

भारत सरकार  
Government of India  
केन्द्रीय जल आयोग  
Central Water Commission  
बाढ़ पूर्वानुमान प्रबोधन निदेशालय  
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विषय : दिनांक २२, २३, २४, २५, २६, २७, २८, २९, ३०, ३१ अक्टूबर, १५ की समाचार की कतरन ( News Clippings ) प्रस्तुत करने के सम्बन्ध में ।

मानसून/ बाढ़ सम्बन्धी समाचारों की कतरन ( News Clippings ) अवलोकन हेतु प्रस्तुत हैं :

संलग्न : उपरोक्तानुसार

हस्ताक्षर  
२३/१०/१५  
( सहायक निदेशक )

निदेशक (बा.पू.प्र.)

किष्कादेवा  
२३/१०/२०१५

कृपया केन्द्रीय जल आयोग की वेब साईट पर अपलोड करने की व्यवस्था करें।

निदेशक (तकनीकी प्रलेखन )

Hindustan Times ( Delhi )  
नवभारत टाइम्स ( दिल्ली )  
The Tribune ( Chandigarh )  
The Hindu ( Chennai )

The Assam Tribune ( Guwahati )  
The Times of India ( Mumbai )  
The Telegraph ( Kolkata )  
हिन्दुस्तान ( पटना )

The Deccan Herald ( Bengluru )  
The Deccan Chronical ( Hyderabad )  
Central Chronical ( Bhopal )

## More sultry days, rainy nights for city

K. Lakshmi

**CHENNAI:** On Monday, residents of several areas woke up to flooded roads due to heavy overnight showers. There are indications that for another two days, city residents will experience sultry weather during the day and rains during the night.

During the day, temperature is likely to rise above the average and there may be thundershowers late at night. S. R. Ramanan, Director of Area Cyclone Warning Centre, said that such convective rains immediately after many hot days are normal during September. He added that isolated rains would be experienced across Tamil Nadu and that there might be an increase in rainfall by Friday or Saturday.

Pointing out that Tiruttani received the highest volume of rainfall of 13 cm, he said a few other places would also get heavy showers because of the convective activity. "It will bring scattered rainfall in one place or other. Many places around the city received between 1 cm and 4 cm of rainfall on Sunday night," he added.

The rainfall has helped the city touch its average share of rains for the season. Chennai has registered 41 cm of rainfall, which is excess by 1 cm since June 1. Similarly, Mee-



**WELCOME RELIEF:** Marina beach was among the many areas that were flooded on Monday after overnight showers — PHOTO: R. RAGU

nambakkam has received 43 cm so far, which is slightly less than its average for the season.

S.B. Thampi, deputy director general of meteorology, Regional Meteorological Centre, said this phenomenon was common during September.

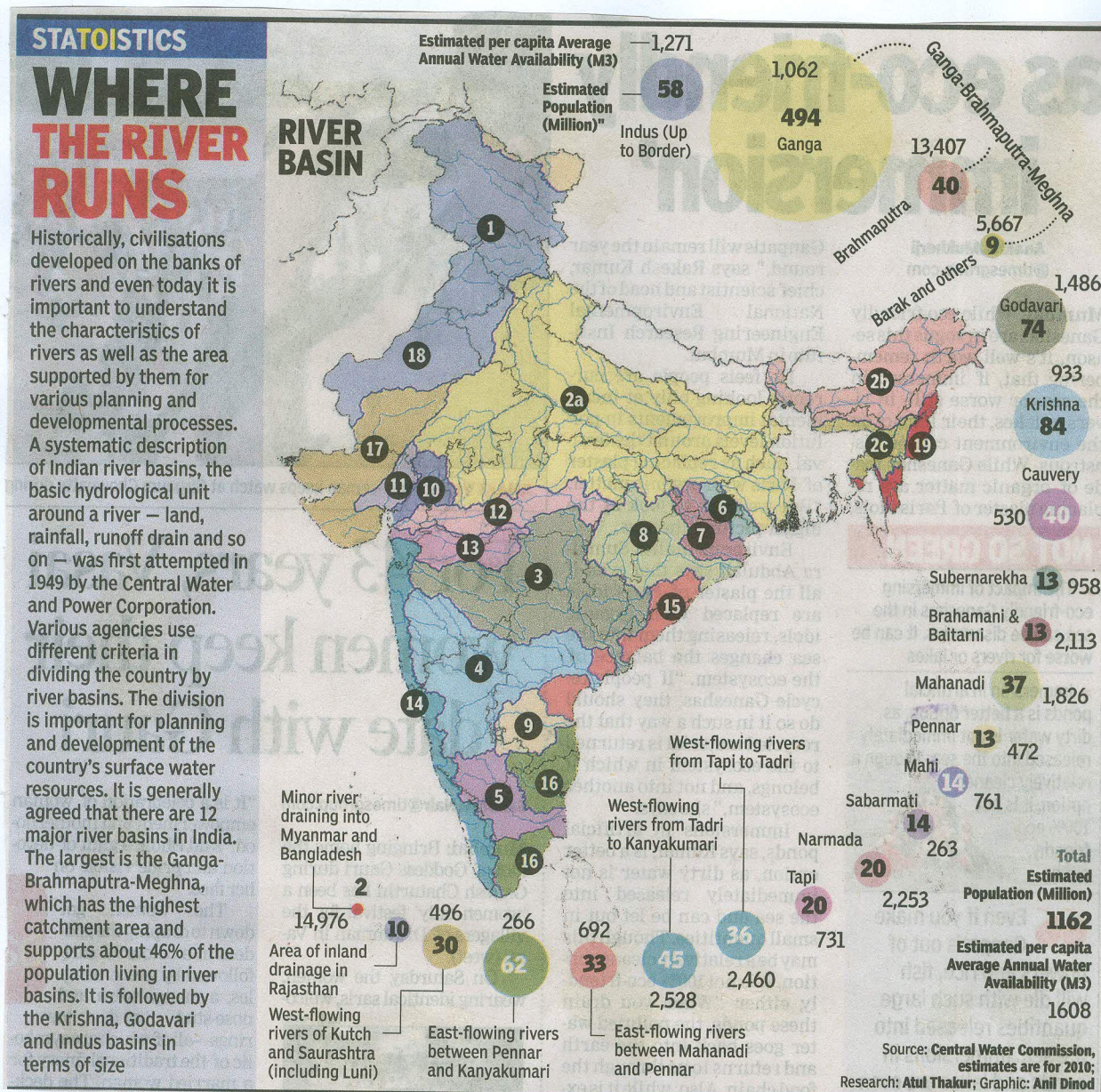
Whenever there was not much clouding, an increase in solar radiation would bring in rainfall. A trough of low pressure over Bay of

