Central Water Commission WSE Dte.,

West Block II, Wing No-4 R. K. Puram, New Delhi – 66.

Dated 21.2.2019.

Subject: Submission of News Clippings.

The News Clippings on Water Resources Development and allied subjects are enclosed for perusal of the Chairman, CWC, and Member (WP&P/D&R/RM), Central Water Commission. The soft copies of clippings will be uploaded on the CWC website.

SPA (Publicity)

Encl: As stated above.

Deputy Director, WSE Dte.

Director, WSE Dte. on leave

For information to

Chairman CWC, New Delhi

Member (WP&P/D&R/R.M.), CWC and all concerned, uploaded at www.cwc.nic.in

News item/letter/article/editorial Published on 2/.02.20/9 in the

Hindustan Times Statesman The Time of India (New Delhi) Indian Express Tribine

Hindustan (Hindi) Nav Bharat Times (Hindi) Puniab Keshari (Hindi) The Hindu (New Delhi) Rajasthan Patrika (Hindi)

Deccan Chronicle Deccan Herald The Times of India (A) Business standard The Economic Times

and documented at Bhagirath (English) & Publicity Section, CWC

Wettest Feb in last 5 yrs, and the rain isn't over yet

MALLICA JOSHI

NEW DELHI, FEBRUARY 20

A SERIES of western disturbances in the city has, so far, made this February the wettest since 2014. According to data available with the India Meteorological Department (IMD), northwest India has seen six western disturbances this month already, which is unusually high.

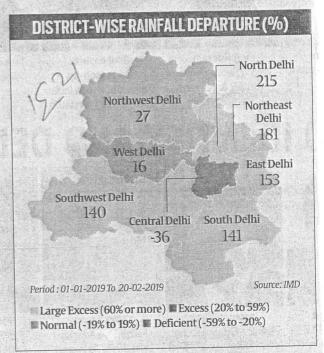
Delhi has already received 22.9 mm of rainfall till February 20, against the normal of 15.1mm that is usually seen in the whole month. According to IMD officials, one more western disturbance is expected to bring more rain to the city in the last week of February.

At 215% more rain than usual, North Delhi received the highest rainfall in the city. This was followed by Northeast Delhi, with a 181% surplus.

The only area in Delhi which has seen a rain deficit is Central

IMD's dedicated rainfall portal shows that in the months of January and February (till 20th), Delhi received 98% surplus rain.

The situation is similar in six out of the nine states/UTs that



For the two months, only Rajasthan, Chandigarh and Haryana saw rain deficit, ranging from 17% (Rajasthan) to 6% (Haryana).

According to officials at IMD, Delhi is expected to see light rain and thundershowers on Thursday. Strong surface winds form the Northwestern region. and hail is also expected in a few parts of NCR.

Saturday will be quite eventless, with the IMD predicting only shallow fog. The weather is expected to remain the same on Sunday as well.

Meanwhile, Monday and Tuesday are expected to see rain and thundershowers, the forecast said.

News item/letter/article/editorial Published on 21.02.2019. in the

Hindustan Times
Statesman
The Time of India (New Delhi)
Indian Express
Tribune

Hindustan (Hindi) Nav Bharat Times (Hindi) Punjab Keshari (Hindi) The Hindu (New Delhi) Rajasthan Patrika (Hindi) Deccan Chronicle
Deccan Herald
The Times of India (A)
Business standard
The Economic Times

and documented at Bhagirath (English) & Publicity Section, CWC

NGT seeks action plan to stop discharge of polluted water in Yamuna (1-2)

PTI NEW DELHI. 20 FEBRUARY

The National Green Tribunal has sought an action plan from a committee headed by CPCB to stop discharge of polluted water in the Yamuna river and prosecute the offenders.

A bench headed by NGT Chairperson Justice Adarsh Kumar Goel directed various authorities - Central Pollution Control Board, Delhi Pollution Control Committee, Delhi Jal Board, East Delhi Municipal Corporation, Noida and Uttar Pradesh Pollution Control Board - to hold a joint meeting on the issue within a month.

"The Nodal Agency will be CPCB for coordination and compliance. The report of the action taken be furnished to this tribunal within two months by e-mail," the bench said while posting the mat-



ter for consideration on 20 May.

