the move to return it to the farmers.

A five-member Constitution Bench headed by Justice Anil R Dave passed the order on Haryana's plea for appointing the Centre as the court receiver of the land to



Prima facie, it appears that an attempt is being made to render two SC judgments for the completion of the SYL canal in-executable. The apex court cannot remain a spectator **

-Supreme Court

prevent Punjab from returning about 4,000 acres to the farmers under a law passed in the Assembly on March 14.

Arguing for Haryana, senior advocate Shyam Divan mainly cited a news report of The Tribune to contend that the farmers had already begun destroying the SYL canal, particularly in Ropar and Patiala districts, with the use of heavy machinery mainly at the insistence of lawmakers, even without waiting for the Governor's assent to the legislation and the subsequent gazette notification.

In its order, the Bench said "prima facie, it appears" that an attempt was being made to render two SC judgments for the completion of the SYL Canal "in-executable". The apex court "cannot remain a spectator", it said. The SYL canal is meant for enabling Haryana to draw its share of water from Ravi and Beas rivers.

It appointed the Union Home Secretary and Punjab's Chief Secretary and Director General of Police as joint receivers of the SYL canal land and asked them to ensure status quo. The SC posted the next hearing for March 31.

Haryana pleaded that letting Punjab return the land would undermine the authority of the SC, besides endangering the country's unity and integrity and the federal structure under which the apex court was the CONTINUED ON P11

RELATED REPORTS P4,6

3/18/2016 , :DigitalEdi

Farmers can't own SYL land till Guv okays Bill, norms met

TRIBUNE NEWS SERVICE

CHANDIGARH, MARCH 17

Though many farmers have on their own reclaimed portions of the Sutlej-Yamuna Link (SYL) canal land, they would not get back ownership till the Punjab SYL Canal Land (Return of Proprietary Rights) Bill becomes a law

and is notified by the state

government.

The ownership is a long-drawn-out process, which starts with the passing of the notification of the Bill. After that, the revenue records would have to be updated, for which the land would be recorded afresh in the name of the person(s) who owned it at the time of its acquisition around 35 years ago.

The Bill has just crossed the first hurdle with its passage in the state Assembly. The next step is the Punjab Governor's assent to the Bill. This appears to be a Herculean task as Kaptan Singh Solanki is also the Governor of Harvana

Step by step

- The SYL Bill has been passed by the Punjab Assembly
- ■The next step is the Governor's assent to the Bill
- Once the Governor gives his nod, the government will have to issue a notification to enforce the Act
- After that, the revenue records would have to be updated, for which the land would be recorded afresh in the name of the person(s) who owned it at the time of its acquisition around 35 years ago
- The ownership of the land at this stage is vested with the state government

which is opposing the Bill tooth and nail.

After the Governor's nod, the government will have to issue the notification to enforce the Act.

The ownership of the land at this stage is vested with the state government. The possession of the land in the revenue records is with the Department of Irrigation. Revenue and irrigation officials say that in view of the status quo on the canal land ordered by the Supreme Court today, the portion already filled with sand can't be touched.

For transferring the own-

ment to the original owners from whom the land was acquired about three decades ago, the Revenue Department would have to follow the due process of law, which included the mutation of land in the name of original owners etc. After the completion of the mutation process, the entry of ownership will be made in the name of original owners in the revenue records ('jamabandi').

Following the Supreme Court order on maintaining status quo over the canal land, the ownership process would be further delayed. Moreover the SC has made the Punjab Chief Minister and the Director General of Police as the Receivers of the Land. This means that the land is in their custody now and they are its managers, revenue officials said.

Interestingly, the return of the land to over 5,000 farmers would 'revive' many dead persons as owners of the pieces of land.

Revenue officials said the persons who owned it at the time of acquisition would still be the owners, whether alive or dead. The heirs would have to prove their claim via a succession certificate.

No action on forest plunder

Though the Forest Department has complained to the Deputy Commissioners concerned for the registration of a case over the plunder of forest areas, no action has been taken so far. Government officials were not willing to be quoted on the issue as the whole exercise had the government's backing

3/18/2016 , :Digital Edition

Unruly assembly outside neighbours' Houses

RUCHIKA M. KHANNA & GEETANJALI GAYATRI
TRIBUN E NEWS SERVICE

CHANDIGARH, MARCH 17

In an unprecedented move, 10 Indian National Lok Dal MLAs today tried to storm into the Punjab Vidhan Sabha, while raising slogans against the Punjab and Central governments for "failing to protect" Haryana's rights over the Ravi and Beas waters.

Led by Leader of Opposition Abhay Chautala, the

Mittal: Re-unite states

MLAs violated all norms of legislative rules. Only solution would be seco-



nd re-organisation; Punjab, Haryana should be united 99 Madan Mohan Mittal, PUNJAS BJP LEADER

MLAs came towards the main entrance of the Vidhan Sabha, where they were stopped by the security staff. All Punjab ministers, barring Chief Minister Parkash Singh Badal, Deputy CM Sukhbir Singh Badal, who had left the House — and Food Supply Minister Adaish Pratap Kairon, who was absent — were in the House, along with Congress and Independent MLAs.

The high drama did not end there. In retaliation to the "challenge" by INLD, 10 Punjab Congress MLAs led by Leader of Opposition Charanjit Singh Channi marched towards the Haryana Assembly and raised slogans, claiming that not a drop of water from Punjab would be allowed to flow to Haryana.

The twin actions invited the wrath of both the Punjab and Haryana assemblies, with condemnation resolutions being passed.

Earlier in the day, INLD MLAs stood outside the Punjab House entrance for almost 20 minutes and raised slogans against the passage of The Punjab SYL Canal CONTINUED ON P11

INLD snaps ties with SAD

6 It's a black chapter in the history of Punjab and Haryana and we have severed all ties with Akali Dal over denying Haryana its rightful share of water. We are ready to fight the battle on the ground and our party workers will redig the canal filled up by Punjabis and restore it to its original form

Abhay Chautala, NLD LEADER

Upset Haryana tells Delhi govt to build separate canal for water

TOUGH TALK Haryana minister tells Delhi CM his HIMACHAL stand on SYL is against the interest of people, farmers **PRADESH** BHAKRA DAM GOBIND SAGAR CANAL OF CONTROVERSY The sharing of Ravi-Beas water has been a matter of SUTLEJ-YAMUNA LINK CANAL contention between Punjab and Haryana SUTLEJ ROPAR **PUNJAB** CHANDIGARH Total Length 212 KM HARYANA 121 KM YAMUNA In Haryana 91 KM CANAL Yamuna River 0 A file photo of the Sutlej-Yamuna Canal in Punjab's Patiala. ■ The Sutlei-Yamuna Link (SYL) seeking its "rightful" share, iab stand. The Supreme Court a separate canal is a 212-kilometre — 121 km in Punjab and 91 km in Haryana — canal linking the Punjab Sutlej successive Punjab governments have refused to share even a in its January 2002 and June 2004 orders, directed the Delhi depends on Harvana for water supply to Okhla, Dwarka and Bawana drop of water. Punjab government to combasin and the Yamuna basin. plete the remaining portion of With Punjab polls ahead in through canals the SYL canal. Puniab stopped construction of 2017, issue has surfaced One such canal, Munak, flows the canal after 90% of it was built at a cost of ₹700 crore. again. Arvind Kejriwal, whose party AAP is contesting the Haryana miffed by Kejriwal's stand against the construction from Sonepat and supplies 400 MGD of water to the national capital of the canal, told Delhi to build elections, has taken a pro-Pun ■ While Harvana has been

HT Correspondent

letters@hindustantimes.com

CHANDIGARH: The Haryana government on Thursday asked Delhi to build a separate canal to carry its share of river water. Delhi chief minister AAP leader Arvind Kejriwal's stand on the Sutlej-Yamuna Link (SYL) canal has ubset Harvana

During his visit to Kapurthala (Punjab) on Tuesday, Kejriwal said he was against the construction of the canal as Punjab had no water to spare for other states.

In a letter to Kejriwal on Thursday, Haryana irrigation minister Om Prakash Dhankar expressed the state's inability to carry Delhi's share of river water through its canal system in view of Kejriwal's position.

