Central Water Commission WSE Dte.,

West Block Îl, Wing No-4 R. K. Puram, New Delhi – 66.

Dated 20.3.2019.

Subject: Submission of News Clippinas.

The News Clippings on Water Resources Development and allied subjects are enclosed for perusal of the Chairman, CWC, and Member (WP&P/D&R/RM), Central Water Commission. The soft copies of clippings will be uploaded on the CWC website.

SPA (Publ

Encl: As stated above.

Deputy Director, WSE Dte.

20/03/2019

Director, WSE Dte.

hu12

For information to

Chairman CWC, New Delhi

Member (WP&P/D&R/R.M.), CWC and all concerned, uploaded at www.cwc.nic.in

Hindustan Times
Statesman
The Time of India (New Delhi)
Indian Express
Tribune

Hindustan (Hindi) Nav Bharat Times (Hindi) Punjab Keshari (Hindi) The Hindu (New Delhi) Rajasthan Patrika (Hindi) Deccan Chronicle
Deccan Herald
The Times of India (A)
Business standard
The Economic Times

and documented at Bhagirath (English) & Publicity Section, CWC

ST-20.P-10

India's groundwater depletion raises concern

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA

KOCHL19 MARCH

India accounts for almost one-fourth of the total ground-water extracted globally, more than that of China and the US combined thus using the largest amount of groundwater 24 per cent of the global total, according to a new report.

Export of food and clothing items, while important sources of income, exacerbates this problem if production is not made sustainable, making it harder for many poor and marginalised communities to get access to clean water supply, warned the report relea-sed to mark World Water Day on 22 March.

The report by WaterAid, a non-profit organisation, titled "Beneath the Surface: The State of the World's Water 2019", said India accounted for almost one-fourth of the total groundwater extracted globally, more than Ch-ina and US combined.

It said India also used the largest amount of groundwater 24 per cent of the global total - and the country's rate of groundwater depletion increased by 23 per cent between 2000 and 2010.

"India is the third largest exporter of groundwater 12 per cent of the global total," the report said. It further said wheat and rice were the two most important and highest water-guzzling crops that India produced.

"Rice is the least water-efficient grain and wheat has been the main driver in increasing irrigation stress. Replacing rice and wheat with other crops like maize, millets, sorghum mapped to suitable geographies could reduce irrigation water demand by one-third," the report said

News item/letter/article/editorial Published on 20 3 2019... in the

Hindustan Times Statesman The Time of India (New Delhi) Indian Express Tribune Hindustan (Hindi) Nav Bharat Times (Hindi) Punjab Keshari (Hindi) The Hindu (New Delhi) Rajasthan Patrika (Hindi) Deccan Chronicle
Deccan Herald
The Times of India (A)
Business standard
The Economic Times

and documented at Bhagirath (English) & Publicity Section, CWC

यमुना का प्रदूषण भूजल को बना रहा जहरीला

फरीदाबाद। वायु प्रदूषण के बाद स्मार्ट सिटी में जल प्रदूषण भी तेजी से बढ़ता जा रहा है। इसकी वजह से पानी में रहने वाले जीव जंतुओं के लिए खतरा बढ़ गया है।

विशेषज्ञों के अनुसार, यमुना के जल में कोलीफॉर्म बैक्टीरिया और बायोकैमिकल ऑक्सीजन डिमांड (जैव स्सायिनक आवश्यकता) में काफी वृद्धि हुई है। जिसका असर पानी के जीव जंन्तुओं की जिंदगी के साथ-साथ भू-जल भी पड़ने लगा है। हरियाणा प्रदूषण नियंत्रण बोर्ड की ओर से तीन महीने पहले लिए गए पानी के नमूने की जांच रिपोर्ट में यह भयावह स्थिति सामने आई है। जिसे देखते हुए हरियाणा प्रदूषण नियंत्रण बोर्ड की टीम ने सोमवार को फिर नमूने लिए हैं। प्रदूषित पेयजल का असर शहर की जल आपूर्ति पर पड़ने लगा है। हुडा और नगर निगम की ओरे से पेयजल की आपूर्ति के लिए यमुना के किनारे करीब 20 रेनीवेल लगाए गए हैं।

Hindustan Times Statesman The Time of India (New Delhi) Indian Express Tribune

Hindustan (Hindi) Nav Bharat Times (Hindi) Punjab Keshari (Hindi) The Hindu (New Delhi) Rajasthan Patrika (Hindi)

Deccan Chronicle Deccan Herald The Times of India (A) Business standard The Economic Times

and documented at Bhagirath (English) & Publicity Section, CWC

ओंकारेश्वर बांध विस्थापितों को मिली राहत

नई दिल्ली, (एजेंसी): सुप्रीम कोर्ट सरकार को मुआवजे व पैकेज पर ने ओंकारेश्वर बांध विस्थापितों के संबंध में नर्मदा बचाओ आंदोलन की याचिका पर एक महत्वपूर्ण आदेश दिया है। सप्रीम कोर्ट ने आदेश दिए हैं कि राज्य सरकार 3 महीने के अंदर विस्थापितों को पुनर्वास के लिए खेती योग्य जमीन उपलब्ध कराए। आदेश में यह भी कहा गया

विशेष पैकेज का विकल्प लेता है तो

अतिरिक्त 90 प्रतिशत ब्याज देना होगा। इस मामले में विस्थापित सैकडों की संख्या में 28 मार्च को राजधानी भोपाल में प्रदर्शन करेंगे। खंडवा में एक पत्रकार वार्ता को संबोधित करते हुए नर्मदा