Bengal near Coastal Andhra Pradesh had also contributed to Sunday night's rain.

Meanwhile, the Southwest monsoon is already retreating, in North India. "The State has so far received rainfall that is 13 per cent less than the average for monsoon, close to the predictions of the department. There is still a week before the Southwest monsoon winds up in our region," he added.



The Deccan Herald ( Bengaluru )  
The Deccan Chronical ( Hyderabad )  
Central Chronical ( Bhopal )





Hindustan Times ( Delhi )  
नवभारत टाइम्स ( दिल्ली )  
The Tribune ( Chandigarh )  
The Hindu ( Chennai )

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The Deccan Chronical ( Hyderabad )  
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# Preparing for the climate exiles

The poorest and most vulnerable people, forced to move as result of climate change, will have no legal standing under the United Nations Refugee Convention

Sujatha Byravan

Although firm numbers are not available, reports suggest that more than 4,00,000 people have arrived at the European Union (EU) border so far this year, driven by wars and conflicts in places such as Syria, Afghanistan and Eritrea. In recent weeks, we have watched in horror the images of officers firing water cannons and tear gas at desperate crowds at borders and railway stations, of people struggling ashore on small dinghies, and of children who could not make it across.

One hopes that these pictures are not a glimpse into a future with climate change impacts and the resulting conflicts. Disasters such as intense storms and heat waves and slow moving changes like droughts and sea level rise (SLR) are expected to exacerbate living conditions to such an extent that people could be forced to move from their homes and become climate exiles. Many may be forced to move into neighbouring, more protective spaces in the same country or perhaps across national borders. According to the 2006 Stern Review, climate change may displace 200 million people by the middle of the century

## Island Nations

Consider, for example, atoll nations in the Pacific such as Tuvalu or the Maldives in the Indian Ocean. With an elevation of only a few metres above sea level, these islands will suffer the worst effects of storms and flooding and may be partly or entirely submerged by even a couple of metres of SLR. While the population of these small island states is relatively small, people will have to leave their country without a viable nation state. Those forced to move in this manner have no legal standing under the United Nations Refugee Convention, which offers protection only for those who have been forced to leave their country owing to "well-grounded fear of being persecuted for reasons of race, religion, nationality, membership in a particular social group or political opinion."

Worst of all, the people most affected by these changes will be among the poorest and most vulnerable. Their own nations' contributions to greenhouse gas (GHG) concentrations in the atmosphere are relatively trivial, but they would suffer some of the most severe effects. It is no surprise then that Alliance of Small Island States (AOSIS) has called for global action to limit warming to 1.5°C, as opposed to the general focus on a 2°C limit. In a grim reminder of reality, however, the World Bank in its report "Turn Down the Heat" says that without action, we could be seeing warming by 4°C above pre-industrial levels.