The Delhi chief minister stand,

Letter by Haryana minister is a cheap tactic to divert attention from real issues. Haryana is facing complete collapse of law & order.

KAPIL MISHRA, Delhi water minister

he said, was against the interest of people and farmers of Haryana, which is fighting a bitter battle with Puniab over the canal.

"You should get your own separate canal constructed from Nangal Dam and Tajewala barrage to carry water of Delhi, so that the city's share of river water can reach it due to your efforts,"

Taking on the Aam Aadmi

Party (AAP) leader for opposing the SYL canal, Dhankar reminded him that Haryana was allocated 3.5 million acre feet (MAF) and Delhi 0.2 MAF of Ravi Beas water from the Nangal Dam.

"Haryana carries Delhi's share of water through the Bhakra Main Line (BML) canal and delivers it to the national capital through the Narwana branch and the Western Yamuna canal system. We are unable to take our 498 cusecs of water because of the load for Delhi," he added.

The irrigation minister said that 330 cusecs of additional water from Yamuna was delivered to Delhi through the Western Yamuna Canal system. "We have water from Ravi Beas available for Haryana and Delhi at Nangal Dam, but no resources to carry it," he wrote, accusing

the AAP leader of opposing the only available option for carrying this water due to his political

Interests in Punjab.

Dhankar wrote that Kejriwal had worked against the interests of people of Delhi in opposing the construction of the canal. Kejriwal belongs to Haryana and his party has emerged as a strong contender in poll-bound Punjab.

Punjab.

Delhi water minister Kapil
Mishra, later, took to Twitter
against the letter:

"Letter by Haryana minister is a cheap tactic to divert attention from real issues. Haryana is facing complete collapse of law & order. BJP MLAs in Haryana have put their own govt on notice and they don't know how to handle protest and maintain peace," Mishra tweeted.

Title: Stop politics over Sutlej canal, SC tells Punjab

Author: Dhananjay Mahapatra

Location: New Delhi:

Article Date: 03/18/2016

Stalls Move To Denotify Land

Nearly 12 years after it ordered construction of the Sutlej-Yamuna Link (SYL) canal, the Supreme Court on Thursday stepped in to crack the whip on election Haryana MLAs storm Punjab assembly, P 15 driven politics intended to halt building of the canal and directed the Punjab government to maintain status quo on land acquired for it.

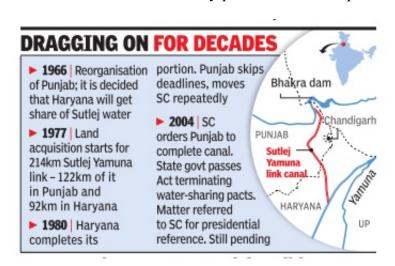
The order came three days after the Akali Dal-led government pushed a bill denotifying canal land. It was a move reminiscent of Amarinder Singh bringing a law in 2004 to terminate watersharing agreements with Haryana and Rajasthan.

"Prima facie it appears effort is being made to make the 2004 decree of the Supreme Court (for building of SYL ca nal) unexecutable. The court cannot be a silent spectator to this," the SC bench said. A five-judge Constitution bench slammed the politics over SYL canal, which has the tacit support of Congress and Delhi chief min ister Arvind Kejriwal, whose party AAP is contesting as sembly elections in Punjab next year in a big way.

It directed the Union home secretary and Punjab's chief secretary and director general of police to take control of the entire stretch of land in Pun jab acquired for construction of SYL canal and "strictly maintain status quo". Kejri wal jumped into the fray dur ing his campaign in Punjab, taking the populist line against the SYL canal on the ground that Punjab had no wa ter to spare, prompting a sharp reaction from Haryana which supplies water to Delhi through the Munak canal. The order was passed by the bench of Justices A R Dave, P C Ghose, S K Singh, Adarsh K Goel and Amitava Roy after Haryana's counsel Shyam Divan showed media reports of farmers using earthmovers and bulldozers, allegedly at the behest of politicians, to level the land meant for construction of SYL canal. Divan argued forcefully that the legislative step taken by Punjab was unconstitutional and against the very soul of the federal structure envisaged by the Constitution. "If a state can be allowed to take such steps which is in the teeth of the Supreme Court's decree, then the other state will also resort to extra-constitutional methods to protect its right. And that will spell the end of constitutionalism and federalism," Divan said. When Punjab's counsel, Ram Jethmalani and Rajeev Dhavan, opposed the interim stay saying they needed time to get instructions on the ground situation, the bench shot back, "We had drawn the attention of Punjab government on Monday to the issue when Haryana pointed out the bill being moved in the assembly."

It also brushed aside the Centre's ar Centre's arguments through so licitor general Ranjit Kumar who wanted time to find out whether the Centre had taken steps to construct the canal as per the 2004 decree in the 10 years of UPA rule.

The SC in its judgment of June 4, 2004 directed the Union government to mobil ise a central agency to take up construction of SYL canal in Punjab under the supervision of a high-powered committee and directed Punjab to hand over land to the central agency. Immediately thereafter, the then Congress government in Punjab passed a law on July 12, 2004 scrapping its water-sharing agreements with neighbouring states. This forced the Centre to send a presidential reference seeking the SC's opinion on the constitutionality of the Punjab legislation. When the matter was finally taken up for hearing by the SC 12 years later, the state was going into elections and most political parties agreed to the legislation that was aimed at frustrating the SC's decree for construction of SYL canal. The new legislation by the Akali-BJP government intended to cancel the land acquired for the canal and return it to farmers if they paid back the compensation amount with interest.



Title: Harvana tells Delhi to get own canal

Author: Sukhbir Siwach

Location: Chandigarh:

Article Date: 03/18/2016

Kejri's Stand On SYL Draws Angry Response

Delhi chief minister Arvind Kejriwal's comments opposing the Sutlej-Yamuna Link canal, coming soon after the Jat agitation hit he city's water supply, drew an angry response from Haryana with its irrigation minister Om Prakash Dhankar asking Delhi to construct a separate canal from Nangal dam to source its water.

Delhi seems to have been pulled into Punjab-Haryana water politics as Dhankar's etter to Kejriwal could be in erpreted as a veiled threat to stop water supply to the national Capital.

"Keeping in view of your stand, Haryana would not be able to supply water through ts canal system to you because you have stood up against he interests of people of Haryana. Please construct a separate canal for Delhi from Nangal dam (Punjab) and Ta ewala (barrage in Haryana), so that the water (share) can reach Delhi by your efforts," said Dhankar's letter.

The tough talk is seen in he context of Haryana's cla m to SYL waters and the supply of water to Delhi through the Munak canal that was recently breached by Jat agi tationists. The letter is seen as a move by the Haryana go vernment to up the ante in its political posturing over the sensitive issue of water sha ring after Kejriwal took a po pulist line during a visit to Punjab where AAP hopes to be in contention to form a go vernment in next vear's as sembly election.

Haryana seems to have seen red over the AAP chief's de cision to prioritise Punjab's interests despite Haryana's role in facilitating water to the capital. Going into the back ground of the water sharing Dhankar said Haryana was al lotted 3.5 MAF (million acre feet) water and Delhi 0.2 MAF from Nangal dam. Haryana brings Delhi's share of 0.2 MAF through Bhakra Main Line canal from Nangal and it reaches the capital from Haryana thorough its Narwana branch canal and Western Yamuna Canal system.

"Because of the burden (of) Delhi, Haryana is not able to receive its 498 cusecs of water. Apart from this, Haryana also supplies 330 cusecs of water of Yamuna canal to Delhi through Western Yamuna canal," said Dhankar.

"The Delhi CM should keep in view the interests of Haryana's people as Delhi was getting water through Haryana," said Haryana finance minister Captain Abhimanyu, terming Kejriwal's statement as irresponsible.

He also reminded Kejriwal that he was born in Siwani town of Haryana where the water level is lowest.





ACTION & REACTION: Om Prakash Dhankar (right) slammed Arvind Kejriwal for standing up against Haryana's interests

Title: No rise in CO2 emissions globally for 2nd yr in a row

Author: Subodh Varma

Location:

Article Date: 03/18/2016

Trend Being Linked To Surge In Renewable Energy Production

In a surprising bit of good news concerning the bleak climate change scenario, preliminary data shows that global carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions from burning of fossil fuels did not increase in 2015.

