

भारत सरकार  
Government of India  
केन्द्रीय जल आयोग  
Central Water Commission  
बाढ़ पूर्वानुमान प्रबोधन निदेशालय  
Flood Forecast Monitoring Directorate

Tele/ Fax: 011-26106523, 26105274

e-mail : fmdte@nic.in, ffwcwc@gmail.com

Room No. 5<sup>th</sup> Floor(S), Sewa Bhawan,  
R.K. Puram, New Delhi-110066.

विषय : दिनांक 20.09.2018 की समाचार की कतरन ( News Clippings ) प्रस्तुत करने के सम्बन्ध में ।

मानसून/ बाढ़ सम्बन्धी समाचारों की कतरन ( News Clippings ) अवलोकन हेतु प्रस्तुत हैं :

सम्बन्धन : उपरोक्तानुसार

*Heer Kaur*  
( सहायक निदेशक ) 20/9/18

20/9/18  
उपनिदेशक

निदेशक (वा.प.प्र.)

210 य-५  
20/09/2018

कृपया केन्द्रीय जल आयोग की वेब साईट पर अपलोड करने की व्यवस्था करें ।

54 निदेशक (तकनीकी प्रलेखन)

चिप्लेन

दिनांक 19.09.2018 को निम्नलिखित समाचार पत्र में प्रकाशित मानसून/ बाढ़ सम्बन्धी समाचार

Hindustan Times ( Delhi )

नवभारत टाइम्स ( दिल्ली )

The Tribune ( Chandigarh )

✓ The Hindu ( Chennai )

The Assam Tribune ( Guwahati )

The Times of India ( Mumbai )

The Telegraph ( Kolkata )

हिन्दुस्तान ( पटना )

The Deccan Herald ( Bengluru )

The Deccan Chronical ( Hyderabad )

Central Chronical ( Bhopal )

# City may get light rain for two more days

Cool weather prevails, but rainfall not significant

**SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT  
CHENNAI**

Light rain may keep Chennai cool for one or two more days due to a prevailing weather system.

However, chances of widespread rainfall over other parts of the State are diminishing, according to the Meteorological Department.

Monday's low pressure area lies over east central Bay of Bengal and adjoining Myanmar coast and this is expected to intensify into a depression and move towards north Andhra Pradesh and south Odisha by early Thursday.

This may have some impact over northern parts of the State, including Chennai, said officials of the Meteorological department.

On Tuesday, the weather stations in Nungambakkam and Meenambakkam recorded 33.4 degrees Celsius and 33.3 degrees Celsius respectively.

While the city enjoyed overcast sky and light drizzle through the day, the weather



A low pressure over east the central Bay of Bengal may bring rain to the northern parts of the State. ■ B. JOTHI RAMALINGAM

er stations did not record much rainfall.

## Day temperature

The day temperature in many other places such as Dharmapuri, Kanniyakumari, Cuddalore, Coimbatore, Tiruttani and Vellore was also below the average temperature for the day.

Meteorological Department officials said only one or two places may receive rainfall in other parts of Tamil Nadu and Puducherry

and this would largely be due to convective activity.

The State has so far received 231 mm of rainfall against its normal of 267 mm, which is 13% deficit for the season from June 1. However, it is considered normal rainfall by the Meteorological Department.

The Meteorological Department forecast a generally cloudy sky till Thursday and the maximum temperature will be around 36 degree Celsius.

Central Water Commission  
Technical Documentation Directorate  
Bhagirath(English)& Publicity Section

\*\*\*\*\*

West Block II, Wing No-5  
R K Puram, New Delhi – 66.

Dated

20.9.2018.

*Subject: Submission of News Clippings.*

The News Clippings on Water Resources Development and allied subjects are enclosed for perusal of the Chairman, CWC, and Member (WP&P/D&R/RM), Central Water Commission. The soft copies of clippings have also been uploaded on the CWC website.

*P. Mahajan*  
20.9.18  
SPA (Publicity)

Encl: As stated above.

*o/c*

Deputy Director TD Dte, & Publication Division

*Yuv*  
20/9

Director TD Dte

*gucha*

20/9

For information of Chairman & Member (WP&P/D&R/R.M.), CWC and all concerned,  
uploaded at [www.cwc.nic.in](http://www.cwc.nic.in)



News item/letter/article/editorial published on 20.09.2018 in the

Hindustan Times

Statesman

The Times of India (N.D.)