वचाओ आंदोलन के वरिष्ठ कार्यकर्ता व आम आदमी पार्टी के है कि विस्थापित मुआवजा और प्रदेश अध्यक्ष आलोक अग्रवाल ने बताया कि ओंकारेश्वर बांध

विस्थापित गत 12 साल से नर्मदा बचाओ आंदोलन के तहत अपने अधिकारों की लड़ाई लड़ रहे हैं। इस लड़ाई में उन्होंने अपने अधिकारों के लिए तमाम धरने, प्रदर्शन, सत्याग्रह व जल सत्याग्रह किए और न्यायालय में भी लड़ाई लड़ी। सन 2008 में मध्यप्रदेश उच्च न्यायालय ने विस्थापितों को जमीन देने का आदेश दिया। लेकिन सरकार उसके खिलाफ सर्वोच्च न्यायालय में अपील में चली गई। सन 2011 में सर्वोच्च न्यायालय ने पनः जमीन देने का आदेश दिया और इस हेत शिकायत निवारण प्राधिकरण के समक्ष जाने को कहा। 2300 विस्थापितों की याचिका पर शिकायत निवारण प्राधिकरण ने अपने सभी आदेशों में कहा कि सरकार ने पनर्वास नीति का पालन नहीं किया है।

News item/letter/article/editorial Published on 2031019 in the

Hindustan Times Statesman The Time of India (New Delhi) Indian Express Tribune

Hindustan (Hindi) Nav Bharat Times (Hindi): Punjab Keshari (Hindi) The Hindu (New Delhi) Rajasthan Patrika (Hindi)

Deccan Chronicle Deccan Herald The Times of India (A) Business standard The Economic Times

and documented at Bhagirath (English) & Publicity Section, CWC

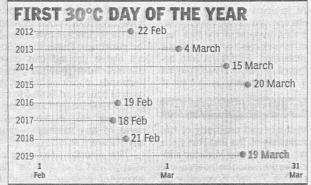
Mercury hits 30°C, breaks 26-day run of below-normal temperatures

@timesgroup.com

New Delhi: Summer finally appears to be catching up with the capital. Two days before Holi, the mercury crossed 30 degrees Celsius for the first time this year on Tuesday, ending a marathon run of 26 days of below-normal maximum temperatures in the city.

Safdarjung, the city's main weather station, recorded a high of 31.8 degrees C on Tuesday, one notch above normal. This was the first time since February 21 that the temperature crossed the normal for the day — underscoring just how mild the month of March has been in the capital so far.

This is also the first time in four years that the first 30-de-



greeday of the year in the capital has come after March 15. The last three years saw 30+ temperatures in February itself. In 2015, the first day of 30degree temperature was recorded on March 20, a day later than in the current year.

"The rise in day temperatures is in association with an approaching western disturbance. Tomorrow is likely to be just as hot while day temperatures will drop by a degree or two from the day after, that is on Holi," said B P Yadav, head of

IMD's Regional Meteorological Centre in the capital.

There is a probability, although low, of light rain on Wednesday, Yaday said. Not just day temperatures, nights too have been much cooler than normal so far. Night temperatures have remained below normal since February 24. That's 23 days and counting. The minimum on Tuesday was 12.8 degrees C, a good four notches below normal.

In terms of average temperatures, both the maximum and minimum in March sofar areas much as 3 degrees below normal. That's a significant deviation which confirms - if any confirmation were needed that Delhiites have experienced a long winter this year, spilling into the month of March.

News item/letter/article/editorial Published on .. 20 3 2019... in the

Hindustan Times
Statesman
The Time of India (New Delhi)
Indian Express
Tribune

Hindustan (Hindi)
Nav Bharat Times (Hindi)
Punjab Keshari (Hindi)
The Hindu (New Delhi)
Rajasthan Patrika (Hindi)

Deccan Chronicle
Deccan Herald
The Times of India (A)
Business standard
The Economic Times

and documented at Bhagirath (English) & Publicity Section, CWC

'Furnish details of rainwater harvesting systems in schools'

NGT Bench directs MHRD; dismisses exemption requests

STAFF REPORTER H-20

The National Green Tribunal (NGT) has directed the Ministry of Human Resource Development (MHRD) to furnish information pertaining to the status of installation of rainwater harvesting systems in Kendriya and Navodaya Vidyalayas.

A Bench headed by NGT judicial member Justice Raghuvendra S. Rathore said, "Counsel for the MHRD submits that in so far as installation of rainwater harvesting system in Kendriya and Navodaya Vidyalayas is concerned, he has received the requisite information and therefore, he seeks short time to file affidavit on record with regard to the status of rainwater harvesting system in these schools. He may file affidavit in a week."

Further, the Bench dismissed requests from two

Counsel for the MHRD submits that he has received the requisite information and therefore, he seeks short time to file affidavit on record with regard to the status of rainwater harvesting system in schools

NGT BENCH

schools, who sought exemption from the ₹5 lakh environmental compensation for failing to install the rainwater harvesting systems.

Stating that the schools had failed to approach authorities within the specified time to seek exemption, the Bench said, "It [the school] has grossly failed to abide by the order passed by the tribunal as well as notice given

by the office of Directorate of Education."

Educational sites

The North Delhi Municipal Gorporation informed the tribunal that out of 568 educational sites, rainwater harvesting systems have been installed at 382 sites.

"It [North Delhi Municipal Corporation] has also been submitted that at 29 sites, the installation work is in progress. It has further been submitted by the counsel for the corporation that in respect to 84 sites, it is not feasible to have rainwater harvesting systems," the Bench noted.

The directions came when the green panel was hearing an execution application filed by city resident Mahesh Chandra Saxena who sought compliance of a November 2017 order of the NGT.