This was the second year in a row when carbon emissions from energy-related use stayed flat.

Burning of fossil fuels contributes nearly twothirds of all carbon dioxide emissions globally with the rest arising from agriculture, deforestation etc.

While this stagnation is welcome news, and an indication that emissions can be controlled, it does not mean that global warming has stalled. That's because there are already excess greenhouse gases in the atmosphere.

Released by the International Energy Agency (IEA) in Paris on Tuesday, the data pegged 2015 CO2 emissions at 32.1 billion tonnes, virtually the same as in 2014.

This led several experts to claim that economic growth and emissions are no longer coupled or linked to each other because average global economic growth in these two years was over 3% per year, and yet carbon dioxide emissions were not increasing.

"The new figures confirm last year's surprising but welcome news: we now have seen two straight years of greenhouse gas emissions decoupling from economic growth," said the energy agency's executive director Fatih Birol.

In absolute terms, the total carbon dioxide release from energy use in 2015 was more than double what it was in 1975, and over a third more than in 2001. But the average 4% per year rate of growth seems to have been checked. The main reason for st alling of CO2 emissions from energy consumption appears to be the surge in renewable energy production, the slowdown in the Chinese economy and re placement of oil with natural gas in the United States China and the US are the world's largest emitters.

In 2015, 90% of new elec tricity generation was from renewable sources, with wind energy alone producing half of it, preliminary date of the International Energy Agency suggests.

In the more than 40 years that the energy agency has been providing information on carbon dioxide emissions, there have been only four periods when emissions stood still or fell compared to the previous year. Three of those occasions -the early 1980s, 1992 and 2009 -were associated with global economic weakness.

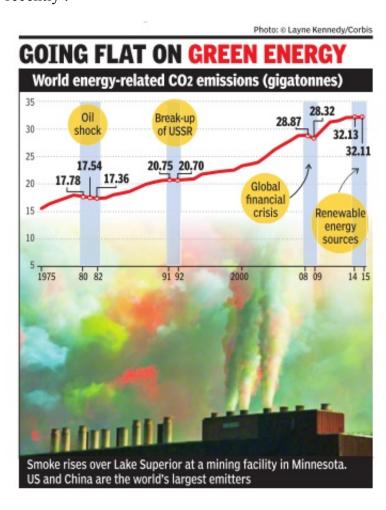
But the current brake on emissions increase is the first time that this has happened during a global economic expansion. However, this link is still tenuous as China did slow down from the zooming growth it has enjoyed in previous years.

In China, emissions de clined by 1.5%, as coal use dropped for the second consecutive year. In 2015, coal generated less than 70% of Chinese electricity, ten percentage points less than four years ago (in 2011).

Over the same period, low-carbon sources jumped from 19% to 28%, with hydro and wind accounting for most of the increase.

In the US, emissions declined by 2%, as a large switch from coal to natural gas use in electricity generation took place.

In the European Union, too, renewables accounted for 15% of energy generation, up from 11% in 2011, according to a report of the EU released recently .



Title: WATER POLITICS - 'Punjab's canal move against statute'

Author: Location:

Article Date: 03/18/2016

Stalls Move To Denotify Land

Nearly 12 years after it ordered construction of the Sutlej-Yamuna Link (SYL) canal, the Supreme Court on Thursday stepped in to crack the whip on election Haryana MLAs storm Punjab assembly, P 15 driven politics intended to halt building of the canal and directed the Punjab government to maintain status quo on land acquired for it.

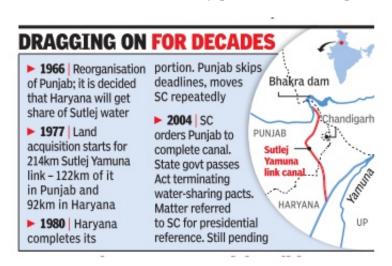
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"Prima facie it appears effort is being made to make the 2004 decree of the Supreme Court (for building of SYL ca nal) unexecutable. The court cannot be a silent spectator to this," the SC bench said. A five-judge Constitution bench slammed the politics over SYL canal, which has the tacit support of Congress and Delhi chief min ister Arvind Kejriwal, whose party AAP is contesting as sembly elections in Punjab next year in a big way.

It directed the Union home secretary and Punjab's chief secretary and director general of police to take control of the entire stretch of land in Pun jab acquired for construction of SYL canal and "strictly maintain status quo". Kejri wal jumped into the fray dur ing his campaign in Punjab, taking the populist line against the SYL canal on the ground that Punjab had no wa ter to spare, prompting a sharp reaction from Haryana which supplies water to Delhi through the Munak canal. The order was passed by the bench of Justices A R Dave, P C Ghose, S K Singh, Adarsh K Goel and Amitava Roy after Haryana's counsel Shyam Divan showed media reports of farmers using earthmovers and bulldozers, allegedly at the behest of politicians, to level the land meant for construction of SYL canal. Divan argued forcefully that the legislative step taken by Punjab was unconstitutional and against the very soul of the federal structure envisaged by the Constitution. "If a state can be allowed to take such steps which is in the teeth of the Supreme Court's decree, then the other state will also resort to extra-constitutional methods to protect its right. And that will spell the end of constitutionalism and federalism," Divan said. When Punjab's counsel, Ram Jethmalani and Rajeev Dhavan, opposed the interim stay saying they needed time to get instructions on the ground situation, the bench shot back, "We had drawn the attention of Punjab government on Monday to the issue when Haryana pointed out the bill being moved in the assembly."

It also brushed aside the Centre's ar Centre's arguments through so licitor general Ranjit Kumar who wanted time to find out whether the Centre had taken steps to construct the canal as per the 2004 decree in the 10 years of UPA rule.

The SC in its judgment of June 4, 2004 directed the Union government to mobil ise a central agency to take up construction of SYL canal in Punjab under the supervision of a high-powered committee and directed Punjab to hand over land to the central agency. Immediately thereafter, the then Congress government in Punjab passed a law on July 12, 2004 scrapping its water-sharing agreements with neighbouring states. This forced the Centre to send a presidential reference seeking the SC's opinion on the constitutionality of the Punjab legislation. When the matter was finally taken up for hearing by the SC 12 years later, the state was going into elections and most political parties agreed to the legislation that was aimed at frustrating the SC's decree for construction of SYL canal. The new legislation by the Akali-BJP government intended to cancel the land acquired for the canal and return it to farmers if they paid back the compensation amount with interest.



Title: Trees adapt to warming, limit CO2 release: Study

Author: Location: Oslo:

Article Date: 03/18/2016

Plants May Have Smaller Role In Temperature Rise

Trees can adapt to rising emperatures and limit their na ural emissions of greenhouse gases, according to a study published on Wednesday that suggests plants may have a smaller than expected role in stoking man-made global warming.

Trees, plants, people and other animals produce carbon dioxide as a waste product from burning energy . As temperatures rise, trees use more energy in respiration and emit more carbon dioxide rom their leaves.

"Plant respiration results in an annual flux of carbon dioxide o the atmosphere that is six times as large as that due to the emissions from fossil fuel burning, so changes in either will impact future climate," scientists wrote in the ournal Nature.

They found that 10 types of North American trees, in artificially heated outdoor forest plots, adapted to higher temperatures without drastically boosting the amount of carbon produced by heir leaves.

"Plants play less of a role than previously thought in speeding up global warming through accelera ed respiratory carbon dioxide emissions," lead author Peter Re ch of University of Minnesota in he US said.

"Given the number of plants on Earth this is a big deal," he said of their role in the carbon cycle.

Apart from respiration, trees also absorb carbon dioxide to build roots, branches and leaves, and release it when they rot or burn. The study, and other experts, cautioned that the research only focused on respiration by leaves.

Martijn Slot, of the Smithsonian Tropical Research Institute in Panama who was not involved with the study, said respiration was only part of the story.

"Global warming will also affect other plant properties -photosynthesis, growth, mortality and reproduction -and we are a long way from a complete under standing of the effects of rising temperatures on any of those processes," he said.

Pierre Friedlingstein, a climate expert at Exeter University, said the study drew too many conclusions from leaf respiration.