Low-lying delta regions of the world such as those of the Irrawaddy and the Ganges-Brahmaputra are also vulnerable to the effects of SLR. More than a tenth of



**SEARCHING FOR SAFETY:** "Intense storms, heat waves, droughts and sea level rise are all expected to exacerbate living conditions to such an extent that people could be forced to become climate exiles." Picture shows a woman in the flood-affected Rampur village, 35 km from Guwahati- PHOTO: RITU RAJ KONWAR

of the world that are within 10 metres of today's sea level, also known as Low Elevation Coastal Zones (LECZ). Close to half of Bangladesh lies in the LECZ and these areas will be severely affected by rising seas.

Anticipating these changes with rising temperature, it is important that we prepare to address these issues instead of building fortress-like nations. Regional agreements, joint action, training and skills, sharing of knowledge, technologies, lessons from successes and failures to adapt should all be part of a regional focus in preparing for SLR. Labour agreements are especially important and should be combined with skill building and training in advance of migration.

## Loss and damage

The United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC) has acknowledged a domain referred to as Loss and Damage (L&D), which essentially tries to capture these types of inability to cope with the effects of warming. This is distinct from mitigation, or reducing greenhouse gas emissions, and adaptation, or finding ways to live in a warmer world. At the Conference of Parties (COP19) of the UNFCCC, held in Warsaw in 2013, all parties agreed to set up a new mechanism on L&D. The issue is important because even after GHG emissions are reduced and commu-

## Anticipating the changes with rising temperatures, regional agreements, joint action, sharing of knowledge, technologies and labour agreements among nations will be crucial

would still be loss and damage to people, livelihoods and infrastructure as a result of their inability to cope with climate change. Loss generally refers to the complete forfeiture of items like land, ecosystems, or of human lives, while damage refers to the harm to infrastructure and property that could be repaired. The term includes both economic and non-economic losses.

In order to gain traction, however, this issue needs support from rich countries (Annex-1 countries in UN parlance). The term L&D has, at any rate, come to imply liability and compensation, which makes it particularly challenging for rich countries, which are responsible for the bulk of the GHG concentrations in the atmosphere. It is still not clear if L&D will figure at all in the negotiations and whether it would then be part of the core

The Loss and Damage mechanism is up for review in 2016 and developing countries want to ensure that it is part of the core agreement in Paris, so that its centrality is established. This is why developing countries "are fighting tooth and nail to ensure L&D figures in the core agreement", said Indrajit Bose from Third World Network.

Commentators on a recently concluded meeting in Bonn, a preparatory meeting for the Paris COP, have said progress was slow but others contend that various issues will get trimmed down as discussions move forward and the focus will shift to 'key matters'. With less than three months remaining to decide the questions, time is running out.

The refugee crisis in Europe reminds us that the Paris agreement needs to be wider than just the reduction of greenhouse gases, or mitigation. The text of the recently concluded meeting of Like-Minded Developing Countries in Delhi states that the issues for the Paris COP are "mitigation, adaptation, finance, capacity building, technology development and transfer, transparency of action and support as well as loss and damage." Acknowledging and acting on these issues would help prevent the kind of crisis we are now seeing in Europe in future as a result of climate change.

(Sujatha Byravan is Principal Research Scientist, Centre for Study of Science, Technology & Policy [CSTEP])



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# Artificial flood throws life out of gear

STAFF REPORTER

GUWAHATI, Sept 20: A torrential downpour for about two hours this morning left many localities in the city reeling under artificial flood.

Besides the low-lying localities of Anil Nagar, Nabin Nagar, Tarun Nagar, Rajgarh and RG Baruah Road, other places like Panjabari, Down Town, Sarumataria, Japorigog, Dispur, MLA Hostel and Geetanagar also witnessed massive water-logging.

Traffic along the RG Baruah Road was halted for many hours as water-level in the road went up alarmingly. Traffic police diverted vehicles to other thoroughfares.

At the Assam State Zoo a guard wall collapsed, flooding many houses.

Water also entered residential compounds at many places in Nabin Nagar, Anil Nagar, Panjabari and other localities.

"The situation in our locality is pretty bad. The entire locality is submerged. Water has entered many houses, including my own. People are unable to go out anywhere. Life has come to a complete standstill," said Dwip Baruah, president of the Nabin Nagar Welfare Society.

He added, "The situation would have been more chaotic if it had not been a weekend."

Baruah said that despite repeated meetings with senior officials, including Chief Minister Tarun Gogoi, by local residents' committees, the district administration, GMDA and GMC had failed to take concrete steps to deal with the problem of artificial

floods in Guwahati.

"Mere short-term measures are not enough. The Bahini river has to be diverted on an urgent basis and digging of Silsako Beel, Deepor Beel and Bharalu river has to be carried out to increase their retaining capacity," he said.



**Fun in the flood:** Even as Guwahatians had a harrowing time with the artificial flood and water-logging, a few young boys frolick in the flooded RG Baruah Road on Sunday. — UB Photos

Abhijit Bhattacharjee, a resident of Geetanagar who is a senior official with a telecom major, said that all residents at his housing society had to buy drinking water today as flood-water entered the water tank.