Indian Express

Tribune

Hindustan (Hindi)

Nav Bharat Times (Hindi)

Punjab Keshari (Hindi)

The Hindu

Rajasthan Patrika (Hindi)

Deccan Chronicle

Deccan Herald

M.P.Chronicle

Aaj (Hindi)

Indian Nation

Nai Duniya (Hindi)

The Times of India (A)

Business standard ✓

and documented at Bhagirath(English)& Publicity Section, CWC.

**THE ECONOMIC TIMES**

## Microsoft introduces HoloLens to businesses via Dynamics 365 apps

REUTERS

19 September

Microsoft announced on Tuesday new AI and mixed-reality applications for its Dynamics 365 online business software, putting to use its augmented-reality goggles HoloLens for businesses.

The additions to its cloud-based software came two years after HoloLens was launched.

The new AI applications, Dynamics 365 Layout and Dynamics 365 Remote Assistant, help connect live remote colleagues with the use of HoloLens, Microsoft said in a blog. Citing oil company Chevron Corp's use of the applications, Microsoft said they help to remotely collaborate with and assist firstline

workers and remote experts, reducing travel time.

"Previously it was required to fly in an inspector from Houston to a facility in Singapore once a month to inspect equipment. Now it has in-time inspection using Dynamics 365 Remote Assist and can identify issues or provide approvals immediately," Microsoft said.

Microsoft also announced the launch of Dynamics 365 AI for sales, customer service and market insights. Dynamics 365, which posted a 61 per cent increase when Microsoft reported its quarterly results in July, competes with San Francisco-based Salesforce's flagship Sales Cloud. The new AI applications will be released next month, the company said.

News item/letter/article/editorial published on 20.09.2018 in the

Hindustan Times  
Statesman

The Times of India (N.D.)

Indian Express

Tribune

Hindustan (Hindi)

Nav Bharat Times (Hindi)

Punjab Keshari (Hindi)

The Hindu

Rajasthan Patrika (Hindi)

Deccan Chronicle

Deccan Herald

M.P.Chronicle

Aaj (Hindi)

Indian Nation

Nai Duniya (Hindi)

The Times of India (A)

Business standard

and documented at Bhagirath(English)& Publicity Section, CWC.

THE ECONOMIC TIMES



AJAY VIR JHAKAR

# FOR THE FARMER'S FUTURE

*It is important to evaluate the consequences of Centre's agriculture policy*

WITH ELECTIONS AROUND the corner, it's too late for a course correction of the farm sector, but it's an opportune time to document the unintended consequences of half-baked policies for the next five years. Otherwise, the momentum of existing policies will continue to feed rural economic misery.

Agriculture GDP growth plummeted just as India's agricultural trade surplus, which had recorded a 10x increase between 1991-92 and 2013-14, fell by 70 per cent, mainly due to depressed international commodity prices and back-to-back droughts. The GDP time-series data clearly indicates growth was already declining when UPA II passed the baton to the present regime. Therefore, not all the blame can be heaped on this government. But it's equally true that the response of those directing the agriculture policy to the dire circumstances not only created a credibility crisis for the government, but aggravated the problem on every farm. As a consequence, farmer suicides continue unabated.

UPA II basically lost the support of the people as it was unable to control inflation, while this regime faces a backlash for artificially deflating the economy. The MSP increase was a knee-jerk reaction to the deflation.

The government excelled in politically attractive slogans like "doubling farmer incomes". But problems were bound to arise

BJP-ruled states like Rajasthan and Maharashtra have found innovative ways to circumvent implementing the scheme by issuing notifications only two days in advance of the expiry date of enrolment, thus limiting the fiscal damage. If Rajasthan was to notify the PMFBY in time, the premium pay-out may be more than the state's agriculture budget.

when it tried to implement the impractical message through schemes like Pradhan Mantri Fasal Bima Yojana (PMFBY). Even BJP-ruled states aren't receptive to the Centre's policies. Haryana is a good example.

Every positive step like GST has a cost, especially if not thought through properly. Similarly, the architecture of PMFBY is flawed. Haryana insured the crops of 6,40,000 farmers. But only 1,053 farmers (0.16 per cent) voluntarily opted for crop insurance. In 2016-17 the premium collected was Rs 368 crore and even though the corresponding claim pay-out was Rs 280 crore, the premium for the next year rose to Rs 460 crore. Closer to my village, in Sirsa district, crop premiums per hectare increased manifold; for cotton from Rs 1,320 to Rs 5,936 and for maize from Rs 1,000 to Rs 6,225. Surprisingly, there are crops like gram (Rs 9,837/ha) where the premium is more than the actual cost of sowing.