In the study, scientists placed heaters, both above the ground and in the soil, around trees and raised the average temperatures by 3.4° Celsius above normal in experiments that lasted from three to five years.

They found the trees raised their respiration by just 5%, against a predicted 23% with no acclimatisation, indicating that trees can adapt to higher temperatures. REUTERS







UNDERGROUND REFUGE: A man has built an underground home in San Isidro de Perez Zeledon, Costa Rica, to stay away from noise pollution and avoid effects of climate change. He started digging through red soil and volcanic rock on his farm 12 years ago to build the subterranean house, between 15 and 63ft underground. The dwelling, he says provides a peaceful and comfortable life for him and his family. The house, which has bedrooms, a dining area, a hallway and bathrooms, now spreads over 185.8 square metres

THE MORHINDU

NATIONAL

Published: March 18, 2016 01:46 IST | Updated: March 18, 2016 02:32 IST NEW DELHI, March 18, 2016

Build separate canal, Haryana tells Delhi

- Vikas Vasudeva
- Maria Akram



The HIndu

The Delhi CM was opposing the construction of the Sutlej Yamuna Link Canal with an eye on Punjab polls, says Haryana Minister.

Accusing Delhi Chief Minister and Aam Aadmi Party (AAP) convener Arvind Kejriwal of adopting anti-Haryana stance for political gains on the controversial issue of Sutlej Yamuna Link (SYL) canal, Haryana Agriculture and Irrigation Minister O.P. Dhankar on Thursday asked him to construct a separate canal to carry Delhi's share of water.

The Delhi government replied to it by saying that in case of any such event forced upon Delhi, the government would approach the Supreme Court.

Mr. Dhankar, in a letter to Delhi Chief Minister, wrote: "In the wake of your stand, it will be difficult for Haryana to deliver Delhi's share of water through its existing canal system. You should take up the trouble of constructing a separate canal from Nangal dam and Tajewala by your efforts to carry Delhi's share of water to Delhi," said the letter.

Mr. Kejriwal had earlier said that he was against the construction of the SYL canal as Punjab did not have surplus water to spare. Mr. Dhankar alleged that Mr. Kejriwal had opposed the proposed canal with an eye on political gains in Punjab ahead of the Assembly elections due in 2017.

The letter reads: "You must be aware that Haryana was allocated 3.5 MAF and Delhi 0.2 MAF of water from Ravi-Beas through Nangal dam. Haryana, through the Bhakra main line (Punjab) gets Delhi's 0.2 MAF share of water and channelises it through Narwana Branch and Western Yamuna Canal systems to make it reach Delhi. And due to this, Haryana is not able to lift its share of 496 cusec of water."

"And you have opposed the SYL canal. It was through this canal, water for Haryana and Delhi would have come," the letter said.

Reacting to the letter, Delhi's Water Minister Kapil Mishra said: "The letter is a cheap tactic to divert the attention from the real issue of major law and order problem in Haryana. The BJP government in Haryana is not doing us a favour by supplying water to Delhi, they are obligated to do so. The Supreme Court is directly monitoring it."

He said Haryana doesn't share extra water and only the quantity of water ordered by the Supreme Court was released.

Notably, last month, when the people of Haryana belonging to Jat community were agitating for reservation, the protesters had shut the gates of Munak Canal, which brings water to Delhi. As a result, seven of the Delhi Jal Board's treatment plants were shut and supply to many parts of the Delhi were severely hit.

RELATED NEWS Post Comment

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चादर...

हुए कहा कि ऊंचाई वाले क्षेत्रों में हिमस्खलन हो सकता है। साथ ही हिमाचल प्रदेश में भारी हिमपात और बारिश की आशंका भी जताई है। फंस गए।

एसवाईएल नहर पर यथास्थिति बरकुरार रहे: सुप्रीम कोर्ट

यंडीगढ़ @ प्रीमका - *18-3-15*

patrika.com/india

सप्रीम कोर्ट ने पंजाब में सतलूज यमुना लिंक (एसवाईएल) नहर में यथास्थिति बरकरार रखने का आदेश दिया है। हरियाणा सरकार ने नहर में मिट्टी भरे जाने और जमीन किसानों को लौटाने की शिकायत की थी। हरियाणा ने बताया कि पंजाब विधानसभा ने एसवाईएल नहर को भरने और किसानों को जमीन लौटाने का कानून पास किया है। इसके बाद से अकाली दल के कार्यकर्ता और किसान नहर में मिट्टी भर के उसे समतल बना रहे हैं। सुप्रीम कोर्ट ने 3 वरिष्ठ अधिकारियों को इस मामले में कोर्ट रिसीवर नियुक्त किया है। अदालत की तरफ से नियुक्त अधिकारी हैं- केंद्रीय गृह सचिव, पंजाब के मुख्य सचिव और डीजीपी। ये अधिकारी इस बात की निगरानी करेंगे कि नहर को लेकर सुप्रीम कोर्ट

हरियाणा नहीं देगा दिल्ली को पानी

हरियाणा के कृषि मंत्री ओम प्रकाश धनखड़ ने दिल्ली के मुख्यमंत्री अरविंद केजरीवाल को पत्र लिखकर दिल्ली को पानी की सप्लाई रोकने की बात कही। धनखड ने आरोप लगाया कि पंजाब चुनाव में अपने राजनीतिक स्वार्थ के चलते केजरीवाल ने हरियाणा के लोगों के हितों के खिलाफ बात कही है। केजरीवाल ने कहा था कि वे एसवाईएल नहर के खिलाफ हैं।

के आदेश का पालन हो रहा है या नहीं। कोर्ट ने किसानों की चार हजार एकड़ जमीन लौटाने से भी मना कर दिया है। मामले की अगली सुनवाई 31 मार्च को होगी।

यह पूरा मामला

पंजाब और हरियाणा के बीच पानी के बंटवारे का विवाद काफी पुराना है। 1966 में पंजाब से हरियाणा के अलग होने के बाद से ही ये विवाद चला आ रहा है। 8, अप्रेल1982 में तत्कालीन प्रधानमंत्री इंदिरा गांधी के दखल के बाद दोनों राज्यों में पानी के बंटवारे को लेकर समझौता हुआ। एसवाईएल नहर का एक बड़ा हिस्सा 1990 तक पूरा कर लिया गया था। हरियाणा ने अपने इलाके में नहर बना लिया लेकिन पंजाब ने अपने इलाके में सतलज यमुना लिंक नहर का काम पूरा नहीं किया। 2004 में सुप्रीम कोर्ट ने केंद्र सरकार से पंजाब में नहर का काम पूरा काम पूरा कराने को कहा।

प**ढें एसकर्डएल महर @** पेज 6

एसवाईएल नहर ...

तब पंजाब की तत्कालीन कांग्रेस सरकार ने पड़ोसी राज्यों के साथ नदी जल बंटवारे के समझौते को इकतरफा तरीके से रद्द कर दिया था। इसके बाद केंद्र सरकार ने राष्ट्रपति के जिरये सुप्रीम कोर्ट से सलाह मांगी कि क्या 2 राज्यों के बीच हुए समझौते को कोई राज्य एकतरफा खत्म कर सकता है। तब से ये मसला सुप्रीम कोर्ट में लंबित है। इस मामले पर 5 जजों की

कभी बहाते थे अस्थियां, अब छोड़ते हैं गंदा पानी

१८-७-१८ गजाधरपुरा के सीवरेज ट्रीटमेंट प्लांट का दूषित पानी बहाया जा रहा है

जयपुर @ पत्रिका .राजधानी की पवित्र बांडी नदी में कभी मृतकों की अस्थियों का विसर्जन होता रहा। लेकिन अब इसमें जयपुर की एक चौथाई कॉलोनियों और बस्तियों के गटर और कारखानों का गंदा पानी छोडा जा रहा है। पौराणिक काल में रेणका नदी के नाम से प्रसिद्ध इस नदी में छोड़े जा रहे शहर के गंदे पानी की सडांध ने हजारों लोगों का जीना मुहाल कर दिया है। कालवाड सहित अन्य ग्राम पंचायत की शिकायत के बाद उपखंड अधिकारी के निर्देश पर तहसीलदार की जांच में इसका खुलासा होने के बावजुद रोक नहीं लगाई जा रही।

डाल रहे गंदा जल



जेडीए ने झोटवाड़ा के अलावा सीकर रोड की कॉलोनियों के गटर के पानी को नदी में छोड़ने के लिए सीवर लाइन डाल नदी के पास गजायरपुरा में सीवरेज ट्रीटमेंट प्लान्ट लगाया है। पर्याप्त बिजली नहीं मिलने और तकनीकी गड़बड़ी से प्लांट के काम नहीं करने पर गंदे पानी को सीये ही नदी में छोड़ा जा रहा है। विश्वकर्मा, झोटवाड़ा और सरना डूंगर के कारखानों का प्रदूषित जल भी आ रहा है। h(English)& Publicity Section, CV/C.