"We are unable to go out. The RG Baruah Road is closed. The administration needs to take measures on a war-footing to ensure that repeated flooding in Guwahati does not take place. The drainage system has to be improved," Bhattacharjee said.

Cycle-rickshaw pullers along the RG Baruah Road and other localities made fortunes by ferrying peo-

ple through flooded streets by charging many times over the usual rates.

Meanwhile, the district administration said that the rainfall today was to the tune of 80 mm within the first half an hour, covering the greater Guwahati area.

Kamrup Metro DC Dr M Angamuthu said that all circle officers have been directed to assess the damage covering roads, bridges and guard walls.

"The Water Resources Department has been asked to check all the riverside bunds and critical embankments and the PWD has been directed to check the roads and undertake immediate restoration work, if needed," he said.

RB Barua, Additional DC, said that pumps are working round-the-clock to release water from the flooded localities into the Bharalu and Brahmaputra rivers. "SDRF personnel have been deployed at many places to ensure that no untoward incidents

take place. They have boats at their disposal. Water has started receding and by 10 pm we expect the situation to be back to normal," Barua said.

**Our Jorabat correspondent adds:** A heavy shower that lasted for just fifteen or twenty minutes, caused a heavy flash flood at the Jorabat tri-junction at noon today, disrupting vehicular traffic and normal life for hours.

Thousands of vehicles remained stranded on NH-37 in Jorabat area, giving the commuters a harrowing time. Flash floods occurred in areas like 8th Mile, 9th Mile, 10th Mile, Hastinapur and 11th Mile also.



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दिनांक 23 सितंबर 15 को निम्नलिखित समाचार पत्र में प्रकाशित मानसून/ बाढ़ सम्बन्धी समाचार

Hindustan Times ( Delhi )

महानगर टाइम्स ( दिल्ली )

✓ The Tribune ( Chandigarh )

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The Deccan Herald ( Bengaluru )

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## A rarity: September snow in Gulmarg

TRIBUNE NEWS SERVICE

SRINAGAR, SEPTEMBER 22

Incessant rain over the past 24 hours has brought down the mercury and caused winter's chill in Kashmir today as several high altitude places like the Gulmarg meadow resort received a rare autumn snow.

The rain lashed most areas of the Kashmir valley causing a considerable drop in the



Rain brought down mercury in Srinagar on Tuesday. PTI

temperature, while Gulmarg, where the higher reaches of the Afarwat mountains received mild snowfall, recorded the day's maximum of 8.0°C, the lowest in the region.

An official of the state Meteorological Department said the maximum temperature in Srinagar city was recorded at 15.2°C, a drop of 10 degrees from the yesterday's maximum temperature.

"Rain has been received at almost all places, while snow was received in the higher reaches of Gulmarg at Afarwat," the official said.

Srinagar city received incessant rain during the day.

There were reports of snowfall at several other high altitude places like the Simthan Top in south Kashmir, but the Met Department said it had no observatory there and could not confirm it.



Hindustan Times ( Delhi )  
 नवभारत टाइम्स ( दिल्ली )  
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## बारिश की उम्मीद कम, गर्मी से निजात नहीं

■ नगर संवाददाता, नई दिल्ली

बुधवार के बाद दिल्ली का मौसम बदल सकता है। गुरुवार से मौसम ड्राई हो सकता है और उमस भी लोगों को परेशान कर सकती है। अभी साउथ-वेस्ट मॉनसून राजस्थान की तरफ काफी एक्टिव है। हालांकि, इसका असर दिल्ली में होने के चांस गुरुवार के बाद कम हैं। मौसम विभाग ने बुधवार को बारिश होने की उम्मीद जताई है। मैक्सिमम टेम्परेचर 35 डिग्री सेल्सियस और मिनिमम टेम्परेचर 26 डिग्री सेल्सियस रह सकता है।

इस साल दिल्ली और आसपास के इलाकों में सितंबर में काफी कम बारिश हुई है। दिल्ली में इस महीने में दो दिन में करीब 30 मिमी बारिश हुई है। मौसम वैज्ञानिकों ने बताया कि पिछले तीन सालों में 22 सितंबर तक इतनी कम बारिश नहीं हुई थी। इससे पहले, साल 2012 में 55.2 मिमी बारिश सितंबर में हुई थी। मॉनसून कमजोर होने से लोगों को गर्मी महसूस हो रही है।

मंगलवार को मौसम वैज्ञानिकों ने बारिश की संभावना जताई थी, लेकिन बारिश नहीं हुई। दिन भर धूप और उमस ने लोगों को परेशान किया। मौसम को बदलने वाली चक्रवाती हवाएं शिफ्ट नहीं हुईं, जिससे बारिश नहीं हो पाई। पहले इन्हीं हवाओं