Even though the crop automatically gets insured (without consent) when farmers avail of a crop loan, across India, the number of farmers insured has dropped. BJP-ruled states like Rajasthan and Maharashtra have found ways to circumvent implementing the scheme by issuing notifications only two days in advance of the expiry date of enrolment, thus limiting the fiscal damage. If Rajasthan was to notify PMFBY in time, the premium pay-out may be more than the

state's agriculture budget.

We would rather not guess the reason for the latest order to stop the export of a livestock indefinitely, impacting the livelihood of millions. The government shouldn't even pretend that the vigilantes are the voice of a trivial minority. The leadership is busy being in-charge, while it is supposed to be responsible for those in their charge. In these moments of despair, farmers could find solace in the words of J R R Tolkien in *The Lord of the Rings*: "But in the end, it's only a passing thing, this shadow; even darkness must pass."

Academics supportive of the government and respective ministries may hawk PMFBY, demonetisation, food parks, soil health cards, eNAM and job creation as great successes. But by misrepresenting facts and keeping the leader in the dark, they deceive him. Despite the overwhelming evidence to the contrary, I remain an infinite optimist.

Farmers are wondering why the Union minister for agriculture & farmer welfare is conspicuous by his absence every time significant farmer-related decisions are announced. I am still deeply intrigued at the question posed at a recent meeting in the North Block by one who left for greener pastures: "Why does not someone tell the PM?"

The writer is chairman, Punjab State Farmers' and Farm Workers' Commission



News item/letter/article/editorial published on 20.09.2010 in the

Hindustan Times

Statesman

The Times of India (N.D.)

Indian Express ✓

Tribune

Hindustan (Hindi)

Nav Bharat Times (Hindi)

Punjab Keshari (Hindi)

The Hindu

Rajasthan Patrika (Hindi)

Deccan Chronicle

Deccan Herald

M.P.Chronicle

Aaj (Hindi)

Indian Nation

Nai Duniya (Hindi)

The Times of India (A)

Business standard

and documented at Bhagirath(English)& Publicity Section, CWC. **THE ECONOMIC TIMES**

## KERALA FLOODS

# Centre, World Bank team to visit state for safety audit of 28 dams

**SOWMIYA ASHOK**

NEW DELHI, SEPTEMBER 19

A JOINT team from the Centre and World Bank will visit Kerala next week for a post-flood safety audit of 28 dams in the state, a senior Central Water Commission official told *The Indian Express*.

"The audit will look at the operation and maintenance manual of the dams, the emergency action plans in place for each dam, and the integrated reservoir operation in place," the official said.

The 28 dams in Kerala fall under the Dam Rehabilitation and Improvement Project (DRIP) that was cleared by the Cabinet on Wednesday. Of the 28 dams, 12 are maintained by the Kerala Water Resources Department and the remaining by the Kerala State Electricity Board.

"In Kerala, none of the dams have a dedicated flood cushion in place when it was planned. There is a need to relook at the rule curve that governs these dams," the official said. A rule curve governs how

the dam is filled during monsoon.

The Cabinet approved the revised estimated cost of DRIP at Rs 3,466 crore, of which the World Bank will provide Rs 2,626 crore, to "improve safety and operational performance of 198 dams".

"The project will improve the safety and operational performance of selected existing dams and mitigate risks to ensure safety of downstream population and property. The primary beneficiaries are both urban and rural communities dependent on reservoir and downstream communities, who are prone to risk associated with dam failure or operational failure," the cabinet statement said.

The scheme will look at 198 dams in seven states — Kerala, Madhya Pradesh, Odisha, Tamil Nadu, Karnataka, Jharkhand, and Uttarakhand. "While the DRIP only focuses on 198 dams, which is only 4 per cent of the dams in India, the Ministry of Water Resources has approved a larger project that will cater to 725 dams in 18 more states," said the official. The budget outlay is over Rs 11,000 crore, the official added.

News item/letter/article/editorial published on 20.08.2018 in the

Hindustan Times

Statesman

The Times of India (N.D.)