यमुना सफाई के लिए लैब बनेंगी

नई दिल्ली। दिल्ली सरकार ने यमुना को साफ करने के लिए सभी 21 जलशोधन संयंत्रों को लैब बनाई जाएंगी। इससे संयंत्रों से साफ किए जाने वाले पानी को यमुना में प्रवाहित करने से पहले गुणवत्ता जांच सुनिश्चित की जा सके। जल मंत्री किपल मिश्रा ने गुरुवार को जलबोर्ड की लैब स्टाफ एसोसिएशन के साथ बैठक में इस आशय के फैसले को मंजूरी प्रदान की। एसोसिएशन के अध्यक्ष अरविंद पांडे ने बताया कि संगठन की मांग पर यह अहम फैसला किया गया। (मु.सं.)

पाना पर महासग्राम

पंजाब को झटका : एसवाईएल पर। हरियाणा, पंजाब के विधायकों का एक-यथारिथति बनाए रखने का आदेश दूसरे की विधानसभा के बाहर प्रदर्शन

पंजाब को झटका देते हुए उच्चतम न्यायालय ने सतल्ज-यम्ना संपर्क (एसवाईएल) नहर के लिए निर्धारित जमीन पर यथास्थिति कायम रखने का निर्देश दिया है। दरअसल, हरियाणा ने आरोप लगाया है कि जमीन को समतल कर इसके उपयोग में बदलाव करने की कोशिश की गई है।

न्यायालय ने अपने अंतरिम आदेश में मामले की अगली सुनवाई की तारीख 31 मार्च तक केंद्रीय गृह सचिव और पंजाब के मुख्य सचिव एवं पुलिस महानिदेशक (डीजीपी) को एसवाईएल नहर के लिए रखी गई जमीन एवं अन्य परिसंपत्ति का 'संयक्त रिसीवर' नियक्त किया।

न्यायमूर्ति एआर दवे की अध्यक्षता वाली पांच सदस्यीय एक संविधान पीठ ने

तीन रिसीवर निरुक्त

 संविधान पीठ ने की तल्ख टिप्पणी : न्यायालय के आदेश के कार्यान्वयन को रोकने की कोशिश की जा रही है तो न्यायालय मूक दर्शक नहीं रह सकता

एक तल्ख टिप्पणी के साथ आदेश जारी किया कि इस न्यायालय के आदेश के कार्यान्वयन को रोकने की कोशिश की जा रही है और न्यायालय मुक दर्शक बना नहीं रह सकता। शीर्ष अदालत ने हरियाणा सरकार द्वारा दायर एक फौरी अर्जी पर यह आदेश जारी किया।

हरियाणा और पंजाब में एसवाईएल नहर को लेकर तनाव बढ़ गया है। पंजाब विधानसभा द्वारा गत दिवस एसवाईएल नहर का भूमि अधिग्रहण रद्द कर जमीन वापस किसानों को देने तथा नहर को मिट्टी से भरने के समाचारों से मामला इतना गर्माया कि राज्यपाल कप्तान सिंह सोलंकी ने पंजाब वि.सभा के बिल को कानूनी राय लेने के लिए रोक दिया है। उधर आजे पंजाब द्वारा उठाए गए सख्त कदम के रिवलाफ हरियाणा के विपक्षी दल इनैलो ने पंजाब विधानसभा के बाहर प्रदर्शन किया। इनैलो के विधायक विपक्ष के नेता अभय चौटाला और अशोक अरोडा के साथ पंजाब विधानसभा में घूसने लगे तो सुरक्षाकर्मियों और मार्शलों ने उन्हें रोक लिया। हरियाणा के विपक्ष की इस कार्रवाई के बाद पंजाब

A Carrier Section

इनैलो के विधायक पंजाब विधानसभा में घुसे सुरक्षा कर्मचारियों और मार्शलों के साथ नोकझोंक पंजाब ने हरियाणा को 191 करोड का चेक लोटाया

कांग्रेस के विधायक विपक्ष के नेता चरणजीत सिंह चन्नी के नेतृत्व में हरियाणा विधानसभा के बाहर जाकर नारेबाजी करने लगे। पंजाब कांग्रेस के नेताओं का आरोप था कि अकाली दल और इनैलो आपस में मिले हुए हैं। अभय सिंह चौटाला और राज्य इकाई के अध्यक्ष अशोक अरोडा की शेष पृष्ठ

u <u>oocumented at Bhagirath(English)& Publicity Section, CV/C, </u>

पानी के लिए कोई भी बलिदान को तैयार : सुखबीर

मोगा, (भाषा): सतलुज-यमुना लिंक (एसवाईएल) नहर को लेकर पंजाब एवं हरियाणा के बीच विवाद की पृष्ठभूमि में उपमुख्यमंत्री सुखवीरसिंह बादल ने कहा कि वह राज्य से 'एक भी बूंद पानी' बाहर जाने देने के बदले 'कोई भी बलिदान' देने को तैयार हैं। उन्होंने कहा कि पंजाब 'आने वाली पीढ़ियों की नियति को प्रभावित करने वाले' अहम मुद्दों को लेंकर न्याय के लिए सतत

सतलुज-यमुना लिंक नहर को पाटती जैसीबीकी जरीने। सुप्रीम कीर्ट ने इसके खिलाफ याचिका पर यथास्थिति बनाए रखने का आदेश जारी किया है। पंजी

18-3-10

पंजाब-हरियाणा जल विवाद का घटनाक्रम

- 1966 में पंजाब पुनर्गठन के साथ ही पानी के बंटवारे की समस्या शुरू हुई।
- 24 मार्च 1976 को पानी बंटवारे का नोटिफिकेशन। रावी, ब्यास, सतलुज के पानी का बंटवारा होना था।
- 31 दिसम्बर 1981 को पंजाब सरकार ने चुनौती दी।
- 8 अप्रैल 1982 को
 एसवाईएल की
 आधारशिला इंदिरा गांधी
 ने रखी थी।

🕨 शेष पृष्ठ 🚺 पर

Husta-18-3-18

पंजाब हरियाणा

-1985 में राजीव-लौंगोवाल समझौता। एसवाईएल मुद्दे को सुलझाने की कोशिश की गई। -2004 में पंजाब टर्मिनेशन आफ एग्रीमैंट एक्ट पंजाब विधानसभा में पास।

-पंजाब, हरियाणा, दिल्ली, राजस्थान के बीच होना है बंटवारा।

पानी के लिए...