### बदलेगा मौसम

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के साथ नमी भी पहुंचने की संभावना थी, लेकिन हवाएं नहीं पहुंची जिस वजह से दिन भर लोगों को उमस ने तंग किया। मंगलवार को ह्यूमिडिटी का मैक्सिमम लेवल 83 पर्सेंट दर्ज हुआ। मिनिमम लेवल 63 पर्सेंट था।

## बारिश ने गिराया पॉल्यूशन लेवल

■ स, नई दिल्ली : दिल्ली में बारिश होने के बाद भी पॉल्यूशन लेवल नॉर्मल से ज्यादा दर्ज हो रहा है। वैज्ञानिकों ने कहा है कि दिल्ली में दो से तीन दिनों से पॉल्यूशन लेवल ज्यादा दर्ज हो रहा है। पॉल्यूशन कम तभी होगा जब पूरी दिल्ली में तेज बारिश लगातार दिन भर होती रहे। इससे हवा में मौजूद प्रदूषित कण, नमी के साथ मिल जाते हैं। जिससे हवा पॉल्यूटेड नहीं रह जाती है। मंगलवार को सुबह धूप छाई रही। जिस वजह से शाम तक पॉल्यूशन लेवल ज्यादा रहा। वहीं देर शाम को हुई हल्की बारिश से प्रदूषण का स्तर नीचे गिर गया। वैज्ञानिकों ने बताया कि मंगलवार को सुबह और दोपहर के वक्त पीएम 2.5 और पीएम 10 का लेवल ज्यादा रहा। देर शाम हुई बारिश से दोनों का लेवल थोड़ा कम रहा लेकिन यह नॉर्मल से फिर भी ज्यादा दर्ज हुआ।



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# Day-old link canal breaches

## Naidu's ambitious Godavari-Krishna link project comes a cropper

**HYDERABAD, DHNS: The much publicised interlinking of Godavari with Krishna rivers took a severe beating when an aqueduct built on Tammileru river stream to carry 80 tmc water to Krishna delta suffered a major breach, on Sunday.**

The work on the Polavaram Right Canal, which is a part of the Godavari-Krishna link, was completed within a short period of six months. Water from Godavari river was on Friday released from Pattiseema through lift irrigation. But, the canal breached at Thammileru aqueduct on Saturday evening.

Though only one of the 12 pumps of the lift irrigation project was functioning, the breach has put state Irrigation minister Devineni Umamaheswara Rao's future in jeopardy.

According to experts, about 15 to 20 feet lining of the hurriedly built aqueduct breached within a day after irrigation minister Umamaheswara Rao formally switched on the pump, which has the capacity of pumping 354 cusecs water.

However, the rain water from catchment areas raised the quantum of water to almost 3,000 cusecs, exerting tremendous pressure on the weak lining. The gap between canal and the aqueduct was not filled and that could be the reason for the breach.

It is ironical that the entire concrete work was completed within 30 days so that the chief

minister could declare the interlinking on September 16.

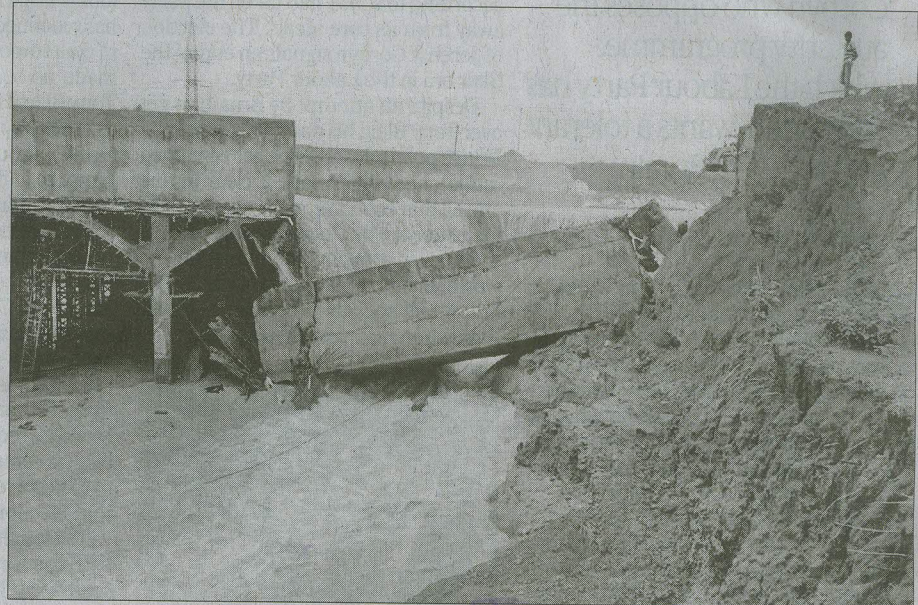
The water, which was supposed to enter Polavaram right canal and then to Krishna delta, has gushed into Kolleru Lake instead.