Indian Express ✓

Tribune

Hindustan (Hindi)

Nav Bharat Times (Hindi)

Punjab Keshari (Hindi)

The Hindu

Rajasthan Patrika (Hindi)

Deccan Chronicle

Deccan Herald

M.P.Chronicle

Aaj (Hindi)

Indian Nation

Nai Duniya (Hindi)

The Times of India (A)

Business standard

and documented at Bhagirath(English) & Publicity Section, CWC.

**THE ECONOMIC TIMES**

## Inter-ministerial team to assess Kerala flood damage

**EXPRESS NEWS SERVICE**

NEW DELHI, SEPTEMBER 19

AN INTER-MINISTERIAL team, headed by a special secretary of the Home Ministry, will reach Kerala on Thursday for a five-day visit to assess the damage caused by the recent devastating floods, officials said.

At least 488 people died after heavy rainfall and flood hit 14 districts of the state this year.

The team, headed by Special Secretary B R Sharma, will visit Kerala from September 20 to 24, a Home Ministry official said.

The move comes after the

Kerala government sent a detailed memorandum to the Centre, seeking Rs 4,700 crore as compensation for the damages.

As per guidelines, the Inter-Ministerial Central Team (IMCT) will visit the state for on-the-spot assessment of damage and additional requirement of funds. The IMCT report will be considered by a sub-committee of National Executive Committee, headed by the Union Home Secretary, in conformity with the norms. It will then be considered by a high-level committee chaired by the Home Minister for approving the quantum of additional assistance from the NDRF, another official said.



Hindustan Times  
Statesman  
The Times of India (N.D.)  
Indian Express  
Tribune  
Hindustan (Hindi)

Nav Bharat Times (Hindi)  
Punjab Keshari (Hindi)  
The Hindu  
Rajasthan Patrika (Hindi)  
Deccan Chronicle  
Deccan Herald

M.P.Chronicle  
Aaj (Hindi)  
Indian Nation  
Nai Duniya (Hindi)  
The Times of India (A)  
Business standard

and documented at Bhagirath(English) & Publicity Section, CWC. **THE ECONOMIC TIMES**

# Cabinet clears ₹3,466 crore dam improvement project

## 198 existing structures in 7 States will benefit from scheme

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT  
NEW DELHI

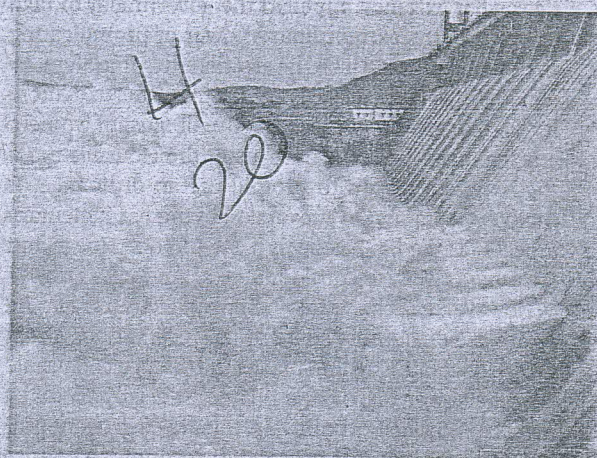
The government has approved a 65% hike, and extended by two years, a project to improve the stability and working of dams in 11 States.

The Cabinet Committee on Economic Affairs (CCEA), chaired by Prime Minister Narendra Modi, approved the Dam Rehabilitation Improvement Project (DRIP) project on Wednesday. Out of the ₹3,466 crore cleared, ₹2,628 crore would be funded by the World Bank and ₹747 crore by the States and Implementing Agencies (IAs), and the balance ₹91 crore by the Central Water Commission (CWC).

Originally, the total cost of DRIP was ₹2,100 crore with the States expected to fund ₹1,968 crore and the Centre ₹132 crore. Initially, the six-year project commenced on April 18, 2012, with a scheduled closing on June 30, 2018.

This has now been extended to June 2020. A dam safety Bill that sets directives on how the States and the Centre ought to have an institutional mechanism to better manage dams is still to be discussed in Parliament.

"The (DRIP) project will improve the safety and operational performance of selected existing dams and mitigate risks to ensure safety



The Hirakud dam in Sambalpur district of Odisha. ■PTI

of downstream population and property. The primary beneficiaries are both urban and rural communities dependent on reservoir and downstream communities, who are prone to risk associated with dam failure or operational failure" said a press statement accompanying the decision.