लोकतांत्रिक और शांतिपूर्ण लड़ाई के लिए 'पूरी तरह से तैयार' है। बादल ने संत राम सिंह ग्यारवी वाले की बरसी पर उन्हें श्रद्धांजिल देने के बाद संवाददाताओं से बातचीत करते हुए यह टिप्पणी की। उन्होंने कहा कि पंजाब सरकार द्वारा ऐसे किसी फैसले को स्वीकार करने या कार्यान्वित करने का सवाल ही नहीं है जो राज्य को उसके अधिकार से वंचित करता हो।

संकट:हरियाणा ने दिल्ली का पानी बंद करने की धमकी दी

नई दिल्ली | प्रमस्त संवाददाता

दिल्ली और हरियाणा सरकार फिर पानी को लेकर आमने-सामने आ गई हैं। हरियाणा ने गुरुवार को पत्र लिख दिल्ली का पानी बंद करने की धमकी दी है। वहीं, दिल्ली सरकार ने कहा है कि यदि ऐसा

हुआ तो यह सुप्रीम कोर्ट के आदेश की अवहेलना होगी। हरियाणा सरकार को कोर्ट में इसका जवाब देना होगा।

हरियाणा ने दिल्ली को लिखे पत्र में स्पष्ट शब्दों में कहा है कि वे जलापूर्ति के लिए अपनी नहर खुद बनवाएं। इसके लिए हरियाणा की नहर का प्रयोग नहीं

किया जाए। यदि ऐसा होता है तो दिल्ली में पानी की आपूर्ति प्रभावित हो सकती है।

मामले में दिल्ली सरकार के मंत्री और जलबोर्ड के अध्यक्ष कपिल मिश्रा ने ट्वीट किया कि पानी के मुद्दे को उछाल हरियाणा के मुख्यमंत्री अपने यहां कानून व्यवस्था जैसे वास्तविक मसलों से ध्यान हटाना चाहते हैं। यह घटिया राजनीति है।

गौरतलब है कि हाल ही में अरविंद केजरीवाल ने कहा था कि सतलुज-यमुना लिंक नहर का औचित्य नहीं है। पंजाब के पास इतना पानी नहीं कि दूसरों को दिया जा सके। इस पर हरियाणा सरकार में मंत्री अनिल विज ने कहा था कि ऐसे ही यदि हम दिल्ली को पानी न दें तो क्या होगा? भूमि केंद्र को सौंपी पंज 14

सियासी लड़ाई का खामियाजा भुगतेगी जनता!

- दिल्ली को रोजाना हरियाणा से कम से कम एक हजार से 1300 क्यूसेक पानी सप्लाई होता है
- इतनी मात्रा दिल्ली की करीब 60 फीसदी आबादी के लिए जल की कमी को पूरा करती है

पानी रुका तो यहां असर

एनडीएमसी. चांदनी चौक, जामा मस्जिद, सिविल लाइन, मुखर्जी नगर, शक्ति नगर, आदर्श नगर, मॉडल टाउन, जहांगीर पुरी, वजीरपुर, पंजाबी बाग, गुलाबी बाग, हिँदुराव, झंडेवालान, मोतिया खान, पहाडगंज।

एसवाईएल नहर पर पंजाब को झटका

जल विवाद

नई दिल्ली विशेष संवाददाता

पंजाब को करारा झटका देते हुए सुप्रीम कोर्ट ने गुरुवार को सतलुज यमुना लिंक (एसवाईएल) नहर के निर्माण के लिए आवंटित जमीन पर यथास्थिति बनाए रखने का आदेश दिया। कोर्ट ने अंतरिम आदेश में केंद्रीय गृह सचिव, पंजाब के मुख्य सचिव और डीजीपी को नहर की भूमि और उससे जुड़ी संपत्तियों का संयुक्त रिसीवर नियुक्त कर दिया।

दरअसल, हरियाणा ने एक तत्काल याचिका दायर कर आरोप लगाया था कि पंजाब में नहर को पाटकर दूसरे काम में इस्तेमाल करने की कोशिश हो रही है। सुप्रीम कोर्ट में पांच जजों की संविधान पीठ ने मामले की अगली सुनवाई 31 मार्च को होगी। जस्टिस एआर दवे की अध्यक्षता वाली पीठ ने यह आदेश पारित करते हुए सख्त टिप्पणियां की। पीठ ने कहा कि अदालत की डिक्री का पालन करने से रोकने का प्रयास हो रहा है जिस पर कोर्ट मूकदर्शक नहीं बने रह सकता।

पंजाब के नए विघेयक पर आपत्तियां ः हरियाणा ने अपनी अर्जी में कहा कि पंजाब विधानसभा ने एसवाईएल नहर के निर्माण को रोकने के लिए 14 मार्च को बिल पास किया है। इसके जरिये अब जमीनें उनके मूल स्वामियों को बिना किसी पैसे के वापस की जा रही हैं। हरियाणा की ओर से वरिष्ठ अधिवक्ता श्याम दीवान ने कहा कि बिल को

विधानसभा में घुसे इनेलो विधायक, हंगामा किया

चंडीगढ़/जीद | अशोक छाबडा

सतलुज यमुना लिंक नहर विवाद को लेकर गुरुवार को हरियाणा के इनेलो विधायक पंजाब विधानसभा में घुस गए और नारेबाजी की। दूसरे राज्य की विधानसभा में बिना मंजूरी प्रवेश की यह पहली घटना थी। जवाबी कदम उठाते हुए कांग्रेस विधायक हरियाणा विधानसभा में घुस गए।

नाटकीय घटनाक्रम के तहत इनेलो विधायक अभय चौटाला कई वरिष्ठ नेताओं के साथ हरियाणा विधानसभा से निकलकर पंजाब विधानसभा में प्रवेश कर गए। चौटाला ने कहा कि एसवाईएल पर हरियाणा के हितों का ध्यान रखते हुए पंजाब सरकार असंवैधानिक विधेयक वापस ले। इनेलो अध्यक्ष अशोक अरोड़ा

वाले नहर के हिस्सों को भरा जा रहा है।

दुस्साहस

- दूसरे राज्य की विधानसभा में बिना मंजूरी पहली बार प्रवेश
- पंजाब सरकार से असंवैधानिक विधेयक वापस लेने की मांग

ने अकाली दल के साथ राजनीतिक संबंध खत्म करने का ऐलान कर दिया। इनेलो नेताओं ने पंजाब विधानसभा के स्पीकर से मुलाकात की। विधानसभा के सुरक्षा अमले ने कुछ समय बाद इनेलो नेताओं को सदन परिसर से बाहर किया। पंजाब विधानसभा के बाहर इनेलो विधायकों और सुरक्षाकर्मियों के बीच झड़प भी हुई। पंजाब और हस्याणा की संयुक्त राजधानी चंडीगढ़ में एक ही परिसर में दोनों राज्यों की विधानसभाएं हैं।

राज्यपाल की मंजूरी मिलने के बाद सुप्रीम कोर्ट के 2004 का फैसला व्यर्थ हो जाएगा। इसमें बिना किसी बाधा के नहर का निर्माण करने का आदेश था। इसके जरिये हरियाणा को उसके हिस्से का पानी मिलना सुनिश्चित किया गया था। उन्होंने अखबारों में छपे उन चित्रों को दिखाया. जिसमें जेसीबी मशीनों से पंजाब में पड़ने

पंजाब सरकार की दलीलें खारिज: पंजाब की ओर से वरिष्ठ अधिवक्ता राम जेठमलानी और राजीव धवन ने इसका विरोध किया। वकीलों ने कहा कि मीडिया रिपोर्ट के आधार पर कोर्ट स्टे आदेश पारित नहीं कर सकता। उन्होंने कहा कि इस मामले में सुप्रीम कोर्ट सिर्फ सलाहकार क्षेत्राधिकार के रूप में कार्य

कर रहा है।

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through its canal system in view of Kejriwal's position. The Delbi chief minist

सतलुज-यमुना लिंक नहर मामले में तनातनी

中では作ったHoBN& Fich Yeltev

अलग नहर बना ले दिल्ली: हरियाणा

🗷 प्रस/विस, चंडीगढ़, नई दिल्ली

हरियाणा और पंजाब के बीच पानी को लेकर गहराती जंग की जद में दिल्ली के भी आने की आशंका पैदा हो गई है। पंजाब में सतलुज यमुना लिंक (एसवाईएल) नहर बनाने के विरोध में दिल्ली के सीएम अरविंद केजरीवाल के बयान से खफा हरियाणा ने राजधानी का पानी बंद करने की धमकी दे दी है।

हरियाणा के सिंचाई मंत्री ओमप्रकाश धनखंड ने केजरीवाल को पत्र लिखकर कहा है कि एसवाईएल पर आपके रुख को देखते हुए हरियाणा अपने नहरी सिस्टम से दिल्ली को पानी पहुंचाने में असमर्थ रहेगा क्योंकि आप हरियाणा के किसानों और लोगों के खिलाफ खड़े हो गए हैं। दिल्ली के पानी के लिए आप नंगल डैम (पंजाब) और ताजेवाला (हरियाणा) से अपनी अलग नहर बनवा लें। धनखंड ने यह पत्र हरियाणा असेंबली में भी रखा। हरियाणा की धमकी पर दिल्ली सरकार के वॉटर मिनिस्टर कपिल मिश्रा ने कहा है कि हमें कानूनी तरीके से पानी मिल रहा है। इसे कोई नहीं रोक सकता। अगर हरियाणा सुप्रीम कोर्ट के आदेश का उल्लंघन करता हैं, उसे नतीजे भूगतने पड़ेंगे। मिश्रा ने कहा कि हरियाणा से दिल्ली सरकार को कोई पत्र नहीं मिला है। अगर मिलता भी हैं तो इस्टबिन में फेंक दिया जाएगा। 🕪 पेज 3