As the residents of Janampet village in Pedavegi mandal in close proximity to the pump house raised alarm, the authorities have shut down the pump but the damage was already done. People in nearby Eluru city and villages are worried that a breach of this kind when all the 12 pumps are in full force pumping 8,500 cusecs of water, could wash away a major chunk of the habitations on its path.

Meanwhile, the opposition, which has been alleging that the Naidu government took up the redundant Pattiseema project only for kickbacks, is mounting pressure on the TDP government to sack the irrigation minister.

"Devineni should take moral responsibility for the breach of the canal and resign from the post," Andhra Pradesh Congress chief N Raghuveera Reddy said. He said the irrigation minister exerted pressure on the engineers to complete the work, throwing quality norms to winds.

The YCP spokesperson and former minister Kotthapalli Subbarayudu alleged that the quality of the civil works was substandard. "The contractors were forced by Naidu and his officers to complete the project

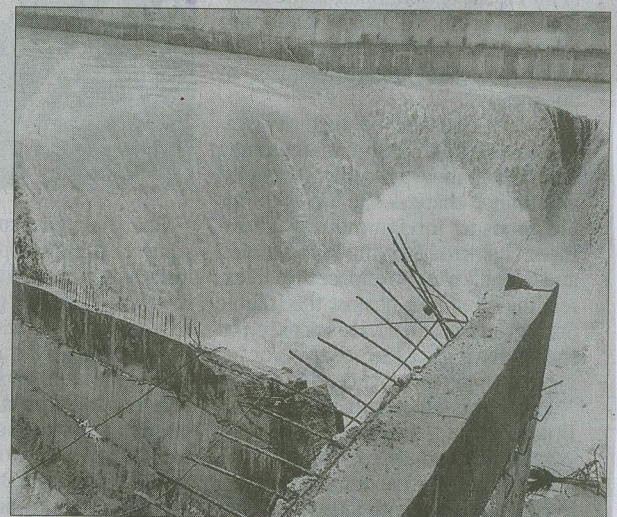


The aqueduct built on Tammileru river stream to carry 80 tmc water to Krishna delta caved in on Sunday and (below) water gushing out from the breached part. DH PHOTOS

and dedicated it even before one pump could be started, for publicity. The interlinking is a sham," he alleged.

"What would be the condition of the canal after all the 12 pumps are working when the aqueduct could not withstand the force of water with one pump," he asked.

It is believed that Chief Minister Chandrababu Naidu, who is on a tour to Singapore to finalise construction work of new capital Amaravati and also to invite that island-nation's prime minister for the ceremony slated for October 22, will have to take a final call on Rao's future.





Central Water Commission  
Technical Documentation Directorate  
Bhagirath(English)& Publicity Section  
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R.K. Puram, New Delhi – 66.

Dated 23.9.2015

*Subject: Submission of News Clippings.*

The News Clippings on Water Resources Development and allied subjects are enclosed for perusal of the Chairman, CWC, and Member (WP&P/D&R/RM), Central Water Commission. The soft copies of clippings have also been uploaded on the CWC website.

Encl: As stated above.

 S. M. Sharma  
23.9.15  
Assistant Director (publicity)

Editor, Bhagirath (English) & Publicity

Director (T.D.)

For information of Chairman & Member (WP&P/D&R/R.M.), CWC and all concerned,  
uploaded at [www.cwc.nic.in](http://www.cwc.nic.in)



News item/letter/article/editorial published on 23.9.15 in the

Hindustan Times

Statesman

The Times of India (N.D.)

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Tribune

Hindustan (Hindi)

Nav Bharat Times (Hindi)

Punjab Keshari (Hindi)

The Hindu

Rajasthan Patrika (Hindi)

Deccan Chronicle

Deccan Herald

M.P. Chronicle

Aaj (Hindi)

Indian Nation

Nai Duniya (Hindi)

The Times of India (A)

Blitz

and documented at Bhagirath(English)& Publicity Section, CWC.

# Retreating rain lifts govt hopes of 5% rise in rabi crop output

TRIBUNE NEWS SERVICE

NEW DELHI, SEPTEMBER 22

Good rainfall in the past one week has raised the hopes of the government to improve the foodgrain production in the rabi season. The government believes that despite deficient monsoon the country's foodgrain production could rise by over five per cent to nearly 133 million tonnes (MT) in the coming rabi season.

Agriculture Minister Radha Mohan Singh today said the government was expecting a higher foodgrain output in the rabi season than last year despite less rainfall.

"In the last one week or so, there has been a good rainfall in the rain deficient states, so we have set an ambitious target of 132.78 MT (of foodgrain production) in the rabi season this year," he said. The monsoon deficit so far was 14 per cent, the minister said.

According to the fourth advance estimate released last month, the foodgrain production from rabi (winter) crops in 2014-15 crop year was estimated at 126.38 MT, though the Centre had set a target of 130.75 MT of foodgrain production. The sowing of rabi



"In the last one week or so, there has been a good rainfall in the rain deficient states. Therefore, we have set an ambitious target of 132.78 MT (of foodgrain production) in the rabi season this year."

Radha Mohan Singh, AGRICULTURE MINISTER

<< Agriculture Minister Radha Mohan Singh (2nd from left) with other Union Ministers after the Cabinet meeting in New Delhi on Tuesday. PTI

crops starts in the first week of October and its harvesting begins in last week of March. The production of wheat — the main Rabi crop — is estimated to have declined to 88.94 MT in 2014-15 crop year as against a record 95.85 MT achieved in the previous season.

The government recently projected the country's total foodgrain production to drop by 1.78 per cent to 124.05 MT in the 2015-16 kharif (summer) season on the back of poor monsoon and a drought-like situation in some states. The country's total foodgrain production is estimated to have declined by 4.66 per cent to 252.68 MT in 2014-15 crop year owing to poor monsoon and

unseasonal rains in February and March.

The country had registered a record foodgrain production of 265.04 MT in 2013-14 crop year.

Regarding the steps taken by the government to minimise the effects of deficient rainfall, Singh said to compensate farmers in the event of delay and deficient rainfall, enhanced seed subsidy was provided for oilseed crops. "The subsidy went up from Rs 1,200 to Rs 1,800 per quintal in case of normal varieties and from Rs 2,500 to Rs 2,700 per quintal for hybrid varieties of oil seeds," he said.

To address the needs of drought-affected areas, the government has announced the implementation of diesel

subsidy scheme for crops irrigation with an allocation of Rs 100 crore, he said.

To check rising imports and prices, Singh said the government was concentrating promoting rabi pulses through National Food Security Mission (NFSM). "The NFSM-pulses is being implemented in 622 districts of 27 states, including hill and north-eastern states to promote the cultivation of pulses," he said, adding that an outlay of Rs 440 crore has also been proposed to raise the output of pulses.

Likewise in oilseeds, he suggested replacing low yielding wheat area with mustard to help reduce the dependency on import and also provide better returns to farmers.



News item/letter/article/editorial published on 23.9.15 in the

✓ Hindustan Times

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The Times of India (N.D.)

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The Hindu

Rajasthan Patrika (Hindi)

Deccan Chronicle

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M.P.Chronicle

A a j (Hindi)

Indian Nation

Nai Duniya (Hindi)

The Times of India (A)

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and documented at Bhagirath(English)& Publicity Section, CWC.

## A musical festival to save Yamuna soon

**HT Correspondent**

■ [hireporters@hindustantimes.com](mailto:hireporters@hindustantimes.com)

**NEW DELHI:** The Delhi government's efforts to clean the Yamuna are expected to get a boost with a large-scale festival being planned along the river's bank.

The government is planning Yamuna Mahotsav — a music festival — at the Golden Jubilee Park near Rajghat and on the

river bank.

The idea is to help people draw a connect with the river.

"In our city, it will be impossible for someone to guess there is a huge river. We do everything possible to get away from the river. The idea is to involve more and more people and get them to the river so that they care what happens to it. This is one way of doing that," said an official of the Delhi government.



Hindustan Times  
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The Times of India (N.D.)  
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Indian Nation  
Nai Duniya (Hindi)  
The Times of India (A) —  
Blitz

and documented at Bhagirath(English)& Publicity Section, CWC.

**राहत** कावेरी पंचाट के तहत नहीं, संकटकालीन फार्मूले के आधार पर पानी छोड़ा

पत्रिका-23-9-15

# तमिलनाडु को पानी देना अनिवार्य : सिद्धरामय्या

कबिनी बांध से पानी छोड़ने पर दी सफाई

मैसूर @ पत्रिका

मुख्यमंत्री सिद्धरामय्या ने संकटकालीन फार्मूले के आधार पर मैसूर जिले में एच.डी.कोटे के पास स्थित कबिनी बांध जलाशय से तमिलनाडु को पानी छोड़ना अनिवार्य बताया है।

मुख्यमंत्री ने मंगलवार को यहां रामकृष्णनगर में स्थित अपने निवास पर संवाददाताओं से कहा कि तमिलनाडु को कावेरी पंचाट के फैसले नहीं बल्कि संकटकालीन फार्मूले के आधार पर पानी छोड़ा गया है। हमारे लिए अपने किसानों के हित अधिक महत्वपूर्ण हैं।

उन्होंने कहा कि राज्य में भीषण सूखे के हालात की उन्हें अच्छी तरह से जानकारी है। लिहाजा आने वाले दिनों में तमिलनाडु के लिए कावेरी का पानी छोड़ने का सवाल ही नहीं उठता है। इस बारे में किसी को संदेह नहीं होना चाहिए।

**मंत्रिमंडल के विस्तार में अड़चन नहीं**

उन्होंने कहा कि राज्य मंत्रिमंडल के विस्तार में कोई अड़चन नहीं है। मंत्री पद पाने के लिए अनेक लोगों का मांग करना सहज सी बात है।