### Six monthly reviews

There are 198 existing dams in Kerala, Madhya Pradesh, Odisha, Tamil Nadu, Karnataka, Jharkhand (Damodar Valley Corporation) and Uttarakhand (Uttarakhand Jal Vidyut Nigam Limited) that would benefit from the project. In lieu of the funds, dam managers would have to adhere to recommendations by the CWC as well as subject themselves to six monthly

reviews by the World Bank and an audit by an independent French agency, said an official in the Union Water Ministry, who did not wish to be identified.

Kerala, which saw devastating floods and questions raised on the management of its dams, will see 16 of the reservoirs managed by its Water Resources Department and 12 by that State's Electricity Department, get funded under the DRIP programme to the tune of ₹514 crore.

"This money was locked in and sent for approval before the floods. Moreover, the Mullaperiyar dam – located in Kerala and owned by Tamil Nadu – isn't one of those to be rehabilitated," the official quoted above added.



Hindustan Times

Statesman

The Times of India (N.D.)

Indian Express

Tribune

Hindustan (Hindi)

Nav Bharat Times (Hindi)

Punjab Keshari (Hindi)

The Hindu

Rajasthan Patrika (Hindi)

Deccan Chronicle

Deccan Herald

M.P. Chronicle

Aaj (Hindi)

Indian Nation

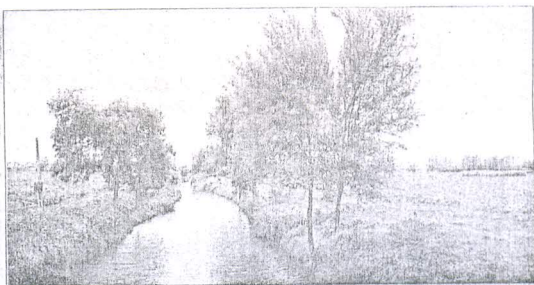
Nai Duniya (Hindi)

The Times of India (A)

Business standard

and documented at Bhagirath(English)&amp; Publicity Section, CWC.

THE ECONOMIC TIMES



## Driest Sep in 17 years sends monsoon into below-normal zone

EXPRESS NEWS SERVICE

NEW DELHI, SEPTEMBER 19

THE SOUTHWEST monsoon has slipped into deficit in its final lap, after an overall decent run during the first three months of the season.

The country as a whole has, as on September 19, cumulatively received an average area-weighted rainfall of 750.5 mm during the current monsoon season from June 1. This is 10.1 per cent below the historical long-term average of 834.5 mm for the same period, making it a "below normal" monsoon. That, as per the India Meteorological Department's (IMD) definition, refers to rainfall deficiency exceeding 10 per cent of the long-period average.

The slippage has happened only this month. It can be seen from the accompanying table that the all-India average rainfall was well within the "normal" departure range of 10 per cent in June, July and August. In the current month, though, the rains have so far been almost a third lower than the historical average. If the trend holds, this September would turn out to be the driest in 17 years.

Interestingly, even Kerala — which recorded above average precipitation of 15.4 per cent in June, 18.1 per cent in July and 95.9 per cent in August — has received a mere 8.8 mm of rain this month till September 19. That is a whopping 93.5 per cent below the state's historical average of 135.9 mm for this period.

According to the IMD data, 12 of out the country's 36 meteorological subdivisions have registered deficient rainfall — i.e. departure of 20 per cent or more from long period average — during this monsoon season till September 19. This covers the whole of Gujarat (including Saurashtra and Kutch), Bihar, Jharkhand, West Rajasthan, Haryana (including Delhi and Chandigarh), the entire North East (Assam, Meghalaya, Arunachal Pradesh, Nagaland, Mizoram, Manipur and Tripura), Rayalaseema and North Interior Karnataka.

The poor rainfall activity this month is, however, unlikely to significantly impact

agricultural production. The main reason for it is that much of kharif plantings happen in June-July. Most parts of the country, except Bihar, Jharkhand and the North-East states, received enough rains for farmers to take up sowing operations. Some areas such as Marathwada, North Karnataka and Gujarat (especially Saurashtra) did experience dry spells during the crop's vegetative growth phase, but the situation is nowhere close to the drought situation seen in 2014 and 2015.

There are concerns over the cotton crop in Gujarat's main Saurashtra belt, which is in boll formation and flowering stage. Moisture stress could affect yields, but the positive news this time is that no large-scale pest attacks — whether by pink bollworm or whitefly — have been reported in the country's major cotton-growing areas.

As things stand, it would seem that this year's kharif crop wouldn't be as good as in the last two years, but there is certainly no possibility of a repeat of 2014 and 2015. Also, the price outlook for crops such as cotton and soyabean seems better than last year. The cotton crop and also the short-duration Pusa-1509 basmati paddy have already started arriving in the markets of Punjab and Haryana. They are trading at levels that farmers can be reasonably pleased about.

Meanwhile, the IMD has forecast rains over Odisha, Andhra Pradesh, Telangana, Jharkhand and Gangetic West Bengal over the next 48 hours, and over central and adjoining Peninsular India and North West India during September 21-25. This is on account of a well-marked low pressure area over East-central Bay of Bengal, which is likely to develop into a deep depression over the next 24 hours.

That should help bolster the soil and sub-soil moisture for farmers in the coming rabi sowing season. One worry here could be El Nino. The Australian Bureau of Meteorology and the US National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration have forecast an El Nino event — the abnormal warming of the equatorial Pacific Ocean Waters, seen to adversely impact rains in India — to take place after November. That could have a bearing on the winter rains, which are crucial for crops such as wheat, mustard and *chana*.

### ALL-INDIA WEIGHTED AVERAGE RAINFALL (In mm)

	JUNE	JULY	AUGUST	SEP
2012	117.6 (-28.1)	250.3 (-13.4)	262.3 (0.5)	193.4 (11.5)
2013	219.8 (34.4)	310.1 (7.3)	254.9 (-2.3)	152.6 (-12.0)
2014	95.2 (-41.8)	261.1 (-9.6)	237.4 (-9.0)	187.9 (8.3)
2015	189.0 (15.5)	240.8 (-16.7)	204.2 (-21.9)	131.8 (-24.0)
2016	147.6 (-9.8)	309.2 (6.9)	239.6 (-8.3)	168.0 (-3.1)
2017	172.5 (5.4)	290.5 (0.4)	229.6 (-12.1)	153.3 (-11.6)
2018	155.3 (-5.1)	272.4 (-5.8)	214.4 (-7.6)	81.4* (-32.4)

\*Till Sep 19. Figures in brackets represent % deviation from normal.



Hindustan Times  
Statesman  
The Times of India (N.D.)  
Indian Express  
Tribune  
Hindustan (Hindi)

Nav Bharat Times (Hindi)  
Punjab Keshari (Hindi)  
The Hindu  
Rajasthan Patrika (Hindi)  
Deccan Chronicle  
Deccan Herald

M.P.Chronicle  
Aaj (Hindi)  
Indian Nation  
Nai Duniya (Hindi)  
The Times of India (A)  
Business standard

and documented at Bhagirath(English)& Publicity Section, CWC. **THE ECONOMIC TIMES**

# बांध सुरक्षा परियोजना को मंजूरी

नई दिल्ली, (पंजाब केसरी) सरकार ने देश भर में 198 बांधों की सुरक्षा में सुधार से जुड़ी परियोजना को संशोधित लागत अनुमान को बुधवार को मंजूरी दे दी। परियोजना की संशोधित लागत 3,466 करोड़ रुपये निर्धारित की है। मूल रूप से परियोजना की कुल लागत 2,100 करोड़ रुपये थी। इसमें राज्य की हिस्सेदारी 1,968 करोड़ रुपये और केंद्र की 132 करोड़ रुपये थी। योजना के तहत केरल, मध्य प्रदेश, ओडिशा, तमिलनाडु, कर्नाटक, झारखंड तथा उत्तराखंड में स्थित 198 मौजूदा बांध परियोजनाओं की व्यापक प्रबंधन प्रणाली पर जोर दिया गया है। यहां जारी आधिकारिक बयान के अनुसार यह परियोजना चुने गये वर्तमान बांधों की सुरक्षा और संचालन प्रदर्शन में सुधार लाएगी तथा जोखिम कम कर निचले इलाकों की आबादी और संपत्ति की सुरक्षा सुनिश्चित करेगी। परियोजना से प्राथमिक रूप में जलाशय पर निर्भर शहरी और ग्रामीण समुदाय तथा निचले इलाके के समुदाय लाभान्वित होंगे। निचले इलाकों में रहने वाले लोग बांध संचालन विफलता के कारण जोखिम में रहते हैं। वर्ष 2012 में शुरू परियोजना शुरू में छह साल के लिये थी। इसकी समयसीमा जून 2018 को समाप्त हो गयी। केंद्रीय जल संसाधन मंत्रालय तथा विश्व बैंक ने 2017 में परियोजना क्रियान्वयन को विस्तार दो साल के लिए किया।

## आरसीएफ के 1,033 करोड़ के इक्विटी निवेश को मंजूरी

नई दिल्ली, (भाषा) सरकार ने सार्वजनिक क्षेत्र की आरसीएफ द्वारा ओडिशा के तालचर में उर्वरक संयंत्र परियोजना में 1,033.54 करोड़ रुपये की इक्विटी पूंजी डालने को बुधवार को मंजूरी दे दी। तालचर फर्टिलाइजर लि. 11,500 करोड़ रुपये की लागत से इस संयंत्र को पटरी पर लायेगा। तालचर फर्टिलाइजर लि. एक संयुक्त उद्यम कंपनी है जिसमें गोल, कोल इंडिया, आरसीएफ और फर्टिलाइजर कारपोरेशन आफ इंडिया लि. (एफसीआईएल) की हिस्सेदारी है। इस कदम से यूरिया का घरेलू उत्पादन बढ़ेगा और आयात पर

### कैबिनेट के फैसले

- तालचर परियोजना के पटरी पर आने से उर्वरक क्षेत्र में निवेश को गति मिलेगी
- इस कदम से यूरिया का घरेलू उत्पादन बढ़ेगा और आयात पर निर्भरता कम होगी

निर्भरता कम होगी। एक आधिकारिक बयान के अनुसार, "प्रधानमंत्री नरेंद्र मोदी की

अध्यक्षता में हुई मंत्रिमंडल की आर्थिक मामलों की समिति ने उर्वरक विभाग के 1035.54 करोड़ रुपये के इक्विटी निवेश प्रस्ताव को मंजूरी दे दी है। तालचर फर्टिलाइजर लिमिटेड की इस परियोजना में कोल गैसिफिकेशन आधारित उर्वरक संयंत्र लगाया जायेगा। यह निवेश राष्ट्रीय केमिकल्स एंड फर्टिलाइजर्स लि. द्वारा किया जायेगा। " तालचर परियोजना के पटरी पर आने से उर्वरक क्षेत्र में निवेश को गति मिलेगी। इससे रोजगार के अवसर बढ़ेंगे और राज्य तथा पूर्वी क्षेत्र की अर्थव्यवस्था को मजबूती मिलेगी।

## बुदनी-इंदौर रेललाइन को मंजूरी

नई दिल्ली, (भाषा) मध्य प्रदेश में बुदनी से इंदौर (मंगलियागांव) तक 205.5 किलोमीटर लंबी नयी रेल लाइन को बुधवार को आर्थिक मामलों पर कैबिनेट समिति (सीसीईए) ने मंजूरी प्रदान कर दी। रेलवे ने एक विज्ञापन में यह जानकारी दी। परियोजना की कुल अनुमानित लागत 3261.82 करोड़ रुपये आयेगी। यह परियोजना नसरुल्लागंज, खातगांव और कन्नौद जैसे कई कस्बों और गांवों को रेल संपर्क प्रदान करेगी जहां अभी तक कोई रेल कनेक्टिविटी नहीं है। "इस परियोजना का मुख्य उद्देश्य पिछड़े इलाकों का विकास करना और इंदौर से जबलपुर तक एवं इंदौर से मुंबई तक सफर का समय कम करना है। इस परियोजना से मौजूदा उपलब्ध मार्ग की तुलना में दूरी 68 किलोमीटर कम हो जाएगी। वर्तमान मार्ग भोपाल से होकर है।"

## 4,500 करोड़ का चीनी पैकेज टला

केंद्रीय मंत्रिमंडल ने बुधवार को गन्ना किसानों को दी जाने वाली उत्पादन सहायता को दोगुना करने तथा चीनी निर्यातक मिलों को पश्चिमी सहिष्णु देने संबंधी 4,500 करोड़ रुपये के पैकेज पर विचार को टाल दिया। सूत्रों ने यह जानकारी दी। आर्थिक मामलों की मंत्रिमंडलीय समिति (सीसीईए) अगले सप्ताह खाद्य मंत्रालय के इस प्रस्ताव पर विचार कर सकती है।



News item/letter/article/editorial published on 20.09.2018 in the

Hindustan Times  
Statesman  
The Times of India (N.D.)  
Indian Express  
Tribune  
Hindustan (Hindi)

Nav Bharat Times (Hindi)  
Punjab Keshari (Hindi)  
The Hindu  
Rajasthan Patrika (Hindi)  
Deccan Chronicle  
Deccan Herald

M.P.Chronicle  
Aaj (Hindi)  
Indian Nation  
Nai Duniya (Hindi)  
The Times of India (A)  
Business standard

and documented at Bhagirath(English)& Publicity Section, CWC. **THE ECONOMIC TIMES**

मौसम विभाग: एक हफ्ते खिसका लौटने का समय

# देर तक मानसून, रबी फसलों को फायदा

मौसम विभाग का दावा फिलहाल मानसून के खत्म होने का कोई संकेत नहीं

कुमार कुन्दन  
patrika.com

RP-20

नई दिल्ली. देश में इस बार मानसून देर तक रुकने की संभावना है। मौसम विभाग में कार्यरत वरिष्ठ मौसम वैज्ञानिक डॉ सती देवी के अनुसार फिलहाल मानसून के खत्म होने का कोई आसार नहीं दिख रहा है। उन्होंने बताया कि मानसून में इस बदलाव की फौरी वजह फिलिपिंस में आया मांखुत तूफान भी है। एक अक्टूबर को मानसून के खत्म होने के आसार हैं। इससे देश में रबी की फसल के लिए शुभ संकेत माना जा रहा है।



## उत्तर भारत में इसका असर ज्यादा

मौसम वैज्ञानिक महेश पालावत के मुताबिक बंगाल की खाड़ी में हवाओं का विशेष दबाव बन रहा है। जिसकी वजह से दक्षिण पश्चिम मानसून के फिर से सक्रिय होने के आसार बन रहे हैं। देश के उत्तर पूर्वी और उत्तरी इलाकों में जमकर बारिश की

संभावना है। उन्होंने बताया कि दक्षिण पश्चिम मानसून के वापस लौटने की अवधि में लगभग एक सप्ताह ज्यादा खिसक गया है। उत्तर पूर्व के कुछ राज्यों में 18 और 19 सितंबर के बीच बारिश की संभावना प्रबल है।

## इससे पहले भी देरी तक रहा मानसून

मौसम विभाग के आंकड़ों के मुताबिक सितंबर के पहले महीने में मानसून खत्म हो जाता है। साल 2012 में 24 सितंबर, 2013 में 9 सितंबर, 2014 में 23 सितंबर, 2015 में 4 सितंबर और 2016 में 27 सितंबर तक मानसून रहा।

## मध्य भारत में पहुंचेगा

दो दिनों के बाद ओडिशा और पश्चिम बंगाल से होता हुआ मानसून मध्य भारत पहुंचेगा। इसके साथ ही उत्तर भारत के इलाके में भी जमकर बारिश होगी। इसकी वजह से इसकी वजह से पूर्वी और मध्य राजस्थान में 23 और 24 सितंबर के बीच, हिमाचल प्रदेश और पूर्वी उत्तर प्रदेश

## किसानों को होगा फायदा

इस बारिश से आने वाले दिनों में रबी की फसल को काफी फायदा होने वाला है। मौसम विभाग के बारिश संबंधित इस एलर्ट के बाद से किसान खुश हैं। देश में रबी फसलों की बुआई का समय आने वाला है। सितंबर के मध्य और अंतिम सप्ताह में देश में रबी फसल की बुआई शुरू हो जाती है। ऐसे में खेतों में पानी की जरूरत होती है। यदि एक अक्टूबर को मानसून खत्म होता है तो आने वाले एक महीने तक मिट्टी में बारिश का प्रभाव दिखेगा। आदता ज्यादा दिन टिकेगी, जिससे फसलों को फायदा मिलेगा।

के कुछ इलाकों में हल्की और तेज बारिश हो सकती है। मौसम विभाग के मुताबिक दिल्ली, पंजाब और हरियाणा के इलाकों में जमकर बारिश की संभावना है।