पंजाब, हरियाणा के विधायकों ने एकदूसरे की विधानसभाओं पर बोला धावा ▶ पेज 13 हरियाणा अपने सिस्टम से पानी पहुंचाने में असमर्थ रहेगा - ओमप्रकाश धनखड़, हरियाणा के सिंचाई मंत्री हमें कानूनी तरीके से पानी मिल रहा है। इसे कोई नहीं रोक सकता। -क्र्यल मिश्रा, दिल्ली के जल मंत्री

लिंक नहर पर कोर्ट ने दिया दखल

■ विस, नई दिल्ली: सुप्रीम कोर्ट ने एसवाईएल नहर मामले में यथास्थिति बनाए रखने का आदेश दिया है। यह पंजाब सरकार के लिए बड़ा झटका है क्योंकि उसने एसवाईएल नहर को खत्म करने का बिल अपनी विधानसभा में पास करके किसानों को जमीन लौटाना शुरू कर दिया है। सुप्रीम कोर्ट ने कहा है कि 2004

में कोर्ट ने नहर बनाने को लेकर जो आदेश दिया था, उसे पूरा न करने की कोशिश हो रही है ऐसे में हम चुप होकर नहीं बैठ सकते। सुप्रीम कोर्ट की संवैधानिक बेंच ने केंद्रीय होम सेक्रेटरी, पंजाब के चीफ सेक्रेटरी और डीजीपी को रिसीवर नियुक्त करते हुए कहा कि ये लोग यथास्थित रखने के आदेश पर अमल कराएंगे।



एसवाईएल नहर को पाटने का काम गुरुवार को भी जारी रहा। सुप्रीम कोर्ट के यथास्थिति के आदेश के बावजूद पंजाब के रूप नगर, पटियाला और फतेहगढ़ साहिब में देर शाम तक गांववाले भारी मशीनों से नहर में मिट्टी उलवाते रहे।

'कोई नहीं रोक सकता दिल्ली का पानी'

हरियाणा की धमकी पर दिल्ली के जल मंत्री ने कहा

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■ नई दिल्ली: एसवाईएल लिंक मामले पर हरियाणा और दिल्ली सरकार की लड़ाई और तेज होती नजर आ रही है। हरियाणा के दिल्ली का पानी रोकने की धमकी पर दिल्ली सरकार के जल मंत्री कपिल मिश्रा ने कहा है कि हमें लीगल तरीके से पानी मिल रहा है। इसे कोई रोक नहीं सकता। अगर हरियाणा सुप्रीम कोर्ट के आदेश का उल्लंघन करता है उसे खुद परिणाम भुगतने पड़ेंगे। मिश्रा ने यह भी साफ किया कि हरियाणा की ओर से दिल्ली सरकार को कोई पत्र नहीं मिला है। अगर पत्र मिलता भी है तो उसे डस्टबिन में फंक दिया जाएगा।

'परे देश की है यमुना'

कपिल मिश्रा ने कहा कि हरियाणा ने जो पत्र लिखा है वह दिल्ली के लिए नहीं है। हरियाणा के लोगों का ध्यान भटकाने के लिए पत्र लिखा है। हरियाणा में कानून व्यवस्था पूरी तरह से चरमरा गई है। इसलिए लोगों को ध्यान दूसरी ओर खींचने के लिए हरियाणा सरकार दिल्ली का पानी रोकने की धमकी दे रही है। यमुना किसी राज्य की नहीं है। यमुना पूरे देश की है। कपिल मिश्रा से जब पानी की वैकल्पिक व्यवस्था के बारे में पूछा गया तो उनका साफ कहना था कि यमुना के पानी की कोई दूसरी व्यवस्था नहीं की जा सकती।



मुनक की सुरक्षा बढ़ी

🔳 प्रस, चंडीगढ़

हरियाणा ने दिल्ली को पानी की सप्लाई करने वाली मुनक नहर की सुरक्षा बढ़ा दी है। जाट आरक्षण आंदोलन की तैयारियों को देखते हुए अर्धसैनिक बलों के 3 हजार जवान रवाना कर दिए गए हैं। सूत्रों के अनुसार मुनक नहर पर 300

हिरियाणा ने पानी रोका तो... अभी दिल्ली को भांखड़ा व्यास मैनेजमेंट बोर्ड से करीब 400 क्यूसेक पानी मिलता है। यह पानी नांगल डैम से रावी व्यास का पानी है जो पश्चिमी यमुना नहर के जिए दिल्ली आता है। मुनक नहर बनने के बाद इसे इस नहर के जिए दिल्ली लाया जाता है। इस पानी को 200 एमीडी क्षमता के हैदरपुर वॉटर ट्रीटमेंट प्लांट और 40 एमजीडी के नांगलोई वॉटर टीटमेंट प्लांट में साफ किया जवानों को तैनात किया जा रहा है।

बाकी जवानों की ड्यूटी हाईवे, रेलवे ट्रैक, रेलवे स्टेशनों के पास तैनात होंगे। पिछले दिनों आंदोलन के दौरान मुनक नहर को तोड़ने से दिल्ली में पानी की बहुत प्रॉब्लम हो गई थी। कई दिनों तक दिल्ली पानी के लिए तरस गई थी। मुनक नहर को ठीक करने में कई दिन लगे थे।

जाता है। इन दोनों प्लांटों से राजधानी की एक तिहाई आबादी को पीने के पानी की सप्लाई होती है। अगर हरियाणा यह पानी रोक देता है। या इस पानी को देने में अड़चने डालता है तो सबसे ज्यादा संकट नॉर्थ दिल्ली, नॉर्थ वेस्ट दिल्ली, बाहरी दिल्ली, वेस्ट दिल्ली और साउथ वेस्ट दिल्ली के इलाकों पर असर पड़ेगा। पिछले दिनों जाट आरक्षण आंदोलन के कारण मुनक नहर को काट दिया गया था। नहर को रिपेयर करने में काफी दिन

राजधानी को कहां से मिलता है कितना प		
स्रोत	पानी की मात्रा	
यमुना	215 एमजीडी	
भाखड़ा ब्यास मैनेजमेंट बोर्ड		
(वेस्टर्न यमुना कैनाल के जरिए)	220 एमजीडी	
र्गगा	240 एमजीडी	
नेनीनेल त ट्यबनेल	100 एमजीडी	

यमुना के पानी में राज्यों का हिस्सा 12 मई, 1994 समझौते के आधार

राज्य	पानी का हिस्सा	**
हरियाणा	5.730 बीसीएम (बिलियन	क्यूबिक 🖠
राजस्थान	1.119 बीसीएम	
यूपी	4.032 बीसीएम	
हिमाचल प्रदेश	0.378 बीसीएम	
दिल्ली	0.724 बीसीएम	

लग गए और लोगों के घरों में पिछले सप्ताह से ही पानी की सप्लाई नॉर्मल होनी शुरू हुई थी। अगर एक बार फिर से दिल्ली का पानी रोंका गया तो लोगों के सामने फिर से पानी का संकट पैदा हो सकता है।

चार दशक से पंजाब-हरियाणा में तकरार की वज

प्रमुख संवाददाता, चंडीगढ़

सतलज यमुना लिंक (एसवाईएल) नहर का मुद्दा पिछले चार दशकों से हरियाणा और पंजाब के बीच लटका हुआ था। इस दौरान नहर में पानी तो नहीं मगर सियासी बयानों के रेतीले बुलबुले जरूर बहते रहे। अब एक बार फिर यह मामला न केवल गर्म है बल्कि दो राज्यों में तीखे टकराव की वजह बना हुआ है।

जीवनरेखा के समान :