कांग्रेस आलाकमान के निर्देशानुसार मंत्री बनाए जाएंगे। उन्होंने एक बार फिर दोहराया कि अगले माह की 6 व 7 तारीख को कांग्रेस उपाध्यक्ष राहुल गांधी मंड्या व हावेरी जिलों का दौरा करेंगे लेकिन इस बारे में अधिकृत



**सभी को अपनी बात कहने की स्वतंत्रता**

साहित्यकार के.एस.भगवान के सभा समारोहों में टीका टिप्पणियां करने के कारण उनको मिल रही धमकियों को लेकर पूछे सवाल के जवाब में उन्होंने कहा कि लोकतंत्र में सभी को अपनी बात कहने की स्वतंत्रता है। यह उनका व्यक्तिगत विचार हो सकता है। इस बारे में अधिक प्रतिक्रिया व्यक्त करने की जरूरत नहीं है। वे भी अंधविश्वास व दार्मिक आडंबरों में यकीन नहीं रखते हैं।

रूप से दौरे की सूची प्राप्त नहीं हुई है।

उन्होंने कहा कि कर्नाटक खुला विश्वविद्यालय में कुछ स्नातक विषयों में प्रवेश के लिए प्रवेश नियमों में कुछ संशोधन की जरूरत है।

इस संबंध में शिक्षा विभाग से चर्चा की जाएगी। एक सवाल के जवाब में उन्होंने कहा कि इस साल के मैसूर दशहरा के उद्घाटन के लिए प्रगतिशील किसान कड़िदाल शामण्णा को आमंत्रित किया गया लेकिन उनके विरोध जताने पर किसी दूसरे व्यक्ति का नाम सुझाने के लिए कहा गया है।

पानी छोड़ने पर भड़के किसान

काड़ा कार्यालय में घुसकर मचाई तोड़-फोड़

मैसूर @ पत्रिका

कावेरी नदी पर मैसूर जिले में एच.डी.कोटे गांव के पास बने कबिनी बांध से रातों-रात तमिलनाडु को 4 हजार क्यूसेक से अधिक पानी छोड़ने के खिलाफ किसान संगठनों ने मंगलवार को काड़ा कार्यालय में जबरन घुसकर तोड़-फोड़ की और अधिकारियों को आड़े हाथों लिया।

किसानों ने काड़ा कार्यालय के सामने उग्र प्रदर्शन किया और सरकार के खिलाफ नारेबाजी की। पुलिस ने कार्यालय में घुसने की कोशिश कर रहे प्रदर्शनकारियों को रोकने की भरसक कोशिश की लेकिन हालात बेकाबू होते देखकर हल्का लाठी चार्ज किया।

प्रदर्शनकारियों ने सरकार की किसान विरोधी नीति की कड़ी निंदा की। उन्होंने कहा कि राज्य में भीषण सूखे के हालात हैं। राज्य के किसानों को भी

सिंचाई के लिए पानी नहीं मिल रहा है और पेयजल का गंभीर संकट उत्पन्न हो गया है। मुख्यमंत्री व जल संसाधन मंत्री ने तमिलनाडु के लिए पानी नहीं छोड़ने का भरोसा दिलाया था लेकिन रातों-रात पानी छोड़ दिया गया।

**पानी छोड़ना मूर्खता की पराकाष्ठा**

राज्य गन्ना उत्पादक संघ के अध्यक्ष कुरुबुरु शांत कुमार ने कहा कि राज्य में गंभीर सूखा पड़ रहा है और लोग गंभीर समस्याओं का सामना कर रहे हैं।

कबिनी बांध जलाशय के दायरे में एक लाख 29 हजार एकड़ भूमि को पानी की जरूरत है। इसके बावजूद सरकार फसलों के लिए पानी नहीं दे रही। किसान कष्ट में जीवन बिता रहे हैं। ऐसे हालात में तमिलनाडु को पानी देना मूर्खता की पराकाष्ठा है। सरकार को तुरंत पानी छोड़ना बंद करना होगा वरना उग्र आंदोलन छेड़ा जाएगा।

(का.सं.)

करेंगे। रायचूर में आईआईटी की स्थापना करने का केंद्र सरकार को प्रस्ताव भेजा गया था लेकिन वहां के लिए अनुमति नहीं मिली। केंद्र सरकार ने संविधान के अनुच्छेद 371 जी के तहत रायचूर को विशेष दर्जा दिया है ऐसे में इस जिले को सभी प्रकार की सुविधाएं मिलेंगी।

(का.सं.)

मुख्यमंत्री ने कहा कि बुधवार को नई दिल्ली में स्वच्छ भारत अभियान की बैठक में भाग लेने के लिए वे अकेले ही दिल्ली जाएंगे।

इसके बाद वे अगले दिन कांग्रेस आलाकमान से भेंट कर मंत्रिमंडल के विस्तार व राजनीतिक परिदृश्य पर चर्चा