The tribunal was hearing a plea filed by Noida resident Abhisht Kusum Gupta against disposing of sewer waste in the irrigation canal near Sector 137 in the Gautam Buddh Nagar district.

According to the applicant, sewer waste coming from villages situated near Sec-

tor 137, Noida, is being drained into the irrigation canal.

The tribunal had earlier directed the New Okhla Industrial Development Authority (Noida) and the Uttar Pradesh Pollution Control Board to submit report on dumping of waste in an irrigation canal.

According to the report, the drain is originating from Kondli in Delhi and other

drains are also connected to the said drain.

"Kondli drain carries polluted effluent from Delhi and thereafter joins river Yamuna at Noida Sector 168. Sewage is also being dumped into the drain in Sector 137, Noida. It was found that the water quality was not up to the standards. The Noida has also written a letter to the Chief Secretary, Delhi," the NGT noted.

"In view of the above, action is also required to be taken by the authorities at Delhi including the Delhi Pollution Control Committee (DPCC), Delhi Jal Board (DJB), and East Delhi Municipal Corporation. The coordination will be required by a central agency as two states are involved in dealing with the matter," the bench also comprising Justices S P Wangdi and K Ramakrishnan, said.

News item/letter/article/editorial Published on 21.2.2.1.2... in the

Hindustan Times Statesman The Time of India (New Delhi) Indian Express Tribune Hindustan (Hindi) Nav Bharat Times (Hindi) Punjab Keshari (Hindi) The Hindu (New Delhi) Rajasthan Patrika (Hindi)

and documented at Bhagirath (English) & Publicity Section, CWC

Deccan Chronicle Deccan Herald The Times of India (A) Business standard The Economic Times

Business Line,

More and more dams planned, but where is the water?

States with higher number of vast water storages have worst irrigation records

States that have

50 per cent net

dams, while

achieved more than

irrigation have fewer

dams, Puniab, which

has a 100 per cent net

irrigated area, has 14

construction of two

dams is going on

RADHESHYAM JADHAV Pune, February 20

Almost 40 per cent of India's large dams are in Maharashtra. And yet, the State wants more.

With 2,069 large dams already dotting its landscape,

Maharashtra is building another 285 big dams, notwithstanding the fact that hardly any dam has fulfilled even half of its projected irrigation porential.

Not surprisingly, Maharashtra has one of the worst irrig-

ation records in the country, with a mere 19 per cent of the net irrigated area — just ahead of Jharkhand, Manipur and

As the State gears up to face another drought, the alleged ₹70,000-crore irrigation scam, relating to alleged corruption

and irregularities in approval and execution of various irrigation projects, has not reached

its logical conclusion.

But this is not the only case.

Madhya Pradesh has 899 big

dams, followed by Gujarat (620). Chhattisgarh Karnataka (230) and Rajasthan (209). However, among these except States. Madhya Pradesh, which has a net irrigated area of 62 per cent, no other State has achieved even 50 per cent net

irrigation.

Net irrigated areas

In contrast, the States that have achieved more than 50 per cent net irrigation have fewer dams. Punjab, which has a 100 per cent net irrigated area, has 14 dams, while con-

Too many dams

Selected States: Detail of large dams and net irrigated land

tates	Completed dams	Dams under construction	Net irrigated land (%)
1aharashtra	2,069	285	19
Madhya Pradesh	899	7	62
ujarat	620	12	41
hhattisgarh	248	10	31
arnataka	230	1	36
ajasthan	209	. 2	45
disha	199	5	28
elangana	163	21	39
ndhra Pradesh	142	25	47
Ittar Pradesh	115	15	87
ierala	61	1	20
harkhand	50	29	15
Vest Bengal	29	1	59
lihar	24	2	57
Himachal Pradesh	19	1	21
Ittarakhand	16	9	47
Punjab	14	2	100
Haryana	1	-	84
ndia	5,264	437	49

87 per cent net irrigation with

on.

Uttar Pradesh has achieved

struction of two dams is going on 15 dams and control to 15 dams is on 1 dam, Haryana h

115 dams and construction of 15 dams is on. With one large dam, Haryana has achieved 84 per cent irrigation. West Bengal and Bihar have achieved 59 per cent and 57 per cent net irrigation, respectively, despite having just 29 and 24 big dams respectively.

Expenditures

"We have invested ₹4,00,000 crore in major and medium inrigation projects since Independence. Vast storages of water are not reaching the farmers. We have focused only on construction of dams and main canal systems, not on enduring outcomes," observed a government-appointed committee in its report, titled 'A 21st Century Institutional Architecture for India's Water Reforms.'

The committee observed, that the average cost over-run is as high as 1,382 per cent in major irrigation projects and 325 per cent in medium projects.

But States continue to look at big dams to resolve their water crises. According to Central Water Commission (CWC) data, presented by the Ministry of Water Resources in December 2018, there are 5,701 large dams in India of which 5,264 are completed and 437 are under construction.

News item/letter/article/editorial Published on 21:02.2019 in the

Hindustan Times Statesman The Time of India (New Delhi) Indian Express Tribune

Hindustan (Hindi) Nav Bharat Times (Hindi) Punjab Keshari (Hindi) The Hindu (New Delhi) Rajasthan Patrika (Hindi)

Deccan Chronicle Deccan Herald The Times of India (A) Business standard The Economic Times

and documented at Bhagirath (English) & Publicity Section, CWC

नदी किनारे बसे गांवों को बाढ़ से बचाने के लिए उपकरण लगेंगे



देहरादन मनमीत

उत्तर प्रदेश और बिहार समेत उत्तर और पर्वोत्तर के प्रदेशों को बाढ़ के कहर से बचाने के लिए एक बड़ी परियोजना बन रही है। इसके तहत नदी किनारे के गांवों और शहरों में बाढ़ की अग्रिम सचना देने वाले उपकरण लगाए जाएंगे। नेशनल वॉटर इंफॉरमेशन सिस्टम 2024 तक तैयार हो जाएगा। इससे कई जगहों पर बाढ की सटीक सचना चार दिन पहले भी

मिल सकेगी और लोगों को समय पर सरक्षित ठिकानों तक पहुंचाने का वक्त मिल जाएगा।

थीडी सर्वे मंत्रालय को सौंपा जाएगा: वर्ल्ड बैंक द्वार वित्त पोषित नेशनल हाइडोलॉजी प्रोजेक्ट के तहत सर्वे ऑफ इंडिया इस पुरी परियोजना का थ्रीडी सर्वे 2020 तक पुरा कर मंत्रालय को सौंप देगा। पिछले साल अकेले यपी में ही 225 से ज्यादा लोगों की बाद में डबने से मौत हो गई थी। असल में. मौसम विभाग ये तो पर्वानमान लगा देता है कि संबंधित डलाकों में भारी बारिश होगी और बाढ की समस्या हो सकती है। इस बात का पर्वानमान नहीं लग पाता है कि कितना पानी गांव और शहरों में प्रवेश करेगा।



अभी पोजेवट यपी-बिहार में दन में सर्वे ऑफ इंडिया आए केंद्रीय जल संसाधन मंत्रालय के वरिष्ठ संयुक्त आयुक्त नीरज कुमार मांगलिक ने बताया कि प्रोजेक्ट अभी उप्र, बिहार और नॉर्थ-ईस्ट में शुरू हो रहा है। इसके बाद परे देश में लाग होगा। इसके लिए वर्ल्ड बैंक ने 3640 करोड़ रुपये की वित्तीय सहायता की है।

३९ इकाइयां और संस्थान कर रहे काम

समस्या के महेनजर दस केंद्रीय संस्थान और उत्तर प्रदेश, बिहार, पूर्वोत्तर राज्यों की ३९ वैज्ञानिक इकाई और संस्थान मिलकर 'नेशनल हाइडोलॉजी प्रोजेक्ट' पर काम कर रहे हैं। इसमें सबसे महत्वपूर्ण योगदान सर्वे ऑफ इंडिया का है।

एक बहुत बड़े हिस्से का जल संकट खत्म वाटर शिपिंटग की जाएगी

नहीं होगा जल संकट

नेशनल हाइड्रोलॉजी प्रोजेक्ट दुनिया की पहली ऐसी परियोजना है, जो भारत के

कर देगी।

केंद्रीय जल संसाधन मंत्रालय के वरिष्ट आयुक्त नीरज कुमार मांगलिक बताते हैं कि.केंद्रीय जल बोर्ड के जरिए हमें ये डाटा मिल जाएगा कि इन इलाकों में अंडर वॉटर लेवल कितना है। सर्वे ऑफ डेंडिया के थी डी वॉटर लेवलिंग से पता चलेगा कि नदियों में कहां पर कितना गहरा पानी है। इससे जहां पर गहरा रुका पानी होगा वहां से वॉटर शिपिंटग की जा सकती है।

Hindustan Times Statesman The Time of India (New Delhi) Indian Express Tribune

Hindustan (Hindi) Nav Bharat Times (Hindi) Punjab Keshari (Hindi) The Hindu (New Delhi) Rajasthan Patrika (Hindi)

Deccan Chronicle
Deccan Herald
The Times of India (A)
Business standard
The Economic Times

and documented at Bhagirath (English) & Publicity Section, CWC

Dainik Jagran,

यमुना में वापस लाएंगे पाक जा रहा पानी : गडकरी

जासं, यागपतः चेंद्रीय सड़क परिवहनं, पोत परिवहनं, जल संसाधनं, नदी विकास व गंगा संख्वण मंत्री नितिन गड़करी ने कहा कि पाकिस्तान जाने वाली तीन नवियों में से एक का पानी वापस यमुना में लाया जाएगा। इससे यमुना पानी से लवालव हो जाएगा। इससे यमुना पानी से लवालव हो जाएगा। इससे यमुना पानी से लवालव हो जाएगा। उप्र के बागपत में उन्होंने 471 करोड़ की लागत से बागपत-मेरठ हाईवे व बागपत नगर के सीवेज ट्रीटमेंट प्तांट का शिलान्यास किया।

खारापत में श्री कृष्ण इंटर कॉलेज बालेनी में किसान धन्यवाद रैली में उन्होंने अफ़्त साल तक गंगा में जलमार्ग फ़रवहन 80 लाख टन से बढ़ाकर 280 लाख टन करने, वाराणसी से प्रयागराज और हिल्द्रिया तक नाव चलवाने, यमुना जलमार्ग से खागपत की चीनी सीधे बांग्लादेश और प्यामार तक पहुँचाने का एलान किया।इसके पूर्व उन्होंने यहां 471 करोड़ की लागत से बागपत-मेरठ हाईवे ब बागपत नगर के सीवेज ट्रीटमेंट प्लांट का शिलान्यास किया। मेरठ में उन्होंने साढ़े छह हजार करोड़ की बोजनाओं का शिलान्यास किया।कार्यक्रम में उन्होंने कहा कि नदियों में जलगार्ग विकसित कर मेरठ प्रयाग से वाराणसी तक अंगले माह से चलेगी वाटर एयर कापट, गंगा नदी को निर्मल करने के लिए इकालॉजिक कार्यवल बनाया

को भी प्रवागराज से जोड़ा जा सकता है। काली और हिंडन जैसी नदियों से वाटर एयर क्राफ्ट से दिल्ली महज 17 मिनट में पहुंच सकते हैं। मुरादाबाद में उन्होंने नए भारत के निर्माण के लिए पविष्य की परियोजनाओं का खाका प्रस्तत करते हए कहा कि चाराणसी से प्रसुप्रराज तक 80 किमी प्रति घंटे की रफ्तार से वाटर एंयर क्राफ्ट अगले माह से चलेगी। ध उन्होंने बताया कि अगले वर्ष मार्च तक गंगा निमंल और अविरल हो जाएगी। पूर्व सैनिकों को जोड़कर इकालोजिक कार्यवल नाम से चार वर्षों के लिए बटालियन बनाई गई है, जो वाराणासी, कानपुर और प्रयाग में काम करेगी। वाराणसी से हल्दिया तक 5.70 करोड़ का जल मार्ग बना रहे हैं, लगभग पुरा हो चुका है, जो भाजीपुर तक जुड़ेगा। दिख्ली से मुंबई के लिए सड़क भाग का काम हाई वर्ष में परा करने का एलान किया।