हरियाणा के लिए एसवाईएल लिंक नहर किसानों की जीवन रेखा है। हरियाणा अरसे से इस नहर के जिरए रावी-ब्यास निदयों के पानी में से अपना वैध आवंटित हिस्सा लेने के लिए इंतजार कर रहा है। इसके न बनने से राज्य में विकसित की गई तीन लाख हैक्टेयर सिंचाई क्षमता का इस्तेमाल नहीं हो पा रहा है। हरियाणा के मुताबिक यह नहर न केवल राज्य बल्कि राष्ट्रहित में है। हरियाणा का कहना है कि हम खैरात नहीं मांग रहे और न ही पंजाब के हिस्से का पानी। हरियाणा तो रावी-ब्यास निदयों के पानी के न्यायोचित हिस्से के लिए एक मार्ग चाहता है और वह मार्ग है एसवाईएल।

पंजाब का तर्क है कि उसकी अपनी जरूरतें हैं। राज्य के पास पहले ही पानी की कमी है और यही हालात रहे तो पंजाब जल्द रेगिस्तान में तब्दील हो जाएगा। इसी आधार पर पंजाब अपने पडोसी हरियाणा को पानी की एक भी बंद देने को तैयार नहीं है। पंजाब ने इस मामले में बहुत बड़ा कदम उठाते हुए नहर के लिए जमीन को डीनोटिफाई कर इसे वापस उनके मालिकों को लौटाने का ऐलान कर दिया। यही नहीं नहर को मिट्टी से भरने का काम भी चलता दिखा। हालांकि गुरुवार को सुप्रीम कोर्ट की ओर से मामले का संज्ञान लेने से हरियाणा को कुछ उम्मीद जगी है। पंजाब का तर्क है कि उसकी अपनी जरूरतें हैं। राज्य के पास पहले ही पानी की कमी है और यही हालात रहे तो पंजाब जल्द रेगिस्तान में तब्दील हो जाएगा। इसी आधार पर पंजाब अपने पडोसी हरियाणा को पानी की एक भी बंद देने को तैयार नहीं है। पंजाब ने इस मामले में बहुत बड़ा कदम उठाते हुए नहर के लिए जमीन को डीनोटिफाई कर इसे वापस उनके मालिकों को लौटाने का ऐलान कर दिया यही नहीं नहर को मिट्टी से भरने का काम भी चलता दिखा। हालांकि गुरुवार को सुप्रीम कोर्ट की ओर से मामले का संज्ञान लेने से हरियाणा को कुछ उम्मीद जगी है।

अजय गौतम, चंडीगढ़: नहर का मुद्दा गुरुवार को और गरमा गया। हरियाणा ने एक चिट्ठी के साथ पंजाब को चेक लौटा दिया है। हरियाणा के प्रमुख विपक्षी दल INLD ने अकालियों के साथ राजनीतिक रिश्ते तक खत्म करने का ऐलान तक कर दिया। मामला सदन से भीतर एक दूसरे के खिलाफ निंदा प्रस्तावों से तो गर्माया ही, बाहर भी जबरस्त ड्रामा चला। आईएनएलडी ने पंजाब विधानसभा के बाहर जमकर नारेबाजी करते हुए स्पीकर से मुलाकात की। जवाब में पंजाब कांग्रेस के विधायकों ने भी इसी अंदाज में हरियाणा के दरवाजे पर हंगामा किया।



हरियाणा की विपक्षी पार्टी INL के विधायकों ने पंजाब की विधानसभा में घुसने की कोशिश की। जवाब में पंजाब के विधायकों ने भी हरियाणा असेंबली पहंचकर प्रदर्शन किया। कानन

इधर, तत्कालीन पंजाब फैसले को मानने की बर् से पंजाब समझौता निस् 2004 पारित करवा दिन व्यवस्था और लोकतंत्र ब हुए कड़ा विरोध दर्ज बि सरकार ने साल 2004 जुड़े सभी अंतर्राज्यीय भी हरियाणा में तिस्ती प्र

ऐसे बढ़ा विवास प्रेजिडेशियल रेफरेंस के पेडिंग है। हरियाणा स्सर् करते हुए मामले के जा की। इधर, सुप्रीम कोर्ट 29 फरवरी व 8 मार्च की मौजूदा बीजेपी—अस् एक बड़ा कदम उठारे बिल लाकर नहर के हैं वापस मासिकों को के ाड

सुप्रेम कोर्ट के इ विधानसम्। अधिनयम्, मा ने इसे संबीय अपमान बताते सके बद पंजाब व्यास नदी से इ कर दिए तो

मामला सुप्रीम कोर्ट में दू से संपर्क रे की गुजारिश हे पर इस साल ई की थी। पंजाब धन सरकार ने विधानसभा को हित जमीन को

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Supreme Court stops Punjab from levelling Sutlej-Yamuna Link canal land

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Patiala Mayor Amarinder Singh Bajaj operates a JCB machine brought by youth activists of the Shiromani Akali Dal to fill up the Sutlej-Yamuna Link Canal, near Banu-Chandigarh road on Wednesday.

Union Home Secretary and Punjab Chief Secretary and DGP appointed 'joint receiver' of land and other property meant for the SYL canal.

In a setback to Punjab, the Supreme Court on directed maintenance of status quo on land meant for Sutlej-Yamuna Link Canal after Haryana alleged that attempts have been made to alter its use by levelling it.

The apex court in its interim order also appointed Union Home Secretary and Punjab's Chief Secretary and Director-General of Police (DGP) as the 'joint receiver' of land and other property meant for the SYL canal till the next date of hearing on March 31, 2016.

A five-judge Constitution Bench headed by Justice A.R. Dave passed the order with a hard-hitting observation that "an effort is made to make execution of the decree of this court unexecutable and this court cannot be a silent spectator".

It passed the order on an urgent application moved by the Haryana government submitting that the Punjab Assembly on March 14, 2016 passed a bill against the construction of contentious SYL canal providing for transfer of proprietary rights back to the land owners free of cost.

WATER POLITICS

The SYL canal issue was back in the news earlier this month after Haryana sought early hearing in the Supreme Court on the Presidential reference that has been pending for around 12 years

- The issue escalated after the Punjab Assembly recently passed The Punjab Sutlej Yamuna Link Canal (Rehabilitation and Re-vesting of Proprietary Rights) Bill, 2016, to de-notify land acquired to build the SYL canal in Punjab
- Delhi Jal Board on an average supplies 895 MGD of water to the the national capital; 90 MGD of this water comes from Munak Canal



Senior advocate Shyam Divan said the bill awaiting Governor's assent would negate the apex court's 2004 decree calling for unhindered

construction of the canal which will provide share of its water to Haryana.

He referred to reports with photographs that JCB and earthmoving equipments have been arranged for levelling the land in the Punjab part of the canal and sought ad-interim protection by appointing the 'court receiver' and restraining the publication of the assent to the bill in gazette notification.

Haryana's application was opposed by senior advocates Ram Jethmalani and Rajeev Dhawan, appearing for Punjab, who submitted that the apex court has only advisory jurisdiction and cannot pass interim orders as there was no prima facie case made out and the arguments of the opposite side was based on media reports.

However, Mr. Dhawan's submission on media reports did not cut much ice with the bench, which shot back, "Do you think that what has been stated in the newspapers is incorrect?"

"You could have done something on Monday (the day the bill was passed in Punjab Assembly)," the bench said adding that if anything happens in between "we will modify our order".

Like the Punjab government, the Centre, through Solicitor-General Ranjit Kumar, sought an adjournment maintaining that he needed to take instruction as he was not aware of the ground reality and needed to speak to officials.

The Solicitor-General was also of the view that the apex court should refrain from passing any interim order on appointment of receiver.

However, the bench said there was a need for an interim order in view of the prevailing situation.

"After hearing the contentions of the parties, we find that an effort is made to make execution of the decree of this court unexecutable. In these circumstances, this court cannot be a silent spectator.

"The Secretary, Ministry of Home Affairs and Chief Secretary of Punjab and Punjab's DGP will be the joint receiver. Status quo be maintained for the land meant for the SYL canal," the bench, also comprising Justices P.C. Ghose, Shiva Kirti Singh, A.K. Goel and Amitava Roy said while posting the matter for further hearing on March 31, 2